









# NEWS FROM SOVIET-OCCUPIED LITHUANIA

# LITHUANIAN ACTIVITIES HERE AND ELSEWHERE

# LITHS IN THE SERVICE

# Liberated Prisoners

## A) General Characteristics of the Second Soviet Occupation

News from reliable sources confirms the reports of Soviet terror, executions, and deportations. On July 30, 1944, the first blood-bath is said to have been organized at Zarasai. The officials and clerks of the local institutions and the families of the rebels of 1941 were tortured and executed. Women and children were compelled to watch this crime. Further executions were organized at Utena, Vilnius, Daugaliai, Deguciai, Salakas, Dusetai, Antalieptis, Kamajai, Svedasai, Daugai, Varena, Siauliai, Rumsiskas, Jonava, Ukmerge, Kupiskas, and Rokiskas. All the population found in the Leliunai, Moletai, and Daugai parishes were shot. Only a small number who were in hiding managed to escape the massacre.

Lithuanian sources state that at several places near Panevezys and Kedainiai the local population was ordered to dig up the bodies of the communists who had been executed by the Germans. After the exhumation, executed Lithuanians were buried in the same graves. There are repeated reports of mass deportations to Siberia. The figure 83,000 is often mentioned as an estimate of persons deported during the second Soviet occupation.

Mobilization for the Red Army was proclaimed by the Soviets as soon as they entered Lithuania. This involved all men born in the years 1908 to 1926. It is estimated that only about 30 percent of the men who were called up appeared for registration. Reports indicate that communication facilities in Lithuania, disrupted by the Nazi-Soviet warfare, are still in a bad state of repair. Horses and carts owned by farmers living near the more important localities are being confiscated for military purposes. Every community, isolated from the larger centers, lives its own life. The inhabitants of the country are fed on all sorts of rumor. Though two Lithuanian newspapers, *Tarybu Lietuva* (Soviet Lithuania) and *Tiesa* (Truth), are published in Vilnius, they rarely reach the provincial towns and villages since transportation is poor. All the good radio sets were confiscated some time ago, and the people are allowed to possess the most primitive radio receivers only.

Soviet authorities are still examining the identification documents of the entire population. It is reported that on Laisves Aleja (Freedom Avenue), main street of Kaunas, passers-by are being stopped and asked for their documents the whole day long.

After its experience under three consecutive occupations, the nation's determination to fight foreign enslavement has strengthened. Their achievements during the uprising of 1941 and their stubborn resistance against the Germans have given the Lithuanians increased

self-confidence. It is stated that the patriotic partisan movement in Lithuania has become so strong that in December, 1944, they set free the town of Ukmerge and kept it under their control for three days. When Russian forces approached Ukmerge, these Lithuanian patriot fighters took to the woods. The morale of the Lithuanian people is unbroken. In many places in Lithuania Soviet authorities are unable to organize local Communist committees, for the persons appointed by them are usually found dead the following night. The Soviets, unable to find the necessary number of collaborators, have been forced to appoint several non-Communists to relatively important municipal positions.

## B) Soviet Broadcasts in Lithuania from Vilnius in February, 1945

Reports about events on the Eastern front are broadcast every day—except on those days when the Vilnius radio station does not function, which has happened quite often of late; indeed, several times weekly. During its "working days" the Vilnius station transmits war news, Communist propaganda, and Russian music. Often Russian songs and vulgar couplets are sung. In their broadcasts the Soviets try to give the impression that they are interested in Lithuanian problems. However, their listeners are well aware that this is merely propaganda, since the broadcasts completely neglect Lithuanian political or cultural interests. The broadcasts deal with local matters only so far as to instill into the minds of the listeners that their country is incorporated into the Soviet Union forever, and that they could cease to think of Lithuanian independence. Such propaganda, however, has an effect quite opposite from that intended, as is proved by direct information from Lithuania.

On February 5 the announcer read a communique about some slight amendments which aim at the centralization of control to be made to the so-called "Soviet Lithuanian Constitution." The frequent mention of Russians appointed to office proves the Soviet determination to Russify Lithuania. Among new appointments broadcast on February 5, the announcer mentioned, for example, Ponomarev, a Russian, as the Commissar for Lithuanian Forests. The announcer also stated that Paleckis, head of the Soviet puppet government, had decorated some "distinguished Lithuanians" with Soviet orders and medals. However, their names, such as Morozov, Kapralov, etc., sounded completely Russian.

Instructors of Communist youth circles, Russians such as Loza, Mironov, and Mrs. Stroll, have become famous throughout Lithuania as zealous organizers and in a broadcast on February 7 were mentioned as having devoted themselves to the task of the "liquidation of the former agricultural system in Lithuania."

Lithuanian-Americans all over the United States showed concern over the future of Lithuania in the light of the United Nations Conference deliberations at San Francisco. Mass meetings were held, and resolutions were adopted, expressing concern over current developments in Lithuania and the hope that Lithuania's rights to freedom would be respected.

Two main Lithuanian-American organizations—the Lithuanian-American Council and the Lithuanian-American Mission—sent observers to the San Francisco Conference deliberations where they met press representatives and presented memoranda defending Lithuania's rights to freedom to members of the American delegation to the Conference.

In many Lithuanian-American communities impressive religious services dedicated to the restoration of Lithuania were held. One such service was that in the Roman Catholic Cathedral of Boston on April 22, 1945. The Archbishop of Boston, the Rev. R. J. Cushing, D. D., delivered the sermon, which was transmitted over the radio. About four thousand persons attended. Among the distinguished guests were Senator David I. Walsh and Anthony O. Shallna, Consul of Lithuania in Boston. In Chicago the service held on May 13, 1945, at the Holy Name Cathedral was presided over, and addressed by, the Archbishop of Chicago, the Rev. Samuel A. Stritch. The sermon in the Lithuanian language was given by Father K. Barauskas, Lithuanian refugee priest. About sixty priests and more than one hundred convent sisters participated.

Lithuanian organizations in Brazil sent a telegram, dated April 14, 1945, to Getulio Vargas, President of Brazil, petitioning that Lithuania's rights to freedom be upheld at the San Francisco conference.

Lithuanians in various European countries are doing everything possible to extend assistance to their compatriots who are refugees from the Nazi and Soviet occupations of Lithuania. Lithuanian relief organizations exist in France and in occupied Germany. It is reported that Soviet agents are at work among the refugees, trying to induce them to return to the Soviet "paradise." However, few Lithuanians can be intimidated into letting the Soviet red star be painted on their sleeves.

Baltic refugee students in Sweden are receiving financial aid, according to the *News from Sweden* Bulletin of April 25, 1945. We quote:

Through the International Students Relief Committee 280,000 kronor have been collected to support students of non-Scandinavian nationality who have sought refuge in Sweden. Most of this sum has been used to provide scholarships at Swedish institutions, and about 100 students have been aided, the majority from the Baltic States.

The same Bulletin says in its issue of April 4, 1945:

Russians claim ownership of some 700 vessels of all types in which refugees from the Baltic States reached Sweden, according to a report in *Dagens Nyheter*. Total value of the ships is estimated to be about 3,000,000 kronor.

## TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF LITHUANIA

On May 15, 1920, an event of great significance to the Lithuanian nation took place: the Constituent Assembly (Steigiamasis Seimas) of the reconstituted Lithuanian State convened in Kaunas. In May, 1945, the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Assembly was commemorated by many Lithuanian-American colonies in the United States.

Preparations for elections to the Constituent Assembly began in the midst of Lithuania's wars of independence, while the actual elections took place on April 14 and 15, 1920. One candidate was elected for every 15,000 inhabitants. Lists of candidates were drawn up by political parties and by national minority groups. All men and women from the age of twenty-one and soldiers from seventeen years of age were eligible to vote. The Lithuanian candidates received almost 92 percent of all votes cast; 8 percent went to the minority groups. The elections, based on a proportional system, were universal, direct, equal, and secret. One hundred and twelve deputies were thus elected by the free will of the nation.

On that historic day when the Constituent Assembly convened for the first time, the entire nation rejoiced. Prayers of thanks, giving were offered in churches throughout the country. In Kaunas the President of the Republic took part in a solemn ceremony: the planting of young oak trees, symbols of the reborn Lithuanian state.

In its first session, on May 15, 1920, the Assembly unanimously reaffirmed the Declaration of Independence made by the Lithuanian National Council on February 16, 1918, in the following terms:

The Constituent Assembly of Lithuania, expressing the will of the Lithuanian people, proclaims the restitution of the Independent Lithuanian State as a democratic republic within its ethnographical boundaries and free from all ties which formerly existed with other states.

In his address to the Assembly on that occasion Antanas Smetona, first President of Lithuanian Republic, said in part:

The (Lithuanian) Convention of Vilnius in 1905 proclaimed honorably and publicly that no one has the right to speak in the name of Lithuania and of the Lithuanian nation except the people of the country themselves.

The ideal of Lithuanian independence, which arose from the very soul of the nation, grew ever stronger until the great world upheaval when the enslaving states fell, and on their ruins a new life for free nations began.

The Constituent Assembly remained in session for over two years. Among its great accomplishments were the enactment of a democratic constitution and the promulgation of agrarian reform. The latter was of cardinal importance in the life of the Lithuanian state, since about 40 percent of the land then belonged to "large landowners."

It may be mentioned that many of the deputies of the Constituent Assembly, as well as deputies chosen in subsequent elections, were deported to Siberia in 1941 by the Soviet occupants of Lithuania. Among the deportees was Aleksandras Stulginskis, President of the Constituent Assembly and second President of the Lithuanian Republic.

The achievements of the Con-

## FETES VETERAN OF WORLD WAR II

St. Ann's Sr. Choir, Luzerne, Pa., recently honored one of its choir members, Charles Aiducevage, honorably discharged Veteran of World War II at a banquet. Mr. Aiducevage, inducted into service in the year 1943, served one year in the States, also one year overseas. He arrived in Normandy on D Day and served in three major battles. He was seriously wounded in Germany on November 29, 1944. He received the Purple Heart, Unit Citation, Good Conduct Ribbon and also the E.T.O. He was honorably discharged March 28, 1945. He was an active member and a soloist of St. Ann's Sr. Choir for a number of years.

Toastmaster for the luncheon was Mr. V. G. Machinist; invocations—Rev. J. Kundreckas; Guest speakers—Rev. J. Cronin, organist J. Varaitis, Pres. of the organization; Benediction—Rev. J. Cronin. Soloists were Miss Irene Urbanovich and Mrs. Anna Baltrushaitis, accompanied by organist J. Varaitis. Many friends and relatives attended the banquet. The guest of honor was presented with a wallet. His wife is the former Miss Helen Gober of Swoyerville.

J. Urbanovich, Scribe

## LT. KUPSTAS CITED FOR PART IN BATTLE

First Lieutenant Benjamin Kupstas, husband of the former Ruth Hally, 68 Westminster St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa., has been commended for directing his 348th Truck Company during the breakthrough into Germany during part of which action the truck company members dismounted and fought by the side of the men whom they were transporting. The citation has been authorized by Major General John W. Leonard, Col. F. H. Boos and Lt. Col. Tom C. Morris, commanders of the 38th Infantry Regiment.

This truck company was commanded by Lt. Kupstas until he was wounded in action on or about April 2, 1945. He was a member of the Wilkes-Barre Record news room staff prior to entering service. He is now on military leave. His parents live on Woodbury street, Hanover Township.

## Osmanski Aids Ex-Trade Boy

Corp. Charlie Gildauskas, U. S. Marine Corp., former Worcester (Mass.) State Trade School football star, met Lt. William (Bullet Bill) Osmanski recently on Okinawa. It was a fortunate meeting for Corp. Gildauskas, as he has been wounded and awaiting transportation by plane to a hospital. Osmanski, learning the young marine was from Worcester, Mass., immediately arranged to have him placed on the next plane.

Gildauskas writes, "I saw this officer who looked familiar, so I approached him when I told him my name, he began talking in Lithuanian to me. Next thing I knew—he got me a blanket, drove me to the airport in a jeep, and took me right up to the Flight Officer and had him put my name down for the next plane."

The Worcester boy had another "lucky break" when he met his brother, John, a machinist mate in the navy, for the first time in two years. He described

stuent Assembly of Lithuania and of the Assemblies of Latvia and Estonia bear witness to the political maturity and the democratic spirit of the Baltic nations, in contrast to Russia, whose Constituent Assembly was unceremoniously dispersed by Vladimir Lenin.

his wound as not serious, a bullet through the shoulder and added, "by the look of things—everybody in the 6th Division will have the Purple Heart."

## Honorably Discharged

Honorably discharged after 40 months in the South Pacific, Staff Sgt. Clement B. Degutis, of 1287 North Washington St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa., has returned home. He was one of the first of our troops to arrive in Australia. Four Bronze Stars for major battles were earned during campaign in the Northern Solomons, Bismarck Archipelago, and at Leyte in the Philippines. He is entitled to wear the American Defense Ribbon, Good Conduct Medal, Asiatic and Pacific Campaign Ribbons. Sgt. Degutis enlisted in 1939. He has a brother, Pfc. Joseph Degutis, who fought in Italy, France and Germany with Anti-Air-Craft Units. Staff Sgt. Degutis' father is Charles Degutis, of 1287 No. Washington St., Parsons section. His mother, was the late Margaret (Baltrusaitis) Degutis. Pfc. Degutis has been in the service for the past 2½ years.

## Kazloskas is Liberated

Staff Sgt. Edward Kazloskas, son of Mrs. Anna Kazloskas, of 44 North River St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa., has been liberated from a German "prisoner of war" camp, and has returned to this country for a furlough, before entering an Army Rest Camp for treatment. Staff Sgt. Kazloskas was captured by the Germans on January 21st, 1944. He was a Radioman and Gunner on a Flying Fortress—that was shot down on a raid over Germany in January, 1944.

## Johnny Stepsis Promoted

Johnny Stepsis announces he has been awarded the sublime degree of Private First Class—which in the Engineers, calls for an endurance test consisting of several exercises. One is to provide a bridge for "ammo" trucks by lying in a stream and letting the vehicles run over your back.

Johnny's wife, Anna, will be proud to know the boys at the South Works (Worcester, Mass.) and the Lith. Club, plan a welcome home for him—as soon as he is able to be spared. Now that the censor has partly lifted, Johnny is free to let us in on a closely guarded secret, here it is, "the German beer is lousy!"

Staff Sgt. John J. Blazis, of 32 Laurel St., Plains, Pa., Ordnance man in a veteran B-24 Liberator Group, has been authorized to wear an Oak Leaf Cluster to the Distinguished Unit Badge as a member of a Heavy Bombardment Group which has been twice cited by the War Department. Sgt. Blazis entered the Army in January, 1942, at New Cumberland. He received his training at Harvard, Nebraska. Prior to entering the Army, he was employed by Duplan Silk Company. His sister, Mrs. Mary Flynn, lives at the Plains address.

Pfc. Stanley J. Bornatavicius, who lived at 22 Columbia St., Worcester, Mass., when he went into the service on Feb. 18, 1942, was 25-years-old on June 27, and he was shown in a local paper—swapping his foreign money for good old U. S. currency aboard ship—as it pulled in to New York harbor from Europe recently. His two friends who were also "in on the swapping" were Pfc. Joseph DiFrancisco and Pfc. Alexander Jones, both of Lawrence, Mass. Pfc. Bornatavicius worked for Wyman-Gordon Company in Worcester.

— Sgt. Ernest G. Balsis, U. S. Army, son of Vincent Balsis, of 117 Black Rock Ave., Bridgeport, Conn.

— Second Lt. Vincent A. Morkus, U. S. Army, son of Mrs. William Morkus, of 142 Seymour St., Hartford, Conn.

— Corp. Charles G. Lizauskas, U. S. Army, son of Mrs. Rose Lizauskas, of 112 Park Terrace, Waterbury, Conn.

— Corp. Paul Yonkaitis, of 92 Magazine St., Newark, N. J., is one of a group of six pals of pre-war days in Newark who found themselves still together when the fighting was over in Germany. All are members of the 631st Engineers Light Equipment Company. Their company holds the Meritorious Service Plaque.

Pfc. Walter Meizenis, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., returned home on furlough from the Fifth Army in Italy. Pfc. Meizenis, who entered the Army on April 28th, 1943, served as a Canoner in Company C of the 916th Field Artillery Battalion, 91st "Powder River" Division. His mother Mrs. Sadie Meizenis, lives at 29 Kado St., Wilkes-Barre.

Ernest J. Nevulis, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Nevulis, of 365 Church St., New Britain, Conn., stationed overseas (according to last reports), has been awarded the Expert Combat Infantry Badge, and has been promoted to the rank of Sergeant.

Tech. Sgt. Francis A. Kilinskas, 410 Putnam St., Scranton, Pa., was one of a group of ten (10) Pennsylvania soldiers who were Honorably Discharged from the Army on Thursday, May 31st, through the separation center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

V. A. Klimas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Klimas, of 82 Franklin St., New Britain, Ct., was commissioned an Ensign at the U. S. Maritime Service Officers School, at New London, Conn., on May 29th, 1945. He received a Third Assistant Engineer's license.

J. R. D.

## MISS B. RAMOSKA TO SING IN NEW YORK PROGRAM

(Opera listeners—please notice)

Birutta Romoska, Hartford (Conn.) soprano, now in New York, will appear as soloist with the New York Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra at Lewisohn Stadium on July 25th and 26th in Beethoven's Ninth Symphony under the direction of Fabian Sevitsky, according to Miss Ramoska's manager, Reginald S. Tonry.

Previous to her New York appearance, Miss Ramoska will tour the Middle-West in recital, and on July 11th will be featured with the Detroit Symphony Orchestra. On July 29th, she will be heard over the Columbia Broadcasting Network from New York—on the "Voices of Song" program.

For August, Miss Ramoska has been invited to Chatauga (N. Y.) by the Festival Association, where she will sing the title role in "Rosolinda." Later in the summer, she will appear with the Buffalo Philharmonic Orchestra.

J. R. D.

VISI LIETUVIAI TEVAI MALONIAI PRAŠOMI SAVO VAIKUS LEISTI J  
**MARIANAPOLIO HIGH SCHOOL IR KOLEGIJA THOMPSON, CONNECTICUT**

TAI VIENINTELE MOKYKLA LIETUVIAMS BERNIUKAMS SIAME KRASTE. Ji buvo įsteigta 1926 metais ir jau yra išleidusi daugiau kaip 1100 mokinių.  
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 Mokyklas šiais metais prasidės rugsėjo 5 diena.  
 Tėvai lietuviai kviečiami jau dabar įrašyti savo vaikus į Marianapolio High School ar Kolegiją. Kuriems arčiau, tie yra prabomi užsivaiuoti, apžiūrėti mokyklą, gauti papildomą žinią.  
 Visų informacijų reikalais kreiptis šiuo adresu: REGISTRAR, Marianapolis College, Thompson, Conn.

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# VIETINĖS ŽINIOS

SUSIZIEDAVO SU JOREIVIU



P. LĖ VIKTORIJA SAVULYTĖ

Mrs. Angela Savulienė, 117 Lackawanna Avenue, Duryea, Pa., praneša, kad jos daktė p-lė Viktorija susižiedavo su pirmos klasės (S 1/c) jūreivių Albertu Navakauskū, sūnum Mr. ir Mrs. Edvardo Navakauskū, 138 Stephenson St., Duryea. P-lė Savulytė lankė Larksville High School ir gyvena pas savo brolių, Duryea šv. Juozapo parapijos kleboną, kunigą J. L. Savulį. Jos sužadėtinis jūreivis Alb. Navakauskas lankė Duryea High School; militarišė jėgos jau išstarnavo pustrėčių metų.

### LANKESI

Antradienį, liepos 3-čią lankėsi Mr. ir Mrs. Markelioniai iš Bostono. Jie čia viešėjo pas savo gimines Markelionius, gyvenančius Kingstone.

Ketvirtadienį, liepos 5-tą, su LRKSA išdo globėju muziku Petru Karašausku lankėsi klierikas Leonardas Poznanskis iš Plymouth, Pa. Klierikas L. Poznanskis baigia dvasinius mokslus ir bene šį rudenį (lapkričio mėnesį) bus išvestas kunigu. Jis mokosi Mt. St. Mary's seminarijoje, Emmitsburg, Md.

Penktadienį, liepos 6-tą, lankėsi LRKSA 17 kuopos narys lakūnas leit. Vincas Skurkis, kuris

atostogauja ir vieši pas savo tėvus, Mr. ir Mrs. A. Skurkius, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Vincas yra dalyvavęs daugybę atakų prieš fašistus ir nacius.

Pirmadienį, liepos 9-tą, lankėsi kunigas J. Gaudinskas ir kun. Gibas iš New Philadelphia, Pa. Svečiai pranešė, kad Saldžiausios širdies V. Jėzaus parapija stropiai rengiasi prie jubiliejaus, kuris įvyks rugsėjo mėnesį.

A. a. Andr. Ramanauskas, gyv. 24 Fourth St., Larksville, numirė liepos 6-tą, palaidotas liepos 9-tą iš Plymouth'o šv. Kazimiero bažnyčios parapijos kapinėse. Muhlensburg. Paliko žmoną, dukterį, brolių ir tris anūkus.

### LUZERNE

#### METINIS ŠVENTOS ONOS PARAPIJOS KERMOSIUS



KUN. KLEBONAS J. C. KUNDRECKAS.

metinio parapijos kermosiaus rengimo k-to garbės pirmsėdis

Metinis šv. Onos parapijos kermosius prasidės liepos 23. baigsis liepos 28. Vyks bažnytiniam kieme, Upper Bennett St., Luzerne.

Klebonas kun. J. C. Kundreckas ir rengimo komitetas kviečia parapijiečius ir svečius gausingai lankyti bazarą, išmėginti savo giliukį prie įvairių lošių su vertingomis dovanomis.

### NOVENA Į SV. ONĄ

Antradienį, liepos 17-tą, mūsų bažnyčioje prasidės 9 dienų novena į parapijos globėją šventą Oną. Baigsis trečiadienį, liepos 25-tą.

Pamaldos rytais 7:30 ir 8:00 val., vakarais 7:30 val.

Noveną ves vienas iš tėvų pranciškonų.

Klebonas ir misijonierius kviečia kuo gausingiausia lankyti į Novenos pamaldas.

### SCRANTON

#### M. TALKEVICIENE SVEIKSTA

LRKSA 155-tos kuopos ilgamčio sekretoriaus P. Talkevičiaus žmona turėjo sunkią operaciją Mercy ligoninėje. Jos padėtis gerėja.

Linkime kuo greičiausia pasveikti! Rap

### LIODNAS TREMTINIO LAISKAS

Viena šeima, gyvenanti Wilkes-Barre, Pa., gavo laišką nuo savo gimtinačio K. P. Lietuvos tremtinio, dabar esančio amerikiečių okupuotoje Vokietijos zonoje, kuris tarp ko kito rašo:

"Visi artimi giminės sakė važiuos arkliais į Vokietiją. Ar jie spėjo pabėgti nuo bolsėviku, tai nežinau. Mes jau pažistame bolsėvikus iš pirmo užėjimo, kaip jie kad sakė išlaisvino Lietuvą... Tai trumpai sakant, kur jie užėina, tai tikrai išlaisvina žudo, neišskiriant senų, užaugusių ir vaikų. O kas dar nežino ir nematė, tai ir netiki, ką čia sako. Aš gal pasiūsiu mažą dailelę aprašymų—knygą 'Kaip jėmus sušaudė.' Deje, toje knygoje nėra nei pusės, ką aš pate žinau ir ką iš kitų girdėjau.

Dabar nieko nežinom, kur lietuvius veš. Dieve, neduok, jeigu vežtų į Rusiją pas bolsėvikus, arba į Lietuvą, jeigu ten jie šeiminkaus. Nei vienas lietuvis latvis, estas, lenkas ir dauguma pačių rusų savo noru nevažiuos. Nes yra tik vienas trumpas atsakymas: važiuoti, tai reikią kryželį... Bet ir kryželį ne kiekvienas gaus—suvers į kokią duobę, kad niekas nerastų. Taip jie darė, kai be karo įėjo į Lietuvą. Siautė raudonasis teroras, siautė enkavadistai, čekistai, ką jie norėjo, tai ir darė... Ką pergyveno lietuviai, latviai, estai, lenkai ir kiti, kur užėjo bolsėvikai!... Jie išklėjo žmones, kaip ūkininkas išklėjo rugius..."

### NEW HAVEN CONN.

#### Sugrįžę Mūsų Kolonijos Kariai

Birželio 24 d. lankėsi šv. Kazimiero bažnyčioje leit. Jonas Baltrušis, kuris po 27 mėnesių kovos Italijoje ir kituose Europos kraštuose išliko sveikas ir laimingai sugrįžo pas savo žmoną ir tėvelius. Leitenantas J. Baltrušis apdovanotas keliais medaliais už pasiūlymus kovų metu. Šiuo tarpu jis apstotė karo ligoninėje dėl patikrinimo sveikatos ir neužilgo sugrįš poilsui pas savo žmoną ir tėvelius.

Liepos 1 d. išėjęs iš bažnyčios visi apstojo ir sveikino sgt. Praną Bakaitį, kuris laimingai sugrįžo iš Anglijos (po kelių metų dalyvavimo karo veiksmuose). Prano tėveliai Augustas ir Domielė Bakaičiai džiaugiasi susilaukę savo vienturčio sūnaus ir dėkoja Dievui už tokią malonę.

Sveikinam sugrįžusius karius ir linkim laimingai pailsėti.

Su liepos 1 d. prasidėjo B. A. L. F. rūbų rinkimo vaju, kuris tęsis per 3 mėnesius. Tikima, kad mūsų kolonijos lietuviai ir šiame vajuje atliks savo uždavinį garbingai, kaip ir praeitame vajuje. Kasgi gali būti prakilnesnio, kaip atlikti mielaširdingą darbą pridengiant savo tautietį, arba mažytėlį, kuris net nežino, kodėl jis turi kentėti šaltį ir badą be pastogės, be vietos kur atsiguulti. Taigi mes gyvendami laisvam krašte ir dar dirbdami pasistengkim pagal savo išgalės savo atliekamais rūbais pridengti savo nelaimingus brolius ir seses ištrėmime.

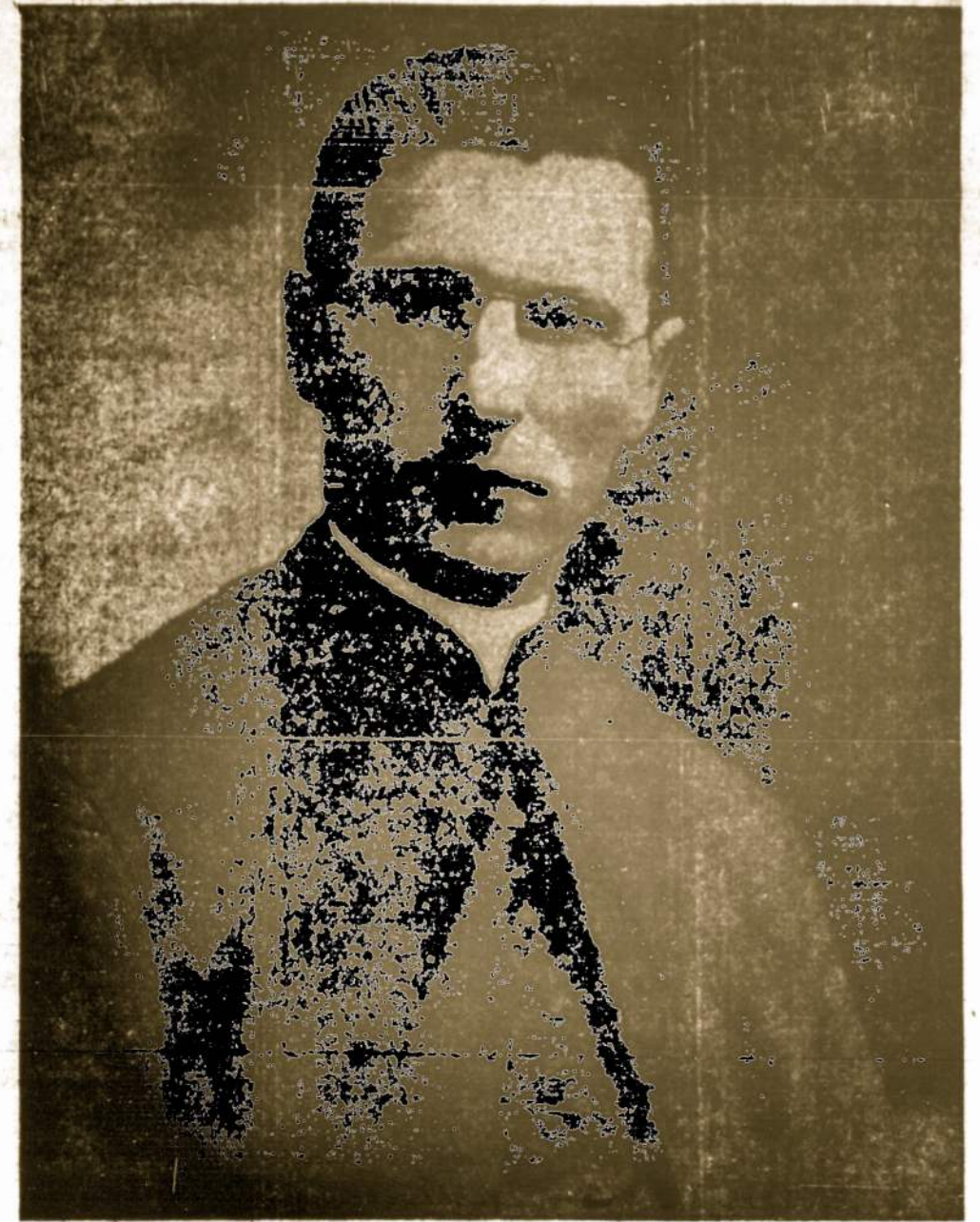
Rūbus galima sunėsti į parapijos svetainę, kur jie bus priimami ir tvarkomi dėl persiuntimo į nurodytą vietą.

Šiuo tarpu serga sąjungietė Antanina Tiskienė, kuri randasi savo namuose.

Taipgi serga Apollonija Sidlauskienė, Giminas, džiaugės ir pažintami linki ir savo maldose prašo, kad Dievas sustiprintų abidvi ligones.

Liepos 15 d. įvyks svarbus Moterų Sąjungos 33 kuopos susirinkimas tuojau po sumos parapijos svetainėje. Visos narės prašomos atsilankyti, nes šiame susirinkime reikės išrinkti atstovę į būsimą Moterų Sąjungos seimą.

# Milžiniškas Scrantų Švento Juozapo Parapijos BAZARAS-PIKNIKAS



KLEBONAS PRELATAS J. V. MILIAUSKAS. Bazarų-Pikniko Rengimo Komiteto Garbės Pirmininkas

Pirmadienį, liepos 23-čią, šv. Juozapo parapijos darže prasidės vienas gražiausių ir linksmiausių bazarų ir piknikų, nes jį rengia parapija, vadovaujant klebonui prelatui J. V. Miliauskui, kun. Jurgiu Andriūškai, kuris yra rengimo komiteto pirmininkas, ir muzikui Alfonsui Bulevičiui, kuris yra rengimo k-to vice pirmininkas.

Bazarų-pikniką pradėsime liepos 23-čią ir bus kiekvieną vakarą; baigsis liepos 28-tą.

Klebonas prelatas J. V. Miliauskas ir jo asistentai tikisi, kad minėtomis dienomis visi ir iš visur keliai ir takeliai visus ir visas ves į parapijos daržą, kur bus įdomybių-įdomybės.

Tik įsitęmkite šį svarbų dalyką. Kadangi šis bazaras-piknikas yra vienatinis parengimas šios

parapijos šiais metais ir jo visas pelnas skiriamas parapijos naujai, tad verta, kad visi kuo gausingiausia dalyvautų ir paremtų, nes kaip tik šiuo laiku, brangūs parapijiečiai, gerai žinote, mūsų parapijoje eina įvairūs remonto darbai. Parama visu parapijiečių labai reikalinga.

Kiekvieną vakarą bus muzika; jaunimas ir seneliai galės linksintis. Visi, kurie atsilankys į šį bazarų-pikniką, jiems nereiks nuobodžiauti. Bus pagaminta skaniausių užkandžių, kuriais paskirti asmenys vaisius susirinkusius svetelius.

Bazarė-piknike bus lošių ir dovanų, kurios bus begalo didelės ir brangios. Kiekvienas, jaunas ar senas, kuris tik atvyks, turės progos išlaimėti dovanų—brangių, gražių ir naudingų. Visi iki

vieno galės savo giliukį išmėginti ir laimėti; be abejonės, bus ir party, kurioje bus galima linksmai praleisti laiką.

Žodžiu, linksmumo nei vienam nepritrūks—vaisinsimės, žaisime, dainuosime. Bet svarbių svarbiausia, kad visi parapijiečiai gausingiausia dalyvautų ir remtų savo vienatinį šį metų parengimą—šv. Juozapo parapijos 1945 metų bazarų-pikniką.

Visko, kas dės šiam bazare-piknike, negalima išpaskoti. Šis bazaras-piknikas bus daug įdomesnis ir įvairesnis, negu iki šiol buvusieji bazarai ir piknikai.

Kurie tik norite linksmai praleisti laiką, dalyvaukite šiame šv. Juozapo parapijos bazare-piknike.

### BALTIMORE, MD.

#### Nepamirškime a. a. Kun. Lietuvniko

Liepos 22-ą suėdė du metai, kaip numirė išėvijios patriarka ir 50 metų klebonavęs šv. Alfonso parapijoje a. a. kun. Juozas Lietuvnikas. Šiemet mirties diena pripuola sekmadienį, tad 7 val. ryto bus atšaukiamas mišios už kun. Lietuvniko vėlę. Per visą savaitę bent vienos mišios kasdien bus aukojamos už jo vėlę. Gaila tik, kad Klierikų Fondas, renkamas kun. Lietuvniko atminčiai, nėra užtektinai Baltimorės lietuvių įvertinamas. Jau du metai po mirties, o surinkta tik nepilnai \$5,000. Kun. dr. Mendelis praneša, kad paskūčiausia ponia Magdalena Kleitonienė aukojo \$50.00 šiam garbingam tikslui. Būtinai reikalinga sukelti dar \$5,000, kad fondas pradėtų veikti, kad nuošimčiai nuo pinigų padėtų apmokėti už mokesčius ir valgi jaunūloje, kuris rengiasi į kunigišką luomą. Kun. Mendelis prašo visų, kurie dar neaukojo, kad pasiskubintų prisidėti prie šio reikalingo darbo.

#### Grįžo Mokyklon

Jonas Maskevičius, Kazimieras Pūgevičius ir Juozas Antoševičiai, trys mūsų parapijos jaunikai, pirmadienį, liepos 2-ą, grįžo šv. Karolio seminarijon tėti toliau savo kunigiškus mokslus.

#### Trumpos Zinutės

Kunigų Mendelių marmėtė sveiksta. Jos širdis tiek sustiprėjo, kad gydytojas paveldino ligonei išlipti iš lovos ir pasėdėti kiek laiko kedėje. Jei kas netikėtai neatsitiks, į savaitę arba dvi galės aplėsti savo kambarį.

Šią vasarą gyvena mūsų parapijoje sesutės Annuciata, Aurelia, Edvarda ir Jeremija. Dėka sesučių rūpesniui, kas sekmadienį per mišias 8:30 val. vaikučiai gražiai gieda ir meldžiasi.

Nežiūrint vasaros karščių, pirmadieniais ir antradieniais į Stebuklingojo Medalikėlio Novenos pamaldas vis atsilanko septyni ir aštuoni tūkstančiai maldininkų.

Sekmadienį, liepos 1-ą kun. Antanas Dubinskas išvyko mėnesio atostogoms. Grįš paskutinę liepos mėnesio dieną. Per visus metus dirba labai sunkiai, tad mėnesio atostogos nėra per ilgą.

atsikvėpti ir sustiprėti metų darbu.

Karo kapelionas kun. Kazimieras Keidošius grįžo iš Europos. Vieši pas tėvus. Po 30 dienų atostogų gaus naują paskyrimą.

### AMSTERDAM, N. Y.

#### Piknikas

Šv. Kazimiero parapijos choras rengia pirmą šiu metų pikniką, kuris įvyks liepos 15 d. Šv. Kazimiero parapijos sode, Widor Susan Road.

Šia proga kviečiam visus brangius lietuvius dalyvauti ir pasi-svečiuoti. Kviečiame taip pat ir iš apylinkės lietuvių kolonijų, kaip tai: Troy, Albany, Schenectady, Fort Plain, Herkimer ir Utica.

Piknike nebus nei alkanų nei ištroškusių. Visi bus patenkinti. Šaunaus orkestro aidai neduos niekam ramybės, skatinis visus linksmai pasiūkti. Choristas

### KAIP TAPTI AMERIKOS PILIEČIU?

Tai yra labai naudinga knygutė, kuri daug padės tiems, kurie ruošiasi gauti Amerikos pilietybės antruosius popierius. Joje yra trumpai suglausti klausimai ir atsakymai anglų ir lietuvių kalbose. Knygutė mažo formato. Gali moterys ją įsidėti ridikuli (pocketbook). Didelės talisės, spauda aiški. Norintieji gauti knygutę—'Kaip Tapti Amerikos Piliečiu?' įdėkite į konvertą 25c. ir pa-siųskite "GARSUI", P. O. Box 32, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

# METINIS ŠVENTOS ONOS PARAPIJOS KERMOSIUS

## Liepos-July 23-28, 1945

### BAŽNYTINIAME KIEME

## Upper Bennett Street, Luzerne, Penna

MUZIKA, UŽKANDŽIAI, GERIMAI, ĮVAIROUS ZAIDIMAI IR LOSIAI SU DOVANOMIS. KERMOSIAUS KOMITETAS UZKVICIA VISUS ATSI-LANKYTI, LINKSMAI PRALEISTI LAIKĄ IR IŠMĖGINTI SAVO GILIUKĮ.