

Must Obalsis: Už Progesą, Taiką ir Demokratiją!

WILNIS

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KAINA TRYS CENTAL

KASDIENA...

Amerika Eis Su Demokratinem Valstybem

Gerai reiskiniai Savu prisinga Litvinovas ir Togo Tai ne laisve

Stai geri reiskiniai tarptautinej politikoj. Francijos ambasadorius P. E. Naggiar lankesi pas Kleменти Vorosilova, SSSR Karo Komisarą ir pas Molotova, SSSR premiera. Tai misijai pridudama didelės svarbos. Sako, Francijos vyriausybė nori sutarties su SSSR prestyžą atsteigti.

Wm. C. Bullitt, Amerikos ambasadorius Francijai, Paryžiuje pareiskė, jog Amerika atmetė izoliacijos politiką.

Kiek laiko atgal sen Key Pittman, užsienio reikalų komiteto pirmininkas, smarkiai atakavo fašistinius agresorius. Amerika vis daugiau įeina kovos prieš agresorius sukurin.

Francija atsidurus sunkioj padėty, krypsia prie Amerikos ir Sovietų Sąjungos. Hitleriai ir Mussoliniai nesmagu.

Chamberlainas vėl pasiskubino juos suraminti. Jis savo kalboj išgėrė Hitlerį, Sakoma, tai netiesioginė ataka ant prezidento Roosevelto.

Chamberlainas labai saugu, kad nenuptų agresorių upas.

Kaip gali vedas tokių išdavinę politiką pasilaukti Anglijos vyriausybės galva?

Dauguma Anglijos žmonių tam priešingi, bet operacija menkai organizuota. Dabo Partija, kuri galėtų sudaryti stiprią opoziciją, yra vadovaujama tokių elementų, kurie labiau bijo didelės demokratijos pergalės, negu fašizmo. Jiems mat valdinasi bolševizmas.

Kinai numudė 6 Japonų orlaivius, bet paaiškėjo, kad tai itališki "savoniai" orlaiviai. Matyti Japonija jau baigia savuosius, tai iš Italijos perkasi.

Perdaug apžiėjo ši syki Japonijos militaristai. Bene pasprings.

Litvinovo ir Togo derybos nedavė gerų pasekmių. SSSR kai kurių vietų visai nerudėdus žuvavimui, kitas leidžia bile kam, kas daugiau duos, o Japonija nori savintis pirmenybę.

Idomu, kad šiuo tarpu Japonija negrąsina Sovietų Sąjungai. Jei "Šaujienose" teisingai rašyta apie adv. F. J. Bagociūsus kalbą So. Bostone, jis turėtų keis šaukus pagalvoti, pirma negu kalba.

Jis sakęs, jog Klaipeida jau laisva, pasiūsojusiu nuo Smoltono diktatūros.

Klaipėda terorizuojama Hitlerio agentų. Tokios laisvės tikrai naziai nori.

Jei SLA prezidentas nori ne tekti įtekėms nuriuose, geriausia tu pasiekti remiant voldemarininkus.

"Keleivis" pamylęs Klaipeidolį leidžiamą voldemarininkų "Išnėdrą žygi", bet las laikraštis yra hitlerininkų įėjus, veikiausia jų pinigais ir įėjimas.

Tuli žmonės negali atskirti taktikos nuo neapykantos. Jie prieš Lietuvos tautininkų valdžią, dėlto remia voldemarininkus, kurie irgi prieš tą valdžią.

Bet voldemarininkai nori Lietuvos Hitlerių atiduoti, o tai juk būtų aršiau negu dbar. Nuversiti esamą valdžią, kad jos vieton blogesnę pastatytų, reiskia blogo Lietuvos žmonėms.

V. Andriulis.

12,000 PLYMOUTH DARBININKŲ PASKELBĖ STREIKĄ

AUTOMOBILIŲ DARBININKŲ UNIJA REIKALAUJA BESALYGINIO PRIPAZINIMO. H. MARTIN ELGIASI KAIŠ STREIKLAUŽYS.

Detroitas, vas. 21. — Daugiau kaip 12,000 Plymouth automobilių kompanijos darbininkų paskelbė streiką, nes kompanija, padedama trockisto Homer Martin, pradėjo lauzyti su unija pasirašytą kontraktą.

Kompanija aną dieną paskelbė, kad apart Automobilių Darbininkų unijos šop komitetą, ji pripažinti ir Homer Martin mažutės atskalos komitetus, kuriems imies vadovuoti kongresmanas Dims "Hindininkas" Pal McCartney.

Unijos lokalas per savo prezidentą Leo LaMotte pareiskė kompanijai protestą ir davė pusę dienos atšaukti paskelbimą. Kompanija tai nepadarėms, vėl karu po pietų streikas apskaita.

Homer Martin šunybėms pamaudojant, atsiskė su unija skaitytis Cadillac viena dirbtuvė. Ji sakosi, nesiskaitys nė su Martino nereikšminga grupele, kuri rina vadovauja lovestonietis Strachan.

Esama žinia, kad šiuos Budy korporacija turinti noro su unijos 2-ru lokatu pasirašyti dėsnių šop kontraktą. Bet prieš tai piesta stoji Fordo kompanija. Ji pagrasino Murray Budy korporacijai atėmimu didelių užsakymų, jeigu pasirašys toki kontraktą.

Tai vis pasekmės trockisto Martino anti-unijinio veikimo. Dabar Martin nesidrovė jokių priemonių, kad kaip nors labiau išskaudint automobilių darbininkus.

Per radiją sakymas kalbą vakar vakare, Martin netiesiogiai prašė Amerikos Darbo Federacijos pagalbos. Jisai davė suprasti, kad jei Wm. Green ju nuotrupas imty po savo sparnu, tai Martin jau veikty Federacijos vardu.

Be unijiniai, išdinkino Adde zodiatis turiant, sako, Martin jei nori eiti į Federaciją, tai jo reikalas. Bet unijiniai nenori nė Federacijos, nė Martino.

BALKANŲ VALSTYBIŲ SANTARVĖ NUSITARĖ EITI SU DEMOKRATINEM ŠALIM

Bucharestas, Rumunija, vas. 21 — Balkanų valstybių santarvė, kurią sudaro Turkija, Graikija, Jugoslavija ir Rumunija, vakar baigė nepaprastą konferenciją priėmus naują politiką kryptį. Iki šiol Balkanų santarvę sudarancios valstybės, gal išsiskyrs tik Turkija, artimesnės buvo fašistinių agresorių bloku. Tačiau šioj konferencijoje pasiskė esiančios išvien su demokratinem valstybėm.

Pasukimui į demokratijos pusę, daug padėjo prez. Roosevelto atviros ir aiškos kalbos prieš fašistinius agresorius. Po Müncho konferencijos, kurioj Chamberlain ir Daladier begėdžiai išdavė čekoslovakiją, Balkanų valstybės buvo labai susyvaravusios. Tada jam lyg atrodė, kad Europoj politinė persvara perkėjis į Hitlerio ir Mussolinio rėmus. Bet prez. Rooseveltui vis drausiau kalbant prieš agresorius ir kalbas paremiant darbas.

Roma. — Vatikano organo "Osservatore Romano" pranešimu, vakar palagiata oficials gegėjimas dėl mitrūsio popiežiaus. Visos vėlavos iškelta iki stiebių viršūnių ir organas išėjo be jnydų apvač.



Dr. Eduard Beneš, buvęs demokratinės čekoslovakijos prezidentas. Dabar jisai Chicagoj, tris mėnesius skaitys lekcijas Chicagoj universitete. Atvaizde Beneš stovi viduryje, už jo į dešinę — ponia Benešienė.

Nusizudė Bedarbė Slaugė Negalėjus Išprašyt Pšelpinės Pagelbos

Rockford, Ill., vas. 21. — Skurdžiam kambarėly ši ryt atrasta lavonas slaugės Mary A. Curran ir jos paliktas rašėnkas, kuriame pasako, kad nusizudė negalėdama ilgai kentėti alkio.

Mary A. Curran 46 metų amžiaus ir našlė. Dėlės savo amžiaus jai sunki buvo darbas gauti. Ji atkartotina prašė administratoriaus Melvin C. Smith pašalpos, bet visomet buvo atštamta. Administratorius yra realkininkas.

Diena prieš nusizudė dar kartą buvo nuėjus į šalpos stori ir tenai prisipažino, kad pasiskėšins ant savo gyvasties, jeigu nebus šaušpeta. Bet prašymus ir tuo sykiu nebuvo patenkintas. Paliktam rastelyje nelaimingoji sako, kad administracija jai pasakė, "nors ir žydysiesi, bet pašalpos negausi."

Bado kankinama senyva slaugė nusizudė išgerdama stiprių nuody.

NORI PRATEŠT LAISKŲ SIUNTIMUI TRJŲ CENTŲ KAINĄ.

Washingtonas. — Pašto sekretorius Farley rekomendavo kongresui dar dviem metams pratęsti trijų centų kainą laiskų siuntimui.

Valstijos Aukščiausias Teismas Įtvirtino Minimum Uždarbių Įstatymą

Springfield, Ill. — Illinois valstijos aukščiausias teismas vakar antru kartu įtvirtino gairiškoms minimum algų įstatymą. Pirmu kartu įstatymų įtvirtino anais metais. Bet industrialistų spaudžiamas, įtvirtinimą atšaukė praėty birželio mėnesi. Darbo unijom griežtai reikalaujant, kad įstatymas galioty, teismas pagaliaus nusilenkė darbininkų reikalavimams.

EXTRA

PLYMOUTH IR BRIGGS BODY DARBININKAI ATSAUKĖ STREIKĄ.

Detroitas, vas. 21. — Plymouth ir Briggs Body kompanijų darbininkai vakar atšaukė streiką, nes Nacionalio Darbo Santykių Bordo patvarkymu, tose dirbtuvėse bus pravesata atstovybės balsavimai.

Balsavimais bus nustatyta kuri unija darbininkai pasirenka savo atstovu. Pasirinkty darbininkų unija turės tada beslyginiai pripažinti ir kompanijos.

Sovietų Sąjunga Nuleido į Vandenyne Karo Laivą

Moskva, vas. 21. — Raudonojos Armijos 21 metų sukaktuvio progą, laikraštis "Izvestija" paskelbė, kad pabaigta statyti ir į vandenyne nuleista pirmas milžiniškas karo laivas padavodas Sovietų Sąjungoj ir iš sovietinės medžiagos.

Laivas neidentifikavosi ir ne pasiklysta kurin vandenyne naujais. Bet pažymėta, kad neuzligo bus baigta budavoli daugelis tokių laivų.

DETROIT, MICHIG' /

SVARBUS SUSIRINKIMAS VISŲ VEIKEJŲ BUS VASARIO 26 DIENA, 10 VAL. RYTĖ 4097 PORTER ST., DETROIT, MICH. AN.

Siame susirinkime dalyvaus Chicago L. M. Choro komitetas: T. Gae, J. Kas, J. Gordon, J. Bendokas, J. Kenstavičius ir Vilnius Aobis, J. Zald. Siame susirinkime bus kalbama, kaip greitai prisijungti prie "The Student P. Inc.", ir prie busiančio Vilniej pilniko.

Tv. Visi draugai ir draugės dalyv kite siame susirinkime v. amintetu laiku.

KOMITETAS

Norman Thomas Sykiu Su Aršiais Reakcininkais Puola Bedarbibus

Washingtonas, vas. 21 d. — Beveik jau pakrikusios Socialistų Partijos čyfas Norman Thomas, kaip ir visi realkionieriai, pastaruoju laiku biuriniai einė atakuoiti bedarbibus ir jų organizacijai Workers Alliance. Jisai prasimane, jog vadinti "komunistine" organizacija ir dar kitokia.

Workers Alliance nacionalis pirmininkas David Lasser atskaidymas į "socialisto" Thomaso melus sako, kad jo užspuldinėjimas ant bedarbių organizacijos yra visai panašus į užspuldinėjimus daromus fašistuojančių kongresmanų Hamilton Fish ir Martin Dies.

"Tie kongresmanai taipgi atakuoja mus neva kaip komunistus, bet tikras jų tikslas yra mušti mus juo dėlto, kad mes veiklial remiam prez. Roosevelt ekonominę politiką," sako Lasser.

Toliau Lasser pastebi Thomasui, kad is jo neteuku bedarbiam ko geresnio ir besitiekiti. Anot Lasser, Thomas atvirai dedasi prie aršiusių realkionierių judėjimo, o Workers Alliance eina su Rooseveltu, naujaja dalyba ir visu pažangiu judėjimu.

Hitlerio Agentai Pavaisinta Dvokiančiais Daiktais

Los Angeles, Cal., vas. 21 d. — Jurgio Washingtono gimimo sukakties dienioje, vietos naziai tarėsi atlikti masinį mitingą ir po priedanga to didžiojo Amerikos žmogaus, paskleisti nazinių propagandą prieš idealus, už kuriuos patys Jurgis Washingtonas mirtiniu kovėsi.

Bet tuos Hitlerio agentus ties pat sveatinės durinis pasliko 5,000 anti-fašistų ir pavaisino kuo turėjo. Sakoma, tie niekadėjai gavo iki soties dvokiančių kiaušinių, supuvusių tomiečių ir kitko. O kuomet pabandė atsiepti, tai gavo ir akmenų į galvas.

Kaip paprastai, koks kas dar, esti, policija šoko nenauđiusis gintli. Tur but teko ir policijai. Nenauđiusis pavaisinus, anti-fašistai kalbėjo: "Tai nieko. Jei policija nenori Hitlerio agentų sudrausti, tai mes patys juos tinkamai sudraustime."

IZOLIACIJOS POLITIKA PRIEJUS LIEPTO GALĄ, SAKO AMERIKOS AMBASADORIUS WM. BULLITT

Vandenynei Jau Nebeturi Saugumo Reikšmės

AMERIKAI REIKIA GINKLAUTIS IR REIKIA EITI ISVIEN SU EUROPOS DEMOKRATINIŲ VALSTYBIŲ BLOKU.

Paryžius, vas. 21. — Washingtono gimimo sukakties progą, Amerikos ambasadorius William Bullitt vakar pasakė Paryžiuje kalbą, kuri turi politines reikšmes fašistinių agresorių atžvilgiu.

Anot ambasadoriaus Bullitt, Amerikos geografine izoliacija neatsilaukiamai pasibūgino, kad apgniti demokratine santvarka. Jungtinės Valstijos neturi kitokios šeimės, kaip tik gerai apsiginkluoti ir žinoma, eiti išvien su valstybėm, kurių gyvaviimui taipjau gresia fašistinių agresorių pavojus.

Ambasadorius kalbėjo amerikiečių klubo iškilimėse. Bet dalyvaus premieras Daladier ir nekuri ministraliai. Ambasadorius kitu atsikėvimui sakė, kitados Jungtinės Valstijos galėjo laikytis nuokalin nuo Europos reikalų. Du dideli vandenynei apsupanti Amerikos kontinentą, tada buvo tikra Jungtinėm Valstijom apsauga nuo užpuolimo.

Barcelonoj Fašistai Degina Gyvus Lojalistus

Perpignan, vas. 21. — Iš Barcelonos atvykę keliauninkai teigia, kad fašistiniai sukileliai barbariskai elgiasi su suimtais lojalistais. Fašistai svietui skelbia turj teismus ir suimtuosius teisia. Bet tai netiesia, sakė keliauninkai.

Suimtuosius vietoje žudo ir žudo barbariskiausiomis priemonėm. Jie patys esy matę, kaip skaitingų lojalistų burj fašistai aikštėj gyvus suduodejo. Jų tvirtinimu, suimtuosius surišo visus į vieną kugi ir apipytus gasolinu, uždegė.

Praga — čekoslovakijos valstybės banko prezidentu dabar bus L. Dvornak. Jis užėmė vietą prozajo Karel Englis.

VOKIETIJOS NAZIŲ SPAUDA KALBA APIE NUTRAUKIMĄ RYŠIŲ SU AMERIKA

Berlynas, vas. 24. — Nazių valdžios kontroliuojama Vokietijos spauda ir vėl pakartojė nuožnią ataką prieš Jungtines Valstijas bendrai ir prieš prez. Rooseveltą vpdintai. Laikraščiai netgi parė Hitleriui nutraukti diplomatinis ir prekybinius santykius, Anot jų, "tai neįvyngiamia."

"National Zeitung" ir "Boersenzentung" aršiausia puola prezidentą dėl jo pasakyty per radijo kalbą praėty štedienai. Tose kalbose prezidentas pasakė, kad Jungtinės Valstijos "rinktuosius savo ir Pietinės Amerikos kraštų demokratine santvarka."

"National Zeitung" talpina savo korespondento iš Washingtono pranešimą, kuriame tvirtina, kad prez. Roosevelt kalbos atkreiptos prieš fašistinius agresorius, randa pritarimo visuomenėje ir kad prez. Rooseveltas turj galvoje nutraukimą diplomatinių santykių su nazių valdžia.

Bet dabar tie vandenynei nustojo juos reikšmes.

Europos fašistiniai agresoriai, Vokietijos ir Italijos fašistai, gali lengvai pasiekti Jungtinių Valstijų krantus karo laivais ir orlaivais, jeigu jie nelius sutruškinti pačioj Europoj. Dėlto, sakė ambasadorius, prez. Rooseveltas ir jo valdžia teisingai žūri į padėty ir atmeta izoliacijos pragaištingą politiką.

Ambasadorius tvirtino, kad rinti Amerikos politikai visai netiki, kad Jungtinių Valstijų nepriklausomybė arba bent demokratinė jos santvarka galės būti išsaugota, leidžiant fašistiniams agresoriam sumuštį demokratines valstybes Europoj.

Ambasadoriaus įsitikinimu, Jungtinės Valstijos neišliks neutraliai, jeigu Mussolini ir Hitleris pagaliau išsaus karą. Ambasadorius Bullitt Europoj aukštai vertinamas. Dėlto jo kalbom pridudą dytelės svarbos.

Nukirsti Japonų Orlaiviai Esą Italų Gamybos

Chungking — Aną dieną virš Lanchow miesto nukirsti 9 japonų orlaiviai, kaip dabar praneša kinų valdžios šaltiniai, yra Italijos gamybos. Šešis iš nukirstų bombančių kinų kariūnių surado tolokai nuo miesto. Jie yra Savoia 790 tipo. Pritaikinti nešti po 7 žmones, 2,800 svary bombų ir apginkluoti dviem kilnojama ir vienu pritrivintu kulkuosvaidžiais.

Tuos itališkus bombanešius kinai nukirsto Sovietų Sąjungos gamybos orlaiviais. Kinų šaltiniai sako, kalbomam orlaivių nušyji einė dalyvaus 40 itališkų tipo japonų orlaivių ir 14 sovietinio tipo kinų orlaivių. Kinų orlaivių nenauđinto nė vienas, o japonų devyni.

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SSSR ir Vokietija

Ar naziai dreyi eiti karan su Sovietu Sajunga?

M. W. Fodor, Chicago "Daily News" korespondentas, kuris dabar yra Cekoslovakijoje, tuo klausimu itai ka sako:

"Yra didelis skirtumas tarp suklicimo teroro gadsiniamis savo oro speku virsenybe ir karo laimejimo. Generali zino tai geriau negu kas kitas.

"Sovietu Rusija yra labai netinkama salis kariuoti su ja. Taip mano Vokietijos armijos virsiniškai."

Napoleono armijos kraujas visai istekijo Rusijoi, o tada juk buvo kita Rusija. Tada nebuvo Raudonosios Armijos ir valdija buvo despotiska. Dabar viskas—armija, valdija ir liaudis veda jienas—suijia.

Kiti kalba, jog Raudonoji Armija susilpninta atskiracius keledo generolu, bet saltai magstauji vokietikai generalai zino, kad armija gali tik sustipreti apsilvalius nuo isdavingu generolu.

Ir p. Fodor sako:

"Ir dabar tebeomanos, kad Raudonoji Armija yra nesumuama apsigynimo jega, juo labiau, kad Ukrainoje kiekvienas kolektyvis ukis yra didelic tvirtove ir orlaivystes baze."

Kariauti su tokia salim, sako p. Fodor, labai sunku—pradeti kara galima, bet kas kita su ju laimejimu.

Vokietijos armijos virsilos taipgi bijo ir propagandos. Jeigu jie letu j Sovietu teritorija, ju kareiviai butu agituojami, jiems butu kalbama, kad jie bereikalingai savo gyvastis rizikuoja ir zudo savo brolius.

Propaganda labai paveikia i kareivius transione, o juk Sovietu valdija turi visas galimybes tokia propaganda vesti.

Zmones irgi veikia solidarai su Raudona Armija. Jie tiekty visq jai pagelba. Fodor tesia:

"Del tu priezacy Vokietijos generalu ne tik prieisngi karui, bet jie prieisngi ir 'taikai propagandai' del 'nepriklausomos Ukrainos.'"

Su generalais eina ir pats Goeringas. Jis taipju mano, kad Ukrainos propaganda bledinga Vokietijai.

Fodor sako, kad Sudetus grobiant irgi karo labai bijota. Jei Francija ir Anglija nebutu isdave Cekoslovakijos, Vokietija vargiai butu drysus ginklais istoti.

Pasinaudodami Municho isdavyste, ke turi nazi karstuoliai — Goebels, Himler, Rosenberg ir Ribbentrop — ir "nepriklausomos Ukrainos" propaganda veda. Bet prie juos kaip siena stovi armijos vadai.

Taigi, visos kalbos apie silpuma, ar nusilpnima, Sovietu kariuomenes yra melai. Naziu propagandos masina skeidizta tuos melus tiksliai, o tuli liurbiai, SSSR prieisai, patikedami tam kartoja tuos melus.

Republikonas Gina Nazius

Washingtono varduvu dienoi, progresyvis kongresmanas John A. Martin, is Colorado, pasake karsta prakalbo prieis nazius, kurie renge mitinga New Yorke, devejo hitlerines uniformas ir musqe tuos, kas jiems prieisinos.

Visi jie yra isdavikai ar kuris ateivis ar ciagimis, sako p. Martin. Martin taipgi pasmerke Vokietijos naziu terora.

Jam pritarq dauguma kongresmanu, bet Charles Hawks, Wisconsinu republikonas, polosi teisinti nazius. Jis klausde delko prieis komunistus niekas nekalba, o juk komunistai laikq mitingu.

Tai nevykts gynymas naziu. Komunistai nera kitos salies organizacija. Komunistai gina sios salies demokratija. Bandymas juos sudeti su naziais yra tarnavimas naziams.

Kongresmanas Harry Sheppard, is Californijos, patestejo p. Hawks, kad kalba lyg ir pritariamas naziams.

Kiti progresyviai irgi smerke Vokietija ir Japonija uz ju agresija.

Savo tuo pasielgimu p. Hawks pades Amerikos zmonems geriau pazinti republikonus. Suprantama, rinkimuose balsuotojai salinis tokiu kaip tas ponas.

Hawks istojimas ginti nazius bus pakastinimas balsuotojams neduoti balsu uz republikonus, nes su mazom ismintim, jie yra reakcininkai, stambaus kapitalo partija.

Chicagoos pilieciai vasario 28 irgi turi atsimiti republikono Hawks naziu gynyml ir nebusuoti uz Hawks partijos zmones.

Geri Daviniai

Pranesimas is Maskvos sako, jog Francijos ambasadorius Emil Naggiar lankesi pas Sovietu Sajungos Karo Komisarq Klementj Vorosilova. Yra nepaprasta ambasadorius konferencijos su karo ministeriais. Sis Naggiaro zygis delto daug demesio atkreipe.

Kalbama, jog Francijos vyriausybe norinti atsteigti prestyza Francijos-SSSR sutarties, kuris paneigta Municho isdavyste. Francija mat dabar atsiduria ten pozicijon, kurioje Cekoslovakija buvo pirma tos isdavyste.

Svarbu ir tas, kad Anglijos vyriausybe mojai prekybos sutartj su SSSR padaryti. Lordas Stanley vyksias Maskvon. Stanley vizitas Maskvai juo svarbiau delto, kad nesenai Stanley pagrasino Vokietijai pavartojimu tu paciu metodu prekyboj, ka naziai vartoja, o taip darydami anglai prismaugty Vokietijos prekyba. Tuomet Chamberlainas buvo labai supykes at lordo Stanley.

Matomai verciamos zmoinu opinijos, Anglijos ir Francijos vyriausybes keis savo pragaistinga politika, o gal tik nuoduota tai darys, kad nenustoti zmoinu pastikejimo.

Kaip nebutu, p. Naggiar vizitas Vorosilovui yra svarbus.

Turety Pasimokinti

Kabedama Chicagoj anglick, Readingo marchionese, ispejo katalikus ir protestonus. Jina siteris:

"Kada Hitleris issunks is zydu jau paskutinius centus, tuomet atsigrysi prie kataliku baznycios turtu ir prie luteronu."

Abelnai katalikai yra neturtingesni uz kitus zmones, bet kataliku baznycios turi daug turtu. Vokietijoi jos taipgi turtingos. Pacios puosniausios kataliku baznycios juk buvo Bavarijoi.

Is zydu naziai jau baigia plesti paskutinius graisus ir paskutinj turtel. Tuojau reikes tik saltinio. Prie to rengiamasi. Kataliku baznycia priskaityta prie nazizmu prieis. Jos eis gal sekti jam greit.

Jinai taipgi saka, kad faisistj teriojimas Europos yra pasibaistevias. Demokratijos turi nevien pikintis tuo, nevien protestuoti prieis tai, bet ir kovoti, parodyti svietui, kas jos gali fasizmq sulaiykty.

Patarimas ir katalikams ir protestonams ir demokratijos geras.

Ypatingei te katalikai, kurie dabar ar neva nuosaliai laikosi, ar dargi paremia faisistus, galiesis. Jie persitikrqs, kad Coughlinas yra katalikybes arisusias prieisnas, nes jis padeda naziams, kurie grobs kataliku baznycia, kaip dabar pleisia zyodus.

Pasizurekite j Ulsteina

New Yorkan atvyko Hermann Ulstein. Pirmia Hitlerio isivyravimo Ulstein'ai turėjo Vokietijoi didziausia visam sviete spaustuve. Jie leido keturis dierraicius ir daug žurnalu.

Ulsteinu isleistuve buvo skaitoma apie \$20,000,000 vertes.

Kada naziai isgalėjo, jie Ulsteinu isleistuve ateme. Naziu cyfaai leidzia kas savo laikraucius, kas savo knygas. Kada kiti laikrauciai uzdaryti, zmones priversti pirkti naziu laikraucius.

Taigi, Ulsteinai neteko turtu, bet uztai Hitleris, Goeringas ir Goebelsas greit praturtėjo.

Du H. Ulsteino broliai jau po žeme. Jis pats turėjo nesidintis del gyvasties apsaugojimo. Jis apsigyvenes Londone.

Ulsteinai gali buti geru pavyzdziu pulk. McCormick'ui ir kitiems turtingiems, reakcininkams Amerikos laikrauciu leidėjams. Jei Amerikoj fasizmas isjagietu, jis gali susilaukti Ulsteinu likimo. Juk ir Ulsteinai nebuvo progresyviai, faisistams pataikavo. Ir jie mane pristaitykty, bet skaudziai nusivyly.

Lietuvių Dienos Komitetas Neatstovauja Visų Amerikos Lietuvių Besirupindami Tik Savo Politika, Klerikalai Pasigrobė Komitetą ir Savo Rankas ir Jį Vartos Savo Naudai

Dar pereitais metais buvo pradeta kalbėti apie surušimą lietuvių dienos Pasaulinėje Parodoje. Tuojaus buvo pakviesti visi chorai tą dieną dainuoti ir buvo kalbama apie sudarymą Lietuvių Dienai ruošti komitetą. Gen. konsulą p. J. Budrys ir Lietuvių skyriaus komisarę, p. Madelainė Avietėnaitę, kuri tuomet buvo atvykus iš Lietuvos, pareiškė, kad toks komitetas bus sudarytas iš visų sriovių, visų masinių lietuvių organizacijų atstovų.

Pagaliam matome spaudoje pranešimus, jog toks komitetas jau esąs įsteigtas, bet jo sudaryme nebuvo pakviestos trys didžiulės Amerikos lietuvių organizacijos.

Tuomet surinko trijų organizacijų — Lietuvių Darbininkų Susivienijimo, Lietuvių Literatūros Draugijos ir Lietuvių Meno Sąjungos — priekšajį stovį asmenį ir paradė sekamą bendrą laišką p. Budriui:

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sausio 2, 1939.

Gen. Lietuvos Konsului ponui Jonui Budriui, 16 W. 75th St., New York City, N. Y. Gerbiamas Tamsta:

Šiomis dienomis tekę pastebėti tulose laikraščiuose kažin kokio ten Lietuvos Dienos Komiteto atsisaukimas, kalbą visų Amerikos lietuvių vardu ir prašą jų paramos ruošimui Lietuvių Dienos Pasaulio Parodoje, rugs. 10 d., 1939 m. Kaip ir kur tas komitetas susidarė, iki šio plačiai lietuvių visuomeni nebuvo žinoma ir jo netikėtas pasirodymas mus nustebino. Pagaliau patyrėme, kad tasai Komitetas, sudarytas veik iš vienos sriovės asmenų, buvęs sukurtas Generalinio Lietuvos Konsulato palatose ir su Tamistų žinia.

Pasekmingas Lietuvių Dienos pavidimas Pasaulinėje Parodoje reikalingas visų Amerikos lietuvių paramos ir rupesnio. Tik veikiant išvien visoms sriovėms ir masinėms organizacijoms tokio darbo pasekmingumas gali būti užtikrintas. Musų nuomone, j tokį darbą, kaip Lietuvių Dienos organizavimas ir suburimas plačiųjų Amerikos lietuvių masių vienam darbu, turėtų būti sukviestos visos Amerikos lietuvių jėgos, visos šalies plati ve-

kiančios organizacijos, tai yra, jų atstovai, nedarant išimties jokiai sriovei, jokiai partijai. Tik visų organizacijų atstovai, susirinkę bendron suėigon ir demokratiniu būdu išrinkę savo valdybą bei komitetą, turės plačią Amerikos lietuvių visuomenės pasitikėjimą ir galės tikėtis josios gausios ir nuosirdžios paramos.

Tamsta, ponas Konsule, atsimenate, kaip kovo mėnesio, 1938 m., dienomis, kai Lietuvos nepriklausomybei grumojo pavojus iš Lenkijos pona pusės, visos sriovės bei organizacijos veikė išvien, keldamos bendrą protesto balsą ir pasisakydamos už Lietuvos nepriklausomybės gynimą. Tai buvo labai gražus ir naudingas darbas. Mes, atstovai tų organizacijų, kurios tuomet veikė bendram Lietuvos nepriklausomybės gynimo darbe, esame įsitikinę, kad ir Lietuvių Dienos paruošimo ir pavidimo darbe turėtų būti panašiai.

Šiandien, kai Klaipėdos Kraštas yra pavojuje, kai prieš Lietuvos nepriklausomybę kylo pavojus iš hitlerinės Vokietijos, mes manome, kad Amerikos lietuvių turėtų darbuotis tam tikrais klau simalais išvien visi, nes tai parodytų Lietuvos nepriklausomybės priešams, kad trečdalis lietuvių tautos, gyvenęs Dėdės Samo žemėj, gali gražiausiai susitaisyti kiekvienam tautai naudingam klausimui.

Jeigu šis Lietuvių Dienos Komitetas, atstovaujās tik tam tikras šalies plote veikiantias organizacijas ir srioves, kalbės visų lietuvių vardu, bet jų visų neatstovaus, tai pasibrėžto tikslo jis nepasiekis, ir nei Lietuviai, nei Amerikos lietuviams naudos nepadarys.

Musų atstovaujamos organizacijos trokšta dalyvauti bendrai ne tik Lietuvos Dienoje, bet ir kiekvienam darbe, naudingam visai tautai, visiems Amerikos lietuviams ir visai Lietuviai.

Lietuvių Darbininkų Susivienijimas yra broliška draudimo ir kultūros organizacija, veikia po visą kraštą, su 8,000 narių ir suvirš pusantrio šimto kuopu.

Lietuvių Literatūros Draugija — literatūros leidimo ir platinto organizacija, veikia po visą kraštą, su 6,000 narių ir apie 200 kuopu.

Lietuvių Meno Sąjunga — menui plėsti ir ugdyti organizacija, su suvirš 30 chorų, apimanti apie 1,500 narių, daugiausiai Amerikoj gimusio ir augusio jaunimo.

Visos trys organizacijos turi tuksantčius savo rėmėjų bei pritarėjų, nors joms ir nepriklausančių. Izoliuoti šias organizacijas nuo bendro Lietuvių Dienos paruošimo darbo ir tąją visuomenės dalyvį, kuri eina išvien su jomis, būtų ne tik netaktiška, bet žalinga pačiam pasibrėžtam tikslui — žalinga visiems A-

merikos lietuviams ir Lietuviai.

Išrišimui to klausimo ir subendrinimui visų Amerikos lietuvių jėgų Lietuvių Dienos reikalui, musų nuomone, turėtų būti suauktas visų nacionalių organizacijų atstovų pasitarimas, kuriam būtų sudarytas Lietuvių Dienos Komitetas, ištikrųjų galįs kalbėti visų lietuvių vardu ir prašyti iš jų paramos.

Su pagarba, Lietuvių Darbininkų Susivienijimo

Prezidentas R. Mizara, Sekretorius J. Siurba. Lietuvių Literatūros Draugijos

Už Pirmininką S. Sasna, Sekr. D. M. Solomskas. Lietuvių Meno Sąjungos Pirm. Pr. Pakalniškis, Sekretorė B. Šafinaitė. P. S. Atsakymą prašome duoti sekantiu antraštu: R. Mizara, 427 Lorimer st., Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. Stag 2-3878.

Ponas Budrys atsakė sekamai:

1939 met. sausio 5 d. Ponai R. Mizarai, 427 Lorimer St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Gerbiamas Tamsta:

Skaitydamasis su faktu, jog komitetas jau egzistuoja, veikia, manau, kad tolimesnis jo praplėtimas yra pačių Amerikos lietuvių ranke. Todėl LDS, LLD ir LMS laiškas perduotas komitetui apsparstyti.

Reiškiu pagarbą, J. Budrys, Gen. Konsulas.

Nesulaukiam atsakymo iš menamo Lietuvių Dienos Komiteto, buvo parašyta jo pirmininkui p. Laučkai sekamas užklausias:

Sausio 18, 1939.

Ponui J. B. Laučkai, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gerbiamas Tamsta: Sausio mėn. 2 d., š. m., Lietuvių Darbininkų Susivienijimo, Lietuvių Literatūros Draugijos ir Lietuvių Meno Sąjungos įgalintiniai pasuntė Lietuvos generaliniam konsului p. Budriui pareiškimą dėl Lietuvos Dienos Pasaulinėje Parodoje. Iš p. Budrio gautas pranešimas, jog pamintėtas mūsų pareiškimas yra perduotas susidarintam Lietuvių Dienos Komitetui, kuriam Tamsta pirmininkauja.

Jau praėjo virš dvi savaitės laiko, tačiau kalbamasis komitetas nedavė j pareiškimą jokio atsakymo. Pirmiau negu imtis tolimesnes tuo klausimui veiklos, suminėtos organizacijos nori, kad Tamstos komitetas duotų u vienokią ar kitokią atsakymą j musų pareiškimą. Pastikime, kad Tamsta tatai imsite dėmesin ir nevilkindami duosite mums atsakymą.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Su pagarba, R. Mizara, LDS Prezidentas.

Pagaligu gautas atsakymas: 1939 m. sausio 24 d. Ponai R. Mizarai, Brooklyn, N. Y. Gerbiamas Tamsta: Pasaulinei Parodai Remti Lietuvių Komiteto Prezidiumas sausio 23 d. posėdyje svarstė Tamstos laišką, rašytą Lietuvos Generaliam Konsului ir Komiteto pirmininkui ryšium su įvykstantia Lietuvių Diena š. m. rugsėjo 10 d. ir priėmė dėmesin Tamstos ir kitų laišką pasirašiusių asmenų pareiktas mintis.

Tamstų sausio 2 d. rašytame laiške siulymas suaukti "visų nacionalių organizacijų atstovų pasitarimas, kuriame būtų sudarytas Lietuvos Dienos Komitetas," Prezidiumo nuomone, šiuo metu nevykdytinas, nes Komitetas jau yra sudarytas iš didžiulės nacionalių fraternalių, ideologinių ir profinitų organizacijų. Komitetas tiki, kad jo darba rems visai amerikiečiai lietuviai patrijotai.

Su tikra pagarba, Antanas J. Mazelka, Komiteto Sekretorius.

Pasirodo, kad pamintojo komiteto prezidiumas, be viso komiteto narių žinios, bus vališka, taria tai, kas gali būti priimtas j komitetą ir kas negali. Mes tik vėliau sužinojome, kad prezidiumo daugumą sudaro klerikalai ir jie pareiškė, jog girdi, lietuviai kunigai Pittsburghe nutarė "su komunistais bendrai neveikti," tad jų negalima ir Lietuvių Dienos Komitetan įsileisti. Tokia politika, aišku, yra labai žalinga ir dėl to vyriausią atsakomybę neša klerikalai.

Musų išvardintos masinės organizacijos apima tuksantčius visokių kryptių žmonių. Tą puikiai žino kiekvienas Amerikos lietuvis. Tai masinės organizacijos, sudarančios didelę organizatūją jėgą. Jos nuosirdžiai troško kooperuoti bendrai visur, kur tik paliecia lietuvių visuomenės vardą ir reikalus. Lietuvių Meno Sąjungos chorai, pavyzdžiui, buvo pasirošę atvykti ir bendrai dainuoti, tačiau dabar, prie esamų sąlygų, kada klerikalai nusitarė viešpatuoti Komitete, jie, aišku, to daryti negalės.

Musų organizacijos galėjo suruošti Pasaulinėje Parodoje savo lietuvių dieną pirmiau, negu įvyks anoi, oficiali. Tačiau, atsižiurint j tai, kad sekantias metais New Yorke įvyks Lietuvių Darbininkų Susivienijimo Ketvirtasis Seimas, taipgi Lietuvių Meno Sąjungos suvažiavimas, tad, mūsų nuomone, bus geriausiai sekantįs metais mums turėti Lietuvių Dieną Pasaulinėje Parodoje.

Kai New Yorko miesto majoras, p. La Guardia, pereltais metais kvietė LDS nautai laikyti savo seimą 1940 metais New Yorke, jis pabrėžė, jog Pasaulinė Paroda tęsis dar 1940 metais. Tuo būdu ir pažangioji Amerikos lietuvių visuomenės dalis turės savo Lietuvių Dieną tais metais.

Tad šiūnoms mes skaitome pareiga paskelbti visiems Amerikos lietuviams tik tiek, kad tariamasis Lietuvių Komitetas Pasaulinei Parodai remti yra užvaldytas kleriki (Tqsa aut trečio puslapio)

MIRĖ JURGIS ZABIELA Detroit, Mich. (Telegra- "Vilniai")—Šiom dienomis pasimirė draugas Juris, Zabiela. Priklausė Lietuvių Darbininkų Susivienijimo kuopoj ir buvo plačiai žinomas detroitieciams. Lavonas "vartotas graborius D. 1. p. azio koplyčia, 1930—25th st. Laidotuvis įvyks seštadienį, vasario 25 d. 2 val. popiet. Draugus ir velio juo Zabielos pažystamus ir viečiama dalyvauti laidojyise ir atiduoti jam paštinj patarnavimą. —E. Vegelian

GETS YOUTH BACKING



Mayor E. J. Kelly

**As We See It
Frankenstein?
Nazi Sabotage?
Votes for Youth**

Just as Frankenstein's monster turned on his creator, a mad-man made an attempt on Mussolini's life last week. A depraved creation of fascism turned on the father of fascism.

But it isn't the mentally wrecked that fascism fears. It is the masses, who are constantly re-awakening in face of barbarous brutality, that will spell the final doom of fascism.

Harry Bridges recently filed a petition with the government in Washington charging Nazi sabotage in an aeroplane construction factory in California. This week two aviators were killed and 8 planes wrecked in a crash off Pensacola, Florida. Was heavy fog the cause of the crash, or could there be some connection between the two incidents? We wonder!

Even among our Lithuanian family in America we find opponents to the "apostles of isms". We wonder if these same foes of "isms" also object to Americanism.

For the die-harders who contend that there is no basis for Catholics and Communists to unite, we present the Lithuanians of Roseland as a refutation. Life itself has proven that opponents of Catholic-Communist unity are in the wrong!

Five billion dollars is spent annually to curb crime in the United States. But the powers that be, balk when youth demand government appropriations for education, occupation and recreation.

Only the New Deal has come to rescue youth from its deplorable plight. Through the institution of the NYA CCC and WPA the government has helped to partially alleviate the insecurity of youth.

Upon the out-come of the majority elections in Chicago will rest the fate of Chicago's youth. In the primary elections the youth will have a special duty to perform. They must vote for the New Deal candidate to ensure a program which shall provide for their needs.

SENTIMENT OF YOUNG VOTERS FAVORS BRINGING OF NEW DEAL TO CHICAGO

Youth Form Committee to Elect Kelly

CHICAGO. — Many youth, prominent in Democratic Party circles and other youth organizations, including Catholics and other religious youth met at the Great Northern Hotel last Wednesday night to give endorsement to Mayor Kelly's candidacy for re-election.

Among those who expressed their endorsement of Mayor Kelly were Joe Watecka, prominent Polish youth leader; Joseph Guinn, Youth Council of the NAACP; Wallace Nelson, Epworth League; Sylvia Maneloff and Rosella Burk, YWCA; and Pauline Redman of the Urban League.

At the meeting a "Non-Partisan Youth Committee to Elect Kelly" was formed to mobilize youth support for Mayor Kelly in the primaries which will be held Tuesday, February 28.

A special radio broadcast was arranged by the committee for this evening. Prominent Chicago youth leaders will be heard on the broadcast, bringing a special message to the youth of Chicago. (Technical difficulties have made it impossible for us to list the station and time of the broadcast, so we ask you to keep tuned to your radio tonight so that you will not miss this important message. Ed.)

Nazis Ban Y. M. C. A. Seize Property

BERLIN—The Young Men's Christian Association has been banned by the Nazi Government in Dresden and five other major cities in Germany.

The action was taken under a decree of 1933 "for protection of the people and the state."

The property of the YMCA will be confiscated. No reason was given for the banning, but observers of the Nazi regime find it a logical sequence to repressive measures Hitler has already taken against all Catholic youth organizations in the Reich.

Czech-Slovak Youth Hold Conference On Democracy

Youth's responsibility to democracy and democracy's obligation to youth will be the central theme of a conference to be held Sunday by the Czech-Slovak youth at 2550 S. Pulaski.

Professor Douglas, Professor J. Zmrhal, member of the School Administration; and William Mazik, president of the Czech-Slovak Societies of America have been invited to address the parley.

This is the first parley of its kind ever to have been called by the Czech-Slovak youth of the city.

Primary Special!

In view of the importance of the primary elections in Chicago which will be held next Tuesday, we have felt the necessity to devote our entire front page to the primaries. Therefore, the contents of this page shall be a miniature mirror of youth's reaction to the approaching primaries and a reflection of the latest political trends amongst young Chicago. Perhaps too, this issue may serve as a guide to young Lithuanian voters.

Packing Youth Urge New Deal In Stock Yards

Representatives from more than 50 youth clubs in the Stock Yards area assembled last night at the 51st Street YWCA to discuss methods of improving the lot of Packing-town youth.

Under the slogan "Bring a New Deal for youth into our community," the assembly

mapped out a youth program which included planks for jobs, a free clinic, better housing conditions, broader recreational facilities with provisions for an indoor swimming pool, baseball diamonds and playgrounds.

The conference expressed endorsement of the NYA, CCC and WPA and urged that these agencies be extended to the Packing-town to ensure Health, Happiness, Employment and Recreation for the young people who live "back of the yards".

Sponsors of the parley were: Mr. Weodarczyk Miss Kramer, Miss Ostrow, Miss Siporin, Mr. Austin, Mr. Marshall and other prominent Packingtown youth leaders.

Various aldermanic candidates were present to present their position on youth.

China Students Join Guerilla Fighters

CHUNGKING, China — One year ago the United Student National Salvation was organized in the city of Canton.

When the Chinese government ordered the evacuation of the Canton population, over 40,000 young patriots, members of the Student National Salvation Assn., refused to leave the city with the civil population.

Most of these students are now either in the army or have joined the guerrilla troops.

There are now 72 student detachments operating at the front, the majority of which are concentrated north of Canton on the Patsin River.

Lithuanians Sponsor Endorsement Meet For Kelly Sun.

With Judge John Zuris as the principal speaker, a committee of prominent Lithuanian citizens are sponsoring a rally at the Lithuanian Auditorium this Sunday to endorse the candidacy of Mayor Kelly.

Other speakers who are scheduled to address the rally include Alderman Hugh Connelly of the 11th Ward and other aldermanic candidates from the South Side. Augmenting the list of speakers will be others who have been prominent in Lithuanian circles, including Matt Sholomskas, President of the 2nd District LDS Youth Council.

30 YOUTH LEADERS ENDORSE RE-ELECTION OF KELLY

More than a score of prominent youth leaders met last Wednesday evening at the Grand Northern Hotel to discuss the issues and candidates in Chicago's mayoralty race and drafted a statement urging the re-election of Mayor Kelly.

The statement, which was signed by 30 youth leaders, reads as follows:

"WE, ACTING in our capacity as civic minded young citizens, leaders in various youth organizations of every kind in the city of Chicago covering every section of our young population, after having carefully considered and discussed all the candidates for the election of mayor; and in order to assure the election of the candidate whom we consider most capable of carrying forward the progressive ideals of our President Roosevelt in order to achieve for young people a happier, healthier Chicago of tomorrow in which the best interests of the majority of youth will be served, do hereby urge all young voters to go to the polls and re-elect Mayor Edward J. Kelly."

Signed,

- Jack Fischbein, President American Youth Congress
- John Paul Dohm, President Catholic Inter-Ph. Council
- Francis P. Wisniewski, Saint Piosceli Parish
- Kenneth Borne, Exec. Sec. American Student Union
- Reuben Bennett, Jewish Social Council
- Robert Guernsey, President Methodist Fed. Soc. Ser.
- Herbert Abrams, Ass'n of Medical Students
- Hazel Hayes, Women's Aux. Brotherhood of Redcaps
- Elmer W. Lyren, Chicago Newspaper Guild
- Laura Lucas, Secretary Youth Council NAACP
- Herbert Marcus, Org. 39 Ward Labor's Non-Par. League
- Stanley Skujien, Mary McDowell Disc. Group
- T. J. Leonard, Political Union
- Otto Safronek, Czech National Alliance Youth Comm.
- Sylvia Maneloff, League of Indus. Girls YWCA
- Joseph Watecka, Polish Youth
- Helen Baycor, Polish-American Youth League
- Herbert March, Dis. Pres. P. W. O. C.
- Matt Sholomskas, Pres Chicago LDS Youth Comm.
- Robert J. McGee, Youth Council NAACP
- Mrs. Robert Guernsey Methodist Fed. Soc. Ser.
- Sigmund Wlodarczyk Ast. Dir. PWOC
- Anita Fargo, Student Council Wright College
- Edward Clark, Chicago Newspaper Guild
- Sarah G. Merchant, Youth Council NAACP
- Galle Herres, Chairman Peace Commission of Methodist Fed. Soc. Ser.
- Jerry Novotny, Czechoslovak American Youth
- Dorothy Wolfe Social Worker
- Dewey Davis, Ass'n of Medical Students
- Rosella Burke, League of Indus. Girls YWCA

MILLIONS FOR NEW SCHOOLS

MOSCOW—More than 200 million rubles will be spent this year on the construction of 194 secondary schools in the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic, it was learned here.

UNEMPLOYMENT IS PERIL

GRINNEL, Ia. — Secretary of Commerce Harry L. Hopkins warned students at Grinnell College recently that "this country cannot continue as a democracy with 10 to 12 million unemployed."

Vilnis English Section

Supplement of the Vilnis Lithuanian Daily. The "Vilnis" is published daily except Sunday, and every Friday of each week, this section is included with the regular daily.

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EDITORIALS

NEW DEAL IS ISSUE IN MAYORALTY ELECTIONS

FOUR candidates go to the post in the primaries next Tuesday in Chicago's mayoralty race. Whichever way the betting goes, Chicago's citizenry has much at stake, for the primary balloting shall decide whether Chicago will get a New Deal or whether the people shall be left holding the bag.

Disregarding the various election slogans put forth by the various candidates, the issue is: SHALL THE NEW DEAL BE CONTINUED? It is from this angle and from this angle alone that progressives must face the elections.

It is therefore important that the position of each candidate be made clear. Big Bill Thompson puts forward the slogan "For Better Days" as his election slogan. No one doubts that Chicagoans would welcome better days, but we have seen how the Republican party has acted in Congress to allow ourselves to be fooled by Mr. Thompson's words. Secondly, Thompson offers nothing but the old and worn out Republican platform, which was in practice during the term of President Hoover.

Meanwhile, however, his opponent on the Republican ticket is Dwight Green who contends Chicago needs "New Leadership". He has the backing of Colonel Knox, of the Chicago Daily News, who is a clever politician. Mr. Knox wants to see the Republican party back into power. But he understands that the Republican Party cannot get to first base with a candidate so discredited as Wm. Thompson. Therefore, Knox has fashioned a "liberal" candidate in the person of Dwight Green. But just as surely as would Thompson bring back Hooverism, just as certainly would Dwight Green represent the reactionary elements.

Perhaps, it is much easier to explain the position of the Republican candidates than of the two Democratic candidates for Mayor. Most people believe that the contention between Courtney and Mayor Kelly grows out of Courtney's fight against "bossism" or against machine rule. Though this may appear to be the case, Courtney certainly is not a candidate to represent the anti-machine faction.

Courtney has proven by his raids on labor unions and by putting unions under gangster control that his "anti-machine" slogan is just a mask.

Further, Courtney has the support of Colonel Knox, whose main strategy is to wreck the Democratic Party in Chicago and in Illinois, or if not wreck it then to place it in the hands of the Garner-Democrats.

Mayor Kelly, on the other hand, is a candidate whose past record is far from commendable. His part in the South Chicago Massacre is not to be forgotten. That is a blotch which cannot be removed from his record. Meanwhile, however, encircled by the Courtney faction, Kelly has grave fears for the Democratic Party and has been forced to swing into line behind a New Deal program. As a matter of fact, Mayor Kelly has been the only candidate of the four major candidates who has come out for the New Deal. Likewise, Mayor Kelly has become sensitive to the needs of Chicago's people and has begun to listen to his constituents. It was through his intervention that the recent Stockholders Strike was settled and thugs were kept out of the plant. It was through his efforts too, that Chicago will finally have a subway.

It is evident then, that the issue at stake in the primaries is: SHALL CHICAGO HAVE A NEW DEAL? Yes, Chicago wants better days, but only a mayor who supports the New Deal will give us better days. Chicago needs new leadership, but it must be the type of leadership that President Roosevelt has given the nation. We want a better Chicago, but only when the voice of the people is heeded by the mayor shall we have it. BRING THE NEW DEAL TO CHICAGO! DEFEAT THE COURTNEY-REPUBLICAN PARTY COALITION!

DO YOU KNOW that in Bridgewater, Mass. a group of between two and three hundred Lithuanian workers own and operate a cooperative shoe factory?

PHILLY STUDENT SENDS LETTER TO "V" EDITOR

Comrade Pruseika:

I want to thank you for remembering me on your trip and for your best wishes. Since the last time I saw you many things have changed and I find much more to relate to you. In the first place I am now an uncle. My sister gave birth to a nine pound baby girl November 17, 1938. Nancy Ellen is a strong healthy baby and gives much joy to all of us. My brother-in-law is working and he is also very active in the Philadelphia local of the German-American League for culture, which is an Anti-Nazi organization.

Father has been very active in the "Laisvė" Vajus." Philadelphia received the third prize and came within a hair's breath of winning the second or even the first prize. For a time, work in the Lithuanian organizations was very difficult because of personalities. Recently a meeting was held, in the presence of Mizara, where all grievances were thrashed out and now the work seems to be proceeding harmoniously.

The last time I saw you was in Detroit in 1937, at that time I was attending the Drexel Engineering Institute. I was able to find work in the fall in the laboratory of Koppers Coke Co., which made it necessary for me to quit school. In the summer I was laid off. I began to look upon my school work from a different perspective; realizing that I had no real interest in engineering, and the only reason for taking that course was to get a job in "Philco Radio." Upon graduating from High School I could not acquire any enthusiasm for subjects that were purely methodical memorization of scientific facts. I often felt that there was too much of memorization in high school and believed that our teaching methods should be changed. With these thoughts in mind I decided that it would be better to change my objective and do something which is of more interest to me.

Temple University

This fall I have entered the Secondary Educational Department of the Teachers College, Temple University in Philadelphia. Dr. Butterweck, sincerely believes in progressive educational methods where students instead of subjects are taught. Development of personality and character is more important than memorization of dates and facts. In our department we have classes in cultural subjects like music, modern dancing and art as well as our regular studies. As an additional cultural opportunity we have an Activities Fund which enables us to get tickets for the best Plays and Operas at greatly reduced prices. This money is used to help pay the expenses of the different trips which we take. During the first three days of the Xmas vacation we took a trip to investigate "bootleg mining" in around Pottsville, Pa. The trip costs us three dollars and the rest was paid by the fund.

Bootleg Mining

On this trip we had the opportunity to observe a region where the capitalist system has begun to break down. The system can no longer supply work for the majority of the population. The people had to take things into their hands to keep from starvation. We had an opportunity to visit the giant breakers, coal mines, bootleg holes, business leaders, union officials, etc. On the third day we divided into small groups and visited different fields of interest, the home, school, relief stations, courts, etc. I was in charge of a small group that visited a Lithuanian Priest in Frackville, Father Norbutas. It was very interesting to see

how few people understand the underlying economic causes for the crisis in the coal industry. The students are beginning to think along these lines. Some of our reactionary students, who have always thought that people were poor because they were not intelligent enough to be rich, have been forced to change their opinions. They have come to the conclusion that some of these poor miners, that they have talked to, are just as intelligent and even more so than their friends from the middle class.

At the present time we are planning a trip to the TVA during our Easter vacation. As I am on the committee, I would like to know if you have any contact with anyone in that region. I do not know what our itinerary will be, but we hope to stop in Harlan Co., Kentucky, Resettlement Project in West Virginia and in Tennessee proper.

Progressive Movement

Another thing which pleases me in Temple University is the strong student progressive movement. The American Student Union, of which I am a member, is an officially recognized campus organization. It has led every progressive movement on the campus; organized an all University Peace Council, on which practically all campus organizations are represented and which has adopted the correct policy of collective security of guaranteeing the aggressive nations, etc. This awakening of students to the social and economic problems they are faced with is very gratifying. Although as yet the awakening is not as wide spread as it should be, it gives one new energy to carry on the work of educating the students for a better world.

Comradely yours,
A. M.

FRENCH APPEAL TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

PARIS—Leading French intellectuals have sent an appeal to President Roosevelt saying: "In the name of very many of our fellow-countrymen, we express to you our gratitude and admiration and the hope that the great American Republic, conscious of the peril for the world, will facilitate the defence of the Spanish Republic by raising the embargo."

Signatories to this wise were President Paul Langevin, of the College de France and member of the Institute of France; M. Jean Perrin, former minister, member of the Institute; Professor Joliet of the College of France and Nobel prize winner; Mme. Joliet-Curie, Nobel prize winner.

To Erect Monument on Dramatists Grave

Friends of the late Joseph Buragas, who for many years was prominent in Lithuanian dramatic circles, will erect a monument on his grave at the Lithuanian National Cemetery on Memorial Day this year.

A committee of J. D. Bendokaitis, J. Stulgaitis and Petronole Millerienė has devoted much time to raise the money with which to purchase the monument as a tribute to the late dramatist.

Straws in the Wind

EVER SINCE THE day Secretary of the Interior Ickes had his debate with Frank E. Gannett' chain newspaper owner, the newspapers have bought extra supplies of ink to defend themselves. "Old Ick", as he is fondly known in some quarters, has left some sore spots on the hides of the newspaper publishers with his revealing tongue lashing. The curious thing about the defense of the "Lords of the Press" is that it is no defense at all but a bickering over some technical aspects in "Old Ick's" presentation rather than a survey of the charges.

WE RAN ACROSS an item announcing that the New York City public library has purchased fifty-four extra copies of Adolph Hitler's book "Mein Kampf." A heavy demand necessitated this, they say. Inasmuch as this book outlines the struggling young author's ambitions, it is possible that people are impatient for tomorrow's headlines and want to know beforehand what Chamberlain will be thinking when he next meets Hitler. In the case of American audiences knowledge of Hitler's program should be a powerful weapon for resistance.

We're thinking too, that Dies should read this book and learn exactly what the Bunds, Silver Shirts, etc., etc., are, and where the real threat to American institutions lies.

WITH ONE OF the auto companies hiring Petty to illustrate their ads with his drawings of frames of hucious ladies. . .well! And saying that their product has a luxurious chassis. We suppose "sex" cylinders, as well.

WE REMEMBER SOME years ago when bull sessions at our universities were regarded by the uninitiate as something resembling a stag party in which only the select participated, and around which there was an air of mystery and romance. Some of us used to have the same intangible feeling of fascination about student days at Heidelberg. That's all changed; today your radio is a ticket to the weekly broadcasts from different campuses around the country. We find none of the appeal we thought was there. Student's voices with uncertain inflections pose questions and become involved in tangents. Anyway, even with the romance gone, we think the idea of airing the bull sessions good. It brings the mind of the undergraduate by radio to the public and in turn the mind, or criticism, of the public by mail to the undergraduate. Thus can another case of isolation be broken.

AN UNPRECEDENTED EVENT in the publishing business occurred this winter in the Soviet Union. A textbook, a "Short Course in the History of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union", sold out more than six million copies within a few days of its publication.

WE AS LITHUANIAN youth should become very interested in some of the extreme concepts of Americanism arising out of godness knows where. Why? Because we as sons and daughters of foreign born parents are going to hear a lot of vituperation heaped up on our parents heads. They are going to be accused of being foreigners that are cluttering up our country. Our parents will be blamed for unemployment, etc. Deport the aliens will be the demand, and we will have a happy America.

Deport our parents! They, Lithuanians, who have squirmed in the guts of the earth in Pennsylvania mining black gold, who have stewed in the juices of the slaughter houses in the Stock Yards to feed the world, and who have bent their backs in the steel mills to make girders and rails for other foreigners to put together.

And if they did succeed in driving out the Lithuanians, and other nationalities, out would go the diverse types of culture which they contributed: music and songs and dances, ways of speech, diverse approaches to philosophy and science and religion.

WE WERE ARGUING with a couple of guys the other day about what constituted typical Lithuanian dishes. We maintained that there were really only a few dishes that can be truly called Lithuanian, like Sriuba, Kolduniai and Kisielis. The other guys thought there were many but could not name them. We wonder if any reader can help us out by sending in a list of typical Lithuanian dishes. We'll publish these lists as they come in. As a matter of fact we think it would be a good idea to run a weekly discussion series on this topic. All that is needed is your cooperation.

BUNNI SOVETSKI

INSECURITY ENDANGERS HEALTH OF ATHLETES

(BY PURDUE STUDENT)

This tale is about a basketball team—one of the leading high school teams in Indiana during the last season.

The basketball team started the season like a house afire, was well coached, and had unusual natural material. Then all of a sudden, it began to slip. A few games were lost.

The team fell in general ratings. Soon, all the games were being lost. Fans began to criticize the coach. "Why didn't you play so and so"—you know—you've heard that chorus before.

Just when the team should be improving, when the plays should be getting faster and more accurate, there seemed to be a mysterious slipping. Only one player on the team showed the generally expected steady improvement. The other players were willing, eager, courageous—but something was wrong. They played a wretched game. The captain of the team played miserably, far below his standard. The coach couldn't understand the reason for the sudden downfall.

Malnutrition Is Cause

One day, during one of the games, there was a keen-eyed surgeon amongst the spectators. "There is something wrong with those players. They are not playing like boys. They are working like old men," said he. The doctor went to the coach. The boys were sent to the surgeon's office the very next day and received a complete medical examination. The examination disclosed that all the boys were suffering from MALNUTRITION!

It was discovered that more than half of the boys of this team came from families that were "on relief". The one boy who had shown a steady improvement came from a well-to-do family that lived on a farm at the edge of the town, and this lad ate three square meals a day. When the season opened, he was on the second string. Today, he is a star. The boys who did not eat regularly were unable to keep up the pace.

The Coach's Problem

If you were the coach of this team, what would you do? The rules and regulations specify that the boys cannot have a training table, and can't be given money for meals or fake jobs. The coach is honest and plays according to the rules.

But, what about it? This problem is facing almost every coach in the country.

This team has filled almost every gym in the country that it has played in this year. It has drawn thousands of dollars worth of admission. But the games were played by hungry boys. Hungry boys sweat on the basketball floor in order to thrill thousands of fans who are ignorant of the boys' plight.

Victims of Insecurity

The real trouble is that these boys are not given enough relief or their fathers have been cut from their WPA wages. And now, our dear anti-New Deal Senators vote against appropriations for these needy families. Such incidents not only happen in basketball, but they occur in all sports and it is a problem that every athletic coach faces when he goes out into the field of physical education and coaching.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. — George Washington couldn't smile, because his false teeth might have popped out, said dentists attending the annual convention of the Minnesota State Dental Association here.

LDS Pin Notes

The Redwings and Sparks finished the first round of LDS bowling hostilities in a deadlock for first place. The championship of the first round will be decided at a game to be rolled off in the near future.

Leading money winners are as follows: Redwings, Monarchs, Sparks and Roseland. High team series goes to the Redwings, who have made a 2,476. The high single game score was made by the Sparks, a 902. Julius Woods made the highest individual single game with a score of 217. Frank Solomon won the individual series high honors with a 577.

The Redwings captured two out of three games from the Roselanders in their meeting last Sunday. The Monarchs upset the dopsters by taking two out of three games from the highly touted Sparks keglers.

Next Sunday's games will see the Redwings and the Monarchs fight it out for the League lead, while the Sparks tackle a much revived Roselanders five.

Julius Woods has replaced G. Kwein as the individual high scorer. F. Kwein has boosted his average to 157.

Four of the Redwings' five bowlers are among the leading ten scorers.

Last Week's high marks were as follows:
3 Game Series—Monarchs, 2,291
High Single Game—Redwing 803
Individual Series—P. Walters, 616
Individual Single—P Shimkus 216

Individual Averages		
Player	G	Avg. High
J. Woods, M	18	163 217
G. Kwein, RW	30	162 208
F. Solomon, RW	30	161 201
J. Bernot, RW	24	159 214
M. Batutis, M	24	158 201
F. Kwein, S	15	157 185
T. Paulus, S	27	157 203
Krauciuinas, S	30	154 196
R. White, S	18	154 212
A. Lucas, RW	24	150 180
P. Shimkus, M	30	148 216
P. Walters, S	24	143 194
S. Bernot, RW	27	142 193
W. Unaris, R	30	139 177
W. Muralis, R	30	134 210
P. Pakstis, M	15	132 170
E. Sermikas, M	18	130 185
J. Petritus S	24	126 160
P. Elanis, R	24	116 172
C. Pazar, R	24	96

TEAM STANDINGS SECOND ROUND		
	W	L Per.
Monarchs	2	1 .667
Redwings	2	1 .667
Sparks	1	2 .333
Roseland	1	2 .333

YOUTH RAP RECREATION CUT

DETROIT — Mayor Richard Reading's \$125,000 proposed cut in funds for Detroit's recreation department was roundly scored by delegates to the Michigan state convention of the Young Communist League meeting here last Saturday and Sunday.

Upton Sinclair

"RED GOLD"

Gerald has been very glad to get back to the comforts and enjoyments of American civilization; but at the same time he realizes that there is something he misses. The people he left in Siberia have enthusiasm. They work in a frenzy of excitement for a dream. The Americans also work hard and believe that they have a dream, but it is not very real to them. What is real is the large amount of money they get; and having got it, they spend it upon what seems to Gerald aimless things. He attends cocktail-parties and hears such cynical conversation. The so-called prophets are breaking down. People are becoming "smart." Their sex-life is loose, and they become more and more bored with the necessity of concealing the fact. It is now the smart thing to make allusions to intrigues, one's own and those of other people. It is the era of "Coolidge prosperity," and Gerald is called a "Bolshevik."

Vanya Arrives

"Amalgamated Electric" is now making great quantities of supplies for the Soviet government and is glad to take its notes and receives payment in "red gold". Gerald has an opportunity to go back and install more of his machinery; but Vanya writes him that she is coming to the United States as a member of a commission to study American educational methods. He decides to wait for her. He has made up his mind that he prefers the Russian girl, but he still prefers American civilization, and begs Vanya to stay in America and to marry him. But she has no interest in American civilization except to learn about its good things and to take them back for the benefit of the Russian collectives.

She invites him to come back and see their child.

Depression Begins

She leaves when Gerald is still trying to make up his mind. The panic hits America; the business of "Amalgamated Electric" falls off, and Gerald, being no longer the future husband of the President's daughter, is one of the many engineers who are thrown out of work. He takes a government job and is sent to Fort Knox, Kentucky, to assist in designing plans for a great storage place for the many billions of dollars worth of gold which the American government has acquired and which it does not know what to do with it. World's most secure vault is to be built in a military post where no enemy can ever get it; "where moth and rust do not corrupt, nor thieves break through and steal."

Gerald realizes that he has followed this gold through a strange and rather absurd journey. It has been dug out of the sand at the bottom of a Siberian river, sent to Seattle and refined, then deposited in a bank, thence shipped to the United States sub-treasury, and now it is going to be again buried under the ground in Kentucky. Enormous amounts of labor have been expended, and for what purpose? Why not leave this "red gold" under the river in Siberia, instead of burying it on the other side of the earth? What has this gold done on its way, and what is the meaning of its journey?

Gerald sits on the edge of the excavation in which the burial is to take place, and he speculates about two women and about two civilizations. He sees that America has got the gold and that the Russians have the machinery—merely the gold dredges but turbines and dynamos and power-

transmission lines, all kinds of valuable products which will help them in making comfort and security for themselves. It seems to him that Russia has had much the better of the bargain, and he speculates about what will happen when the next war comes and America gets all the gold in the world in exchange for its munitions. The rest of the nations will have an opportunity to play a cosmic jest upon the profit system, by forbidding the return of gold to their country, and thus devaluing it. Perhaps by that time the chemists will have found some way of transmuting gold into mercury or some other useful product!

Comments

Such is the story which I should like to help in writing. My suggestion is that you should publish this synopsis and invite some competent writer of the Soviet Union to volunteer as my collaborator. I will have to accept your assurance as to the competence of any particular writer. If more than one volunteer should appear, I will ask your editorial staff to select the one whom you judge best adapted for the task. It will not be necessary that the writer shall know English. The book will presumably be published in both English and in Russian, and therefore the work of translating our mutual contributions will not be wasted. I would suggest that the Russian writer shall write the Russian scenes. The American scenes, probably be more of the former; but this would not be unfair, since I am furnishing the idea and the plot. I would suggest that the English writer shall take whatever the story may earn in the Soviet Union and I take whatever it earns in its English version, and that we divide equally whatever may be earned by editions in other languages. I would expect the Russian writer to do his part of the research work carefully, so that the story may be historically and in all other ways correct. I have tried to keep my own work at a high standard in this respect.

This is, of course, a very novel proposition. The collaboration ought to excite interest in both your country and mine, and the published work should serve a worthy purpose in enabling the peoples of two widely different civilizations to understand each other better. I am open to all suggestions for modifying the story or for getting the project under way.

This further idea occurred to me: That we might use the story as a means of discovering and bringing forth some new talent in the Soviet Union. You might offer the opportunity to collaborate as a reward, to be won by the young writer who produces the best sample chapter dealing with any of the Siberian scenes in the above outline. You might appoint a committee to read manuscripts submitted within a reasonable period of time, say a couple of months; the length of the chapter to be somewhere between 5,000 and 10,000 words. I would be very happy to collaborate with the winner of such an award; but in the case I should have to revise his portion of the work, at any rate, so far as concerns the English language version. It seems to me that this story would be an excellent one for many young writers to practice upon, because it will compel them to study Soviet history, and also the ideology of capitalist America.

With fraternal greetings,
Upton Sinclair



HOW TO RUN BASES—Van Lingle Mungo, fire-ball pitcher of the Brooklyn Dodgers baseball club, seems to be all set to make a round of the bases on horseback. In fact, however, he was biding his time, at his home in Pageland, S. C., before signing a contract for the coming season. He asked \$15,000 as his season's salary. Dodgers officials offered \$5,000.

DETROIT TO SEE L. K. M. STAGE "STUDENT PRINCE"

The performance Sunday was very good. Much credit is due to our "teacher" Joe Kenstovitz, our charming pianist, Aldona Sokas, the prompter, Ignatz Raisins, and, of course, the cast in general.

All the young ladies of the Chorus looked their prettiest last Sunday. The gentlemen wouldn't help but ask them for a waltz or two or something.

Frances Arlis, Ruth Y., and Bill Cook are victims of the "foes." We wish you a speedy recovery and want to see you all at rehearsal soon.

Josephine Rapp is leaving for Colorado to regain her health. She will travel thru some of the south-western states; she will also visit the California Exposition in San Francisco and then she will remain in Colorado for two years. We wish you an interesting and pleasant journey.

A member of the Roseland Chorus visited us a few weeks ago and left tickets for their operetta with Walter Slench. Many members were spotted purchasing tickets from Wally.

The White blanket of snow

here in Chicago and if it's still here, won't be very inviting to Alice White and La Verne Forrier when they return from Sunny Florida. You better have your furs handy or you might freeze some of the beautiful tan, we hope you acquired. Welcome home, girls!

We have with us two new members, Monica Nor, and Marion Marker; we would like to see you girls every Tuesday and we feel sure you'll like it.

If any of you ever rides in Joe K's "Dusenberg"—it runs too—stuff your ears with cotton or something because Joe forgot to put putty on the windows and oh, how they rattle. Joe, by the by, and several others are going to Detroit this weekend. Have a nice trip, boys and Joe, don't forget to take care of your "car."

Again we are at the "Student Prince" and a lot of brushing up is needed. So members Student Prince Rehearsal have started work ahead of us. You know that this operetta is going to be given in Detroit, April 16, 1939. So we'll see all of you Tuesday at 8 o'clock sharp.

F. & W.

YOUNG DEMOCRATS BACK KELLY AND THE NEW DEAL

"Young people today are wide-awake to political problems because economic conditions have restricted their opportunities," Bud Arvey, president of the Cook County Young Democrats, said last week. "Organization has 25,000 members in the 50 wards of Chicago," said Arvey. "They don't follow any leaders blindly. They want to know the w...s and where-o-

fore's of every candidate. The Young Democrats have endorsed Mayor Kelly for reelection because he is carrying the policies of President Roosevelt and the New Deal, the alert and genial youth leader declared.

The President has a good program for the youth in the National Youth Administration and the CCC camps, asserted young Arvey. "Mayor Kelly has long been an aid to the youth of Chicago in establishing new playgrounds and parks when he was head of the South Parks Board."

The Young Democrats have an

"The President has a good program that brings prominent civic leaders to the ward branches to aid in the functioning of city, state and national governments.

At the same time, the Young Democrats from 15 to 35 years of age, are taking their stand in every election. Until recently there were two County groups.

"Most of the leaders of the Horner group, along with the majority of their members, are now in one united organization behind the New Deal and are supporting Kelly," said Arvey.

ODDS AND ENDS FROM ROSELAND

Our splash party was held at the Griffith Pool last Wednesday night and I regret to say that very few members attended. Social nights are held every Wednesday night so come on boys and girls (It's free too!) Don't forget 104th and Harvard, you'll have a nice time. The older ones are invited too.

Helen Leugoud, and Joy Seselgis have returned to us after an absence, of which illness was the cause.

Mary Malesch did not show up at rehearsal Friday, and I regret to say that she is ill. Hurry up and get better Mary!

Unusual? And how! Ye scribe, Michael Sorkis came to rehearsal late!

Why does Bernice have that bored look on her face during rehearsals?

Encyclopedia Roselandica (Continued)

RAT. A very pretty fur-bearing animal and also a friendly term used by members in addressing one another.

BAR. Sweet smelling. The place to which everyone is in a hurry to get to and hates to leave. Can always be found, even by new members!

BOYS. Brainless. A certain conceited species of the human race. These strange creatures can be stumbled over anywhere. Chief occupation... making girls miserable!

HORNS. A loud noise installed in a car. Used by boys who are too lazy to ring the doorbell.

The beautiful scenery, and balmy climate of Hawaii appeal to many of our members at this time of the year. Connie and Alberta will see each other there at some future date.

Palmera thinks no one listens to her when she gets up to speak, and because only crazy people talk to themselves, Palmera would rather not address an audience.

Credit goes to the Rose-LanderS for throwing a big dance. The Roseland L.D.S. isn't as large as other branches and I think that they certainly deserve credit for undertaking such responsibility. A grand time was had by all of those who attended the dance last Saturday and we really appreciated having you all with us.

MISS NOSE ITALY.



Once again the Lithuanian University Club is able to announce that a full \$300 scholarship loan is offered to some deserving Lithuanian youth. Needless to say the opportunity is an unusual one. Although there are many thousands of students attending colleges and universities all over the country, there are almost as many students who, because of lack of finances have found it impossible to continue their education. It is for especially deserving but unfortunate students such as these that scholarships are offered.

Just three years ago, the first scholarship was offered by the L.U.C. to Lithuanian students of Chicago. From the various affairs the Club sponsored, enough profits had been made to make possible such an award. However, it was felt that it would be a greater advantage both to the future of the fund and to the receiver of the scholarship award if the award were a loan rather than an outright grant. Hence, since 1936, it has been the policy of the Lithuanian University Club to annually offer one scholarship loan which is payable back to the organization over a period of five years. No interest is charged on the loan.

Anyone of Lithuanian descent, who has need of a scholarship loan in order to keep on with his formal education may apply for this scholarship. All candidates must either at present be enrolled in some accredited college or university or must be eligible to enroll as a sophomore junior, or senior in some such institution. It may be stated here that the city group colleges fall into this category. In addition to the above mentioned qualifications, the candidates must have earned at least a "C" or better, average in all college courses they have thus far attended.

In applying for the scholarship each candidate is requested to write an essay, in his or her own handwriting, on "Why I Need a Scholarship." This must be sent in together with a recent photograph of the candidate plus three letters of recommendation, two from members of his college faculty and one from a person other than a relative. It is also customary for the candidates to submit to an oral examination before the board of trustees of the L.U.C. Scholarship Fund.

Since no application will be accepted after May 1, 1939, all possible candidates would do well to seriously consider this offer and mail in their applications some time before the deadline.

Reminiscing:

The Annual L.U.C. Card and Bunco Party at International House was quite a social success. Card players and bunco players, the lucky winners who carried off the grand prizes as well as the few less fortunate ones all have memories of an enjoyable evening.

A goodly number of Club members started the week out right by attending the grand Vilnis performance last Sunday.

Looking to the Future:

As was previously announced, the semi-finales of the ping-pong tourney will be held tonight at Gage Park.

Rumor has it that the sports committee is planning quite a splash party for next month. After the final plans have been made, the definite date will be given in this column.

The regular L.U.C. meeting is scheduled for Sunday, February 26. Since the educational committee has arranged to have a guest speaker at this meeting, the

REDWINGS TAKE TO WHEELS AT ROLLER SKATING PARTY

ROSELAND DANCE:

The Redwings made a grand showing at the dance last Saturday. Despite colds, flu, etc., twenty Redwings traveled South to dance in the land of roses. The Redwings will hold a Spring Dance in May and we'll expect as good a showing, Roseland.

Benny Kriseken was working behind the bar, giving Roseland a helping hand.

Isabella Gedrim won the ladies door prize—a permanent.

Ann Mason & Leonard Kelly didn't wait until Friday to go skating. Ann & Leonard had their spill at the dance.

VILNIS AFFAIR:

Orchids (as Jimmie Fidler would say) to Nancy Gordon, Jack Gordon and Fritz Jacobs for their brilliant performances in "Baudziavos Nuotakos", Sunday at Sokol Hall.

Ruth Yuskauskas is one of those on the sick list this week. Ruth has the flu. Stella Stankus is much better.

BOWLING:

Last Sunday the bowlers started a new round in the league with individual handicaps instead of team handicaps. This will make bowling more competitive and to win you will have

to put everything you have in it. The Redwings won two games from Roseland and lost one. The Monarchs also won two games from the Sparks, so this makes the Redwings and Monarchs tied for first place.

George Kwain was high man and Stanley Bernot low man. Frank Solomon had a very bad day. Please bowl for the game and not for your individual average and you'll be back on top as you were Solly.

The Girl Bowlers are scheduled to bowl against the Sparks at White City, this Sunday, February 26th. Cella Rivera of the Sparks has an average of 165 but that doesn't frighten us Redwings.

The Executive meeting will be held at the home of Nellie Glezvich, 2448 West 39th Street, Monday, February 27th, 8:00 P.M.

The Redwing Meeting will be held Thursday, March 2, at Hollywood Inn, 8:00 P.M.

At last the Roller Skating Party tonight at White City Roller Skating Rink at 8:00. Be sure to bring your pillows and knee guards. You'll need them from what we heard from the last skating party.

Well,
THAT'S ALL FOLKS.

Catholics, Communists Clasp Hands At Roseland Rally

It seems that a new day is dawning in Roseland. When Lithuanian Communists and Catholics can unite to work and play as was witnessed last Sunday evening at our church hall, true working class solidarity is on the march. For too many years our so called progressives have isolated themselves for various reasons but with our present leadership much is to be gained.

At the annual banquet of the Lithuanian American Political Club, we had the honor to hear representatives of E. J. Kelly and A. G. Lindell candidates for mayor and alderman respectively. All speakers of the evening stressed cooperation toward better living and working conditions

regardless of our different political and religious beliefs. I must mention also that our grand old man "The Shoemaker", upon his oration, drew the most interest and applause.

The club is one of the largest Lithuanian organizations in Roseland and has unanimously endorsed E. J. Kelly for mayor and A. G. Lindell for alderman ninth ward with both candidates accepting the progressive program demanded by the club. Honorable mention for the success of the banquet must go to Father Chernauskas, Ambrose Stalnonis, Mike Misevick, Petronis and others. We should have just as much harmony in all of our activities.

The Absorber.

A MINUTE WITH Sparks to Hold Monte Carlo Nite

This is more or less an announcement to the effect that the social that was to have taken place this Sunday, Feb. 26 will be postponed on account of the Flu.

Instead, and hoping that everyone has recuperated by then, the social will be held after the Monarch's monthly meeting, March 6, 1939.

Because of this postponement, there will be a special form of entertainment and surprise at this social. Therefore, all members who have not attended the last few meetings, please attend and enjoy this surprise.

When surprise is said, surprise is meant, for you'll be able to see how you can benefit by this one.

Keep this in mind and have your ears open for all other important news concerning the Monarchs.

By General Information

ERIE, Pa.—Vowing he would "rot in jail" before he would support his wife, Anthony F. Kline today completed a full year in jail rather than pay \$12 a week to his wife.

official business session will be some what shorter than usual. All members and prospectives should make a special effort to attend this coming meeting.

Sparks to Hold Monte Carlo Nite

The Sparks are inviting all LDS'ers to attend their gala Monte Carlo Nite at the Milda Hall, 3142 S. Halsted St., next Saturday, March 4th.

A little over a year ago LDS'ers passed a very enjoyable time at similar affair given by the Sparks and we Sparks feel sure that you will like to enjoy our Monte Carlo Nite this year.

Featuring this evening of fun will be music, dancing and a varied assortment of prizes.

Admission to the affair is 20 cents in advance 25 cents at the door.

INDIANA HARBOR, Ind. — Helen Gagus, pretty Monarchite, made a successful bow in her first appearance as an actress in a one act comedy "Passion of Youth", which was presented in Lithuanian under the joint sponsorship of LDS Branches 81 and 140 at the Ywanow Hall here last Sunday evening.

Complimented by many on her fine performance, Helen surprised her friends when she insisted that her first performance shall be her last.