HOLY SERVARY VASARIS









Our Lady of Šiluva Roman Catholic Church Maizeville, PA

PUBLISHED BY THE KNIGHTS OF LITHUANIA

Vol. 69

No. 2

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PUBLISHED BY THE KNIGHTS OF LITHUANIA

VYTIS is published monthly Oct. thru May, bi-monthly June-Jully and August-Sept. by the **KNIGHTS** of **LITHUANIA**. Second class postage paid at Chicago, IL. Subscription - \$8.00 per year. All Correspondence should reach the Editors by the FIRST of t e month - two months in advance of issue. The Editors assume no obligation to return any material not solicited.

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Our Lady of Šiluva Maizeville, Pennsylvania

Diamond Jubilee

By Rev. Casimir Pugevičius

1907 was a great year for new Lithuanian parishes in America. This country was booming; railroads reached everywhere; a steel industry destined to become the world's greatest was beginning to flex its muscles; American cities were growing. To fuel all this, Pennsylvania's coal was needed. To dig the coal, thousands of strong young peasants from eastern and central Europe came in to take the place of upwardmobile Welsh and Irish in the mines.

Many of them had come to America thinking that the streets were paved with gold. When they arrived, they discovered not only that the streets were not paved with gold; in many cases, they were not even paved; and what was more, that they had been brought in to do the paving — and the building, and the forging and the mining.

Most of the new immigrants brought with them little of this world's goods; but in their veins flowed centuries of history, and in their hearts burned a deep Catholic faith. Everything was wonderful, but strange: the climate, the land-scape, the language.

The Lithuanians, like many others, came fleeing political oppression and economic deprivation. In 1907, they were low man on the totem pole: the last to arrive up to that point. Coming from a land which had been dominated by its bigger neighbors for centuries, often mistaken for Poles or Russians, arbitrarily forced by immigration officials, teachers and sometimes insensitive clergy to anglicize their names, our parents, grandparents and great grandparents tended to congregate in an effort to retain their personal identity and to give each other mutual support.



Mural behind main altar

People with family or village ties found each other; mutual benefit fraternals sprang up, and so did groups of people wanting to organize a parish they could call their own. Along with the earliest immigrants came pioneer priests to provide the leadership. In the Providence of God, Rome had made provision for the so-called national parishes, and the bishops of the United States, then almost entirely Irish or German in origin, allowed such parishes to be established one after the other.

And so it was that a Lithuanian parish, under the patronage of St: Louis, was established in Gilberton as a mission out of St. Vincent de Paul, in Girardville, in 1907. The first pastor of the new parish, Anthony Milukas, was a priest who would go down in Lithuanian-American history not only as a shepherd of souls, but as an apostle of the press and as one of a small group of clergy who were responsible for the appearance of Lithuania, still 18 years away from independence, at the Paris World's Fair, and as one of those responsible for the founding of the Sisters of St. Casimir. This parish has noble roots.

When the next pastor, Father Pautienius, decided it was time to build a new church, Maizeville was the site selected. This is not the place to re-tell the history of the parish. Suffice it to say that this beautiful church is the third one that the determined people of this parish have built, after the first two were destroyed by fire.

It was in the middle of the sixties, the pastor then was Fr. Albinas Vielskis, one of a new wave of Lithuanian immigration after World War II, who fled a new Russian oppression.

When the new church, the work of a Lithuanian architect, also a Displaced Person, was dedicated on November 26, twenty-one years ago, almost to the day by Bishop McShea, permission was granted to change the title to Our Lady of Siluva. Why? Because, as the former Apostolic Delegate to the United States once told a meeting of the American bishops, everyone has the right to hear the Good News of

Jesus Christ in his or her own language. That means not just the spoken language, but the cultural context as well.

Our Lady of Siluva has special meaning for the Lithuanian-American, because it was at Siluva, in Lithuania, that the Mother of God is said to have appeared back in 1608 — the oldest reported apparition of Our Lady in Europe. That apparition seen not only by shepherd children, but also by a Protestant pastor, marked the turning back of the Protestant reformation and the renaissance of Catholicism in Lithuania, which was the youngest daughter of the Church in Europe — the last nation to accept Catholicism. We'll be celebrating the 600th anniversary of the conversion of Lithuania in 1986.

Today, we enjoy something called the new ethnicity. It's no longer considered ignorant to be Irish, or shameful to be Slavic, or low-brow to be Lithuanian. We've come to realize that America is not a melting pot, in which each one of us must lose his or her identity, but a beautiful mosaic, in which each individual piece retains its own identity, while contributing to the beauty of the whole picture which is America.

In their statement of 1981 on cultural pluralism in the United States, the American bishops propose what they call a "Church Agenda":

"Within the Church herself we have a task set before us that cannot be taken lightly," the bishops say. "Parishes must not fear to be centers of cultural as well as spiritual inspiration, relating the customs and folkways of people to contemporary gospel teaching. This may often require special language provisions in catechists and worship. Insensitivity on the pastoral level can alienate even the most devout. Church organizations, whether local or national, should encourage participation in the wide range of opportunities offered by the ethnic diversity of the people of God in our country. Church schools

and Catholic education on every level must strive to make Catholics more conscious of the broad range of cultural experience available in our multiple Church traditions. This should not be limited to history, but related also to contemporary ethnic expression.

"Seminaries must take special care to include the history of the ethnic communities and their cultures in the training of young men for the ministries, as already directed by the Conference of Bishops. Moreover, the seminary environment itself must be such as to include broad ethnic appreciation...Eastern Catholic Churches—their origins and Church practices—can also be made familiar in the Western Church...

"Leadership positions in Church life should be open to those of all ethnic backgrounds who are canonically eligible and qualified. The Spirit blows where he wills.

We celebrated the seventy-fifth anniversary of a parish. The parish is not the church building, nor is the parish the rectory; the parish is a living community of people, whom the parish plant is meant to serve, as a tool. The rectory is the priests' home and parish office; the church building is the house of God and gate of heaven — but the church building is not the parish.

The parish is many things: It is an organization of organizations; it is school, whether or not there is a building with classrooms; in some cases, the parish is a cultural center, enabling people to gather and to share everything good from karate lessons to folk dancing. But this is not the be-all or end-all of the parish.

There are more important elements of parish life, such as the novenas and prayer groups and other occasions on which the people gather as a parish family to raise their minds and hearts to God and to bear witness to their Faith. However, this is still not the heart of parish life.

More important than all the fundraisers and even organizations, and even more important than the parish school, or even the popular devotions, is the administration of the sacraments, those milestones of our life in God, from Baptism through the Anointing of the sick. These are more direct encounters with Christ.

But the most important of all and the center of all parish life is the Eucharist: Sacrament and Sacrifice. Even though we encounter Christ in all of the sacraments: Baptism, Confirmation, Holy Orders, Matrimony, Reconciliation and Anointing we encounter Christ most of all in Mass and Communion. The altar is the center of parish life. Every other aspect of parish life, including the other sacraments, is a preparation for our encounter with Christ in the Mass and Communion: the Eucharist. Every aspect of parish life receives its value from that Eucharistic center and reflects back to the Eucharist. Like so many planets orbiting the sun, the other six sacraments, the sacramentals, the apostolic and social and educational activities receive their light from the Eucharist as the stars do from the sun and reflect that light and spiritual energy back towards the Eucharist.

On this seventy-fifth anniversary, this diamond jubilee of this parish, congrtulations are in order to you, the parishioners and to you, Father Jarsunas. We join you in thanking God for all the blessings of the past seventy-five years. We pray for all those pastors and parishioners who have gone to eternity, and finally we pray for the future of this parish of Our Lady of Siluva, for you the pastor and people of this parish, that whatever the future holds in store, God might give you the wisdom and the courage, the Faith, Hope and Love to handle it.



BOOK REVIEW

Sister Virginia Vytell, CJC

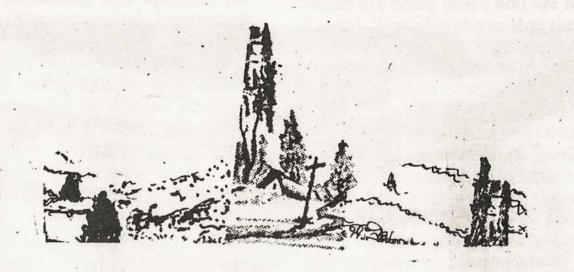
On February 16, 1918, the people of Lithuania, with help and encouragement from Lithuanian-Americans, declared their independence from Czarist rule. But this life of freedom, however, was interrupted after 23 years when a systematic reign of terror and enslavement was launched in Lithuania by invading Soviets after World War II.

Using the same method as in Afghanistan 40 years later, that is, "in the name of a treaty of friendship and mutual assistance", Soviet troops in June of 1940 invaded 3 small peaceful nations on the shores of the Baltic Sea, Lithuania as one among them, and the planned Soviet Genocide of the 3 nations was begun.

From Lithuania alone more than 30,000 people were deported to Siberia under sub-human conditions. Though interrupted by the German-Soviet War the deportations were resumed in 1945 and continued into 1950 until one-fourth of the population was destroyed or exiled. The "Black Holocaust" of the Jewish people at the hands of the Nazis is well known and highly publicized and the Nazis criminals have been sought out and punished, but the horrors of the "Red Holocaust" of Lithuanians through the brutality of the Soviets is only now beginning to surface and to reach the western world.

A book, "Soviet Genocide in Lithuania" which had been displayed in the showcase of the Albright Memorial Library in Scranton during the week of June 14th, is considered by many as the most carefully researched and meticulously documented account of Soviet atrocities in Lithuania.

In it the author, Juozas Pajaujis-Javis, presents a comprehensive examination of the policies of national



and cultural genocide as practiced in Lithuania by the occupying armies and political bureaus of the Soviet Union. He shows the philosophical link between totalitarian aggression and genocidal political action.

A revelation is given in frank and painful detail of the persecutions, repressions, and violations of human decency as inflicted on the people by the Soviets. A detailed, analyses and a first hand description is made of the Gulag, the Soviet Forced Labor Camp System. It is a vivid and terrifying portrait of the tragic fate of political prisoners whose only crime is that of seeking freedom and self-determination.

Juozas Pajaujis-Javis (1894-1973), a citizen of the United States in 1952, had joined the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C. where he served for 15 years. As an educator he had taught at the Institute of Commerce in Klaipeda and later as a professor of Economics and Economic Geography at the University of Vilnius in Lithuania, and, after coming to the United States, at the University of Alaska.

A political figure with a PhD in Social and Political Sciences, Juozas Pajaujis-Javis had been a member of the Lithuanian Parliament in 1926-27 and of the Lithuanian Delegation which negotiated a Trade Agreement with the Soviet Union in Moscow (1926). Fifteen years later (1941) he was chosen as Minister of Labor by the Provisional Lithuanian Government which had been formed between the Soviet occupations of Lithuania.

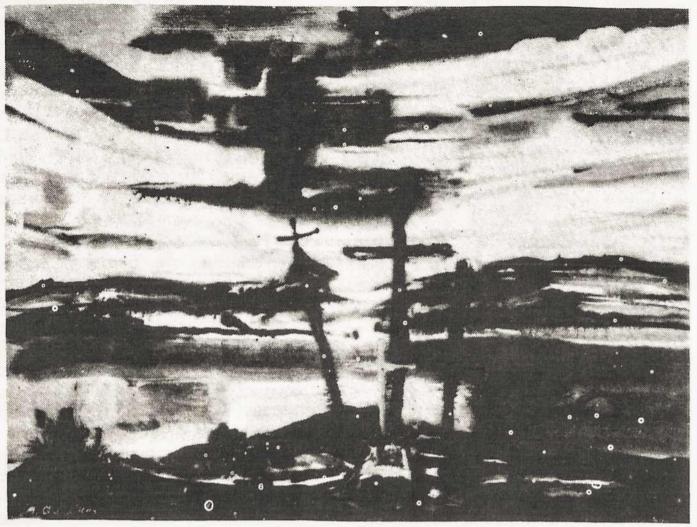
With all his experience and knowledge of the inner functioning of the Soviets, Juozas Pajaujis-Javis supplies the American public with valuable information. The number of America's specialists on Soviet and East European Affairs is considered low, it is all the more urgent that the Soviet strategy to conquer a people be seriously studied in "Soviet Genocide in Lithuania".

It is likely that Moscow and Washington hold the fate of much of the world in their hands. A lack of information on Soviet strategy could leave our Central Government unequipped to make foreign policy decisions in favor of world democracy. The fact remains that researching Soviet Affairs in Moscow or in Eastern Europe at best is an extra-ordinarily difficult task, refugees from Soviet countries are more easily reached and their writings are now available. The book, Soviet Genocide in Lithuania by Juozas Pajaujis-Javis can be obtained from The Lithuanian National Foundation Inc., P.O. Box 21073, Woodhaven, New York 11421.

Here is your opportunity as Knights of Lithuania to purchase the book that you may learn what most of the world does as yet fully know about the tragic experiences of our Lithuanian people.

Contribute a book to the library in your city. Let others read of the horrors inflicted on our people that they may realize the agonizing Calvary endured by an entire nation. May it be a prelude to her resurrection!

ONFEBRUARY 16



Lietuviškos kapinaitės dail. Adomo Galdiko

Translation

Liutas Grinius
Member of the Executive Board
The Supreme Committee for the
Liberation of Lithuania

Address at the Lithuanian Cultural, Centre, Brooklyn, N.Y. on February 21, 1982 on the occaion of the sixty fourth anniversary of Lithuania's declaration of independence in the city of Vilnius, Lithuania, February 16, 1918.

Forty and two years after the occupation of Lithuania by the Soviet Union one can occasionally hear skeptics profess that independence of a small nation is only a myth.

It is a natural for such thoughts to be advanced by Communists in Lithuania because it is in their interest to propagate the supremacy of the Russian nation and to force Lithuanians to accept their future tied with that of the Russians.

Indeed, Lithuanians have suffered oppression and the yoke of Slavs for more than a hundred years in the past. But the nation has long ago spoken and rejected such ideas.

Lithuanians are not of Slavic culture, feelings and historical origin. Lithuanians have never acquiesced to the future of the Slavs. This determination was not derived from studies in institutions of higher learning and it did not derive from rationalizations or geopolitical theories. The realization came about naturally through the centuries of gradual national self determination. For at least eight hundred years Lituania was the cultural and ideological bridge between the West and the East. This role has not changed to this day. Lithuania is not looking toward the West even more so because it is there that the light of liberty shines. The numerous emigration from Lithuania for more than a century has tied the nation with the West evermore.

February sixteenth is a day of celebration for Lithuanians wherever they are. This is a unifying day beacuse all sons and daughters who love their country and their nation unite in one and only aspiration—Freedon or Lithuania! This voice is discoole in Lithuania pro-

per. It is heard among Lithuanians in White Russian and Polish administered Lithuanian areas. It can be heard in Lithuania Minor and it is also heard in the vast reaches of Russia — in places of exile and deportation. The loudest cry for freedom is, however, heard from organizations and individuals of the free world.

This is the way it should be because it is only we who can freely speak for an oppressed and persecuted nation. It is only we who can advertise the great hurts being perpetrated upon our nation. Only we can testify to the cruelties of Russian Communists, to the extermination of people and nations by a bankrupt dictatorship whis is self-serving and acts only in the name of Russian imperialism.

We know the facts of life within this Godless Russian Communist society. We know too well the facts of life within the Godless Russian Communist society. We know too well the facts of life of our tortured brethren. As true children of our nation we feel the compulsion to speak to the world about our hurt. This is a sacred obligation of every Lithuanian abroad.

It is not sufficient to speak, however. Lithuania needs our labor. The defense of Lithuania needs dedicated people who are able to work in unity. This work also needs money. It is this five pronged formula which kept the legal status or Lithuania's independence alive in the free world for the last two generations. Such an achievement is not accidental and it is not insignificant. Two generations represent a very long time in a world of rapid change.

It was the formula of devoted labor, dedicated people and money, all applied in concert in the United States of America, which produced the Lithuanian American Council. It was this council which obtained assurances in 1940 from President Roosevelt that United States will not recognize the Soviet occupation of Lithuania as a legal act. It was this same formula which extracted the

promise to protect Lithuanian refugees in Germany from forceful repatriation to the clutches of the NKVD. It was the same formula, applied again in Australia by recent emigrees, which reversed the Australian Government's position to non recognition of the occupation of the Baltic republics. Lastly, it was this formula which extracted in 1979-80 the concurrent House and Senate resolutions which strongly indorsed the freedom for the Baltic states and set the stage for presenting our case at the Security and Cooperation review conference at Madrid.

These facts show that it is possible to achieve goals when they are pursued in conference among people and organizations with federated effort. we have a well developed structure of specialized central organizations which perform their individual tasks. We alos have a functioning structure for joining our forces in the pursuit of common political goals so that we all speak with one voice. This is important because our weight in the eyes of others depends upon the strength of our organizations and our ability to stand united.

Concerns for Lithuania and our nation are not just reserves of organized effort. There is much room for individual endeavor which, while not as visible, is no less important. There is the need to help out loved ones in Lithuania. There is a need ro maintain family ties.

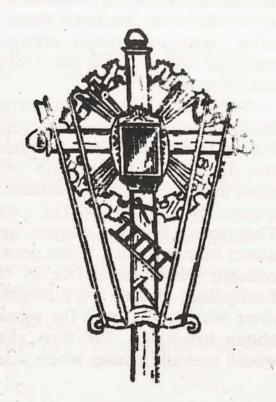
There is also the very important task fo corresponding and uplifting the spirit of the persecuted, imprisoned and exiled. The care and aid for the families of the prisoners can only be done by individuals for individuals. These are the significant personal ways to show that we care about our nation not only on great commemorative days, such as this, but by expressing our commitment to February 16th every day.

We rejoice today that the quest for freedom for Lithuania has not died after forty two years. In fact, Lithuania's rightful demands for freedom are now being noticed by more and more people. The Supreme Committee for the Liberation of Lithuania hsa received during the last few years more favorable replies from more governments that ever before. Officials of the United States Department of State have hastened to assure our Charge d'Affaires during this year's February 16th reception at our legation in Washington that United States will continue to defend Lithuania's right to unhindered sovereignty and will continue to demand freedom for our persecuted brothers and sisters. The Moscow controlled radio Vilnius and the Soviet controlled Lithuanian press have recently found ever increasing need to denounce the effort of the Supreme Committee for speaking abroad in behalf of Lithuania and the Lithunian nation. All that is encouraging because it shows that our voices are being heard and are being heeded. This also shows that there is a need for dogged determination and persistent work. Without this work Lithuania's political situation and the situation of our compatriots within Communist occupied Lithuania would be much worse. It is therefore useful to continue the search for better ways for representing our case. In the pursuit of these goals we can neither tolerate skeptics nor can we tolerate those who demand quick results or those who exploit the sacred causes for their own aggrandizement theough personal propaganda.

We know well that Lithuania is alive. Our brothers and sisters in Lithuania have told us that on many occasions and they have dramatically told us that they want to live and live in freedom!

Let us therefore, on this February sixteenth, repeat our sacred obligations to our nation and to Lithuania:

We believe in the immortality of our nation. We believe in the eternal love of one Lithuanian toward another. We believe in every Lithuanian's desire to help his suffering nation not just on February sixteenth but by individual and organized ways every day. So help us, God, to remember this sacred duty fo fulfill this promise daily.



DAUGĖJA KRYŽIAI KRYŽIŲ KALNE

Lietuvoje žmonės gausiai lanko Kryžių Kalną, kuris randasi netoli Šiaulių miesto. Apskaičiuojama, kad ant kano yra pastatyta daugiau negu penki tūkstančiai įvairių kryžių. Beveik kasdieną išdygsta vis nauji, taip, kad kalnas jau beveik negali jų sutalpinti. Nuostabiai daug gražių, meniškų ir brangių kryžių.

Nesenai buvo pastatyta Marijos altorius su gražia statula, taip pat 1981 metais atsirado Švenčiausios Jėzaus Širdies statula. Nors komunistai draudžia ir sodina į kalėjimus, bet žmonės pavieniai ir didelėmis grupėmis lanko Kryžių Kalną, kur meldžiasi, gieda giesmes ir kalba rožančių.

Motion that the Baltic States Question be Turned Over to the United Nations*

* Original appeared as "Siulo Baltijos Valstybiu Klausima Perduoti Jungtinems Tautoms," Dirva, No. 22, June 3, 1982.

On April 27, Dr. Albertas Gerutis, a member of the Lithuanian Diplomatic Service, had a long interview in Bonn with West German Reserve Brigadier General Wolfgang Schall, a member of the European Parliament. In Strasburg, on May 11, Dr. Gerutis visited with Dr. Otto von Habsburg, senior member of the ancient Austro-Hungarian royal family.

Dr. Gerutis had two interviews with von Habsburg (one in the morning, the other in the afternoon), which lasted over two hours. These meetings touched on the important matter of the Baltic States.

Back on January 9, 1981 six Conservative British delegates to the European Parliament presented a motion about the situation in Lithuania, Estonia, and Latvia. The motion was based on the Appeal signed by Baltic dissidents, requested that the United Nations Organization (UNO) recognize the right of the Baltic States to free selfdetermination and independence and that the UNO demand free elections in these nations. Moreover, the British motion drew attention to the Helsinki Accords, according to which are guaranteed free national self-determination and freedom for the peoples themselves to decide without restraints their own political future and regime. The British motion pointed out that the formerly free, neutral Baltic States were occupied by the Soviet Union in 1940, as a result of the Ribbentrop-Molotov secret agreement and that this occupation continues to this very day.

The British parliamentarians demanded that the foreign ministers of the European Community agree upon a positive policy regarding the legitimate demands of the Baltic

peoples and that the Madrid Conference make an in-depth review of the plight of the said Baltic nations.

Finally, the motion expressed the hope that the Foreign Ministers Conference will do everthing that is possible that the wishes of the said nations concerning the form of government they want to live under will be realized.

The European Parliament on January 12, 1981 conveyed the British Parliamentarians' motion to the Political Committee. During the sessions of September 23-25, 1981 the Political Committee decided to prepare a report as rapporteur. On February 24-26, 1982 the Committee deliberated on the documentation prepared by the rapporteur and during the April 28-30 sessions adopted the suggested resolution. Among other things the resolution offered to pass the question of the Baltic States to the Commission on Decolonization of the United Nations Organization and to report about the resolution to the governments and foreign affairs ministers of the European Community.

The rapporteur, Dr. von Habsburg, prepared an exhaustive amount of evidence to support the resolution. In the documentation he points out that the Soviet Union is the last colonial state. A colonial regime was imposed upon the Baltic States, Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia, which were occupied by the Soviet Union following the Stalin-Hitler Pact. The Soviet Union invaded these countries taking advantage of Hitler's victories in France. But the greater part of European states, including the United States of America, Australia, and Canada still recognize the statehood of the Baltic Nations.

The report continued: "Historically those three Baltic nations belong to Western culture. Their writings use Latin, not Cyrillic alphabets, their religion is western: Evangelical in Latvia and Estonia, Catholic in Lithuania; their language are not Slavic".

The rapporteur in his argumentation states that from the start of the occupation Moscow has systematically attempted to denationalize the Baltic nations and to exploit their natural treasures for Russia's benefit. He presents statistics to show how foreigners, especially Russians, are being colonized in the Baltic to dilute the native population of the Baltic nations. The languages of the native Balts are being driven out of the public sector and in their stead Russian is being foisted according to plan. In the economic field, the local national resources are being looted. As an example, the rapporteur shows the extend of exploitation of oil shale in Estonia, which has reduced the landscape to the appearance of lunar craters.

The report states further: "The policies of the Soviet Union have a negative effect on people. A widespread sense of hopelessness has led to a decrease in births and an increase in alcoholism which has reached catastrophic propor tions in the Baltic States".

The rapporteur draws the conclustion that one has a basis to speak about a cold, planned genocide. These developments run counter to the Helsinki Agreements, to the United Nations Charter, not to mention the denial of the right of self-determination to the Balts."

The author in his argumentation details the persecution of religion in the Baltic States, especially dwelling upon Catholic Lithuania. He mentions that a clandestine "Chronicle of the Catholic Church in Lithuania has been circulating since 1972 and concludes that the facts show that after years of foreign occupation national and religious resistence remains strong".

At the end of the argumentation he concludes: "The Baltic States belong to Europe. They were part of the democratic community of nations and the League of Nations between the two world wars. Therefore, Europe cannot speak about human rights, if she does not concern herself with fate of these Europeans. If they were forgotten, there would be a basis for speaking about hypocrisy, for then silence would prevail in cases where a large

The rapporteur in his argumentaion explains why he offers to subnit the matter to the Commission
n Decolonization of the UNO. He
ninks that this would give the entire
ase "a positive d irection". On this
asis he suggests that the ministers
f the European Community
eliberate the matter, that the case
e conveyed to the Commission on
Decolonization. "Decolonization
annot be divided. What holds for
frica and Asia, should hold for
lurope," concludes the rapporteur.

This appears to be the status of ne British delegates' proposal conerning the occupation of the Baltic tates and Dr. Otto von Habsburg's aggestion to the European Parlianent that the case be turned over to he U.N. Commission on Decolonization.

The Baltic Diplomatic Represenatives - A. Gerutis (Lithuania), A. Silde (Latvia) and E. Reisenberg Estonia) spoke with general W. Schall in Bonn about this matter. General Schall is a member of the European Parliament and that institution's Political Committee. As a general Baltic spokesman, Dr. Gerutis discussed the case in depth at Strasburg with the rapporteur of the Political Committee, Dr. Otto von Habsburg. Dr. Gerutis also met with delegates to the European Parliament W. Schall and Prof. W. Hahn in Strasburg.

During the conversation it became known that the senior member of the Habsburg family had resided in the United States and personally had known P. Zadeikis and A. Bilmanis, the envoys of Lithuania and Latvia respectively to Washington. His mother, ex-queen Zita, while in New York regularly attended services at the Lithuanian church. At present the ex-queen lives in Switzerland, where she observed her 90th birthday on May 9th.

During his conversation with A. Gerutis, the former pretender to the Austro-Hungarian throne (he re-

nounced his and his family's claims to the Habsburg throne) indicated that he gladly accepted the task of being rapporteur for the Baltic case. Although he had never visited any of these countries, he is acquainted with Baltic history, culture and the current situation. Dr. Gerutis was gratified in learn ing that the Habsburg duke is sympathetic to the Baltic nations.

During the last war general W. Schall, as a junior officer, had frequently visited the Baltic States and knew their people. He also has great sympathy for the Balts. Dr. Wilhelm Hahn is the only member of the European Parliament who is from the Baltic, from Estonia. He is a professor at Heidelberg University and has been the education minister of Baden-Wurtemberg for many years.

Translation by Dr. Algirdos
Budreckis
Submitted by Daniel J.
Averka
C-17, Boston

Reflections

Two years ago was the time I made my Lithuanian family mine.

The excitement of our first meeting A warm Lithuanian greeting.

The joys, the sorrows for us all, I felt barriers between us ... fall.

In their eyes there were tears, And in my mind I knew their fears.

In my heart I felt proud, "Thank you God," I said aloud.

I met a woman, my grandmother's daughter, My love for her will never falter.

I saw my grandmother in her eyes My love for her was no surprise.

On that day, I felt bliss.

My life had new meaning with her kiss.

Memories to treasure, one of a kind Nowhere else ... on earth I'll find.

The rest of the family also came, Love touching love, repeating each name.

Getting to know them was so much fun, We walked in the rain, we walked in the sun.

Hours to days went quickly by "Please Teta", I said "Do not cry".

"Our memories will forever be, I am part of you and you of me."

The day to go home came too soon, Our plane was to leave Lithuania at noon.

Our lives are changed because we met Our love, hopes and prayers, I will never forget.

Remember, Teta, you are in my heart, Miles or time will not keep us apart.

MARY ANN LEPERA

RECALL FEBRUARY 16

Edward Vytautas Meilus C-26 Worcester, Mass.

February 16th, 1918 - to most people is just another day in history, but, to nearly 2 million Lithuanians who reside in the free world, and 4 million Lithuanians who are forced to live under the iron-fisted grip of Soviet Oppression, it is a day to

remember independence.

Why remember an independence long since snuffed out by Soviet aggression during WW II. This was but the first in a series of similar acts by the Soviet Union during WW II and, in the decades since, to this very day. Examples from recent history, 1956 in Hungary, 1968 in Czechoslovakia, 1979-Afghanistan, and currently the situation in Poland, the list is endless. The Soviet Union's history of aggression has resulted in 42 nations to date to be euphamistically called the Captive Nations and the list is still growing.

The rights of our Lithuanian brothers and sisters are being violated by the Soviet Union's oppressive policies of russification, religious persecution and genocide. To those who do not understand, therein lies the reason to remember an independence, which was stolen

in the night, 42 years ago.

Under similar circumstances, at the turn of the century, Lithuania was under szarist Russian rule and sought to rid herself of foreign domination. Lithuanian activists and patriots, who have since come to be known as the Fathers of the Lithuanian Renaissance, organized an underground network of information dissemination so that the populace at large would awake from the deep sleep of 123 years of domination by the czar.



One of these men, Dr. Vincas Kudirka, in 1898, wrote the words and music to the Lithuanian National Anthem, Lietuva Tevyne Musu. The Anthem first appeared in the underground journal "VAR-PAS" the Bell because, at this time, the czar's policy of Spaudos Draudimas was at its heights, when it was outlawed by Russian Edict to print, distribute, or own books published in Latin characters as we know them today.

Lietuva Tevyne Musu was adopted as Lithuania's national anthem in 1919, one year after the Restoration of Lithuanian Independence, the event which we commemorate here today.

We all stand proudly and sing together this Lithuanian National Hymn. Whenever I sing those 16 lines the following comes to mind and I would like to share my thoughts with you. Kudirka begins: Lietuva Tévyne Můsu, Tu didvyriu žeme.

Lithuania, my country, land of might you'll ever be. You are the land where my father was born. This is where my roots are, deep in history. This is the land of heroes, not only of people like you and me. By reading history, one can see that many men and women defended Lithuania to their deaths. Because of this history, Kudirka continued: Iš praeities tavo sūnūs, Te stiprybę

From your past your fonds sons will gather strength from you. The

731-year history of Lithuania, the rule of Vytautas the Great, when Lithuania stretched from the Baltic to the Black Sea, when Lithuania was the most powerful nation in Europe, Lithuania's Golden Age in the 14th and 15th centuries. It is from this that our brother and sister Lithuanians gather the strength to resist Soviet Oppression. We sang further: Tegul tavo vaikai eina, vien takais dorybės.

This is a goal for all of us to strive for. May you always walk down the roads of virtue. Lithuania has never been a warring nation, or had vainglorious visions of world conquest or domination. For that reason I must not that not one word of the Lithuanian National Anthem speaks of the glories of war or conquest. The Anthem Continues: Tegul dirba Tavo naudai ir žmoniu gérybei.

Let us all walk for the betterment of the nation especially in these times of oppression, so that the culture, traditions, and history may never die.

Tegul saule, Lietuvos, tamsumus prašalina, It šviesa ir tiesa mūs žingsnius telvdi.

Fount of Light Lithuania, may your bright sun pierce all that is in darkness. Show us Truth's noble way and we will follow in your sight. All our works on Lithuania's behalf are in the spirit of truth, it is our cause celebre, our righteous cause. We must vow to dispell all darkness, be it the darkness of oppression, or the darkness of ignorance. Truth will set Lithuania free.

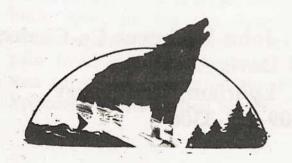
Tegul meilė Lietuvos, dega mūsų širdyse, Varden tos Lietuvos -Vienybė težydi.

In our hearts Lithuania, love for you will live forever. In the name of our Lithuania, may unity fluorish forever.

Love for Lithuania should burn as a torch within each and every one of us, so that the spirit of Lithuanianism will live within us always. Emotions know no language, so therefore it is not necessary to speak Lithuanian fluently to have a feeling of being Lithuanian within you.

For 22 years in this century, this Lithuanian National Anthem, symbolic of the freedom of our nation, was sung publically on numerous occasions. It was during those 22 years of restored independence in this century that Lithuania prospered in economy, education, and culture. Lithuania joined the League of Nations, precursor to the United Nations, and reclaimed her rightful place in the worldwide family of Nations. But then on the night of June 15, 1940, the Soviet Union invaded Lithuania, with numerous divisions of troops and secret police and began the now four decades of oppression which this ancient country is forced to bear. There were Mass Deportations, and many of them, but the most brutal of which occurred on the night of June 14th, 1941 when 34,620 Lithuanian citizens, were packed into cattle cars, with no food, no water, and no sanitation facilities for three days - exiled to the frigid Siberian wasteland. In what I find to be the most devastating statistic, one third of those deported on that night alone, were young children and junior high school age students.

During WW II Lithuania became a pawn among the so called super



powers first under the Soviet Unions' control, then under Nazi Germans and then ultimately in 1944 Lithuania was incorporated illegally, into the Soviet Union as the Lithuanian Soviet Socialist Republic, a fate no Lithuanian wanted. Lithuania was thrust back into the dark ages, when the concepts of nationhood and self-determination were unheard of.

So then, the commemoration of the restoration of Lithuanian Independence day is one of joy, that is touched with sadness, and of fond remembrance of the days when Lithuania was free, bringing a tear to our eyes and a lump into our throats. This is nothing to be ashamed of, because our emotions are real and not contrived. I think that all of us can be happy with a sense of accomplishment, in that remembering Lithuania's lost independence, we cement our unity of purpose into an indestructable Rock of Gibraltar, which can never be chipped apart. This is accomplished through out collective pride in being Lithuanian, in our public showings of unity, our pride in telling our friends or co-workers that I'm proud to be Lithuanian.

This public pride of being Lithuanian though, must not cease as the calendar changes. The passing of the day to remember independence must not end all of our public pride in being Lithuanian, but rather this sould mark the beginning of what must be for us continuing activism, each in his own way on Lithuania's behalf.

Lithuania is not dead, but only sedated into a deep and unwanted sleep by the Soviet Union. Our brother and sister Lithuanians resist daily, we cannot and should not tell them what to do or how to do it. They know their conditions better than any one of us. They cannot go at it alone though. We must, therefore, with all of our resources insure the continuance of the Lithuanian Nation and work unified for what history tells us is an eventuality - freedom based on the principles of self-determination and restored rightful nation hood.

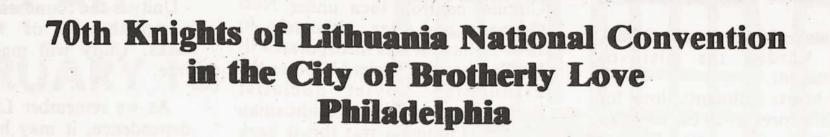
May I leave you with this thought - Unity is the foundation for the accomplishment of Monumental tasks. Unity will make Lithuania free.

As we remember Lithuanian Independence, it may have been for many a time when being Lithuanian is important, but once the day passes, for some putting Lithuanian National feeling on the back burner is more the rule, than the exception. To these I say Lithuanianism should not be like a good suit or dress, only to be worn when a special occasion arises, but rather it must become an integral part of one's wardrobe, so to speak, being so a part of oneself' that a day would not go by without it being used. Pride in one's heritage, in one's roots never goes out of style, now being more stylish that ever.

But that is not the point here. What is more important, is that having renewed our commitment to the cause for Lithuanian Independence publically, that righteous cause must be ours always, not only once a year when February 16th comes around.

Our rights as Americans, living here in the United States, guarantee to us all that we can speak out, meet publically and when the need arises, criticize the government and our legislators for their inaction on Lithuania's behalf, without fear of arrest, imprisonment, or reprisals. Remember, as Edmund Burke has said, "All that is necessary for the triumph of evil is for good men to do nothing".

For this reason, we must use our rights as American citizens to help our brother and sister Lithuanians, who cannot speak for themselves, who cannot meet publically. We must speak up so that the basic human rights, religious freedoms, and all the freedoms, which we sometimes take for granted, which are denied our Lithuanian compatriots by the subjugator of many nations the expansionist-minded Soviet Union, would be rightfully reinstated to Lithuania and her suffering people.



Dates: Thursday - August 18, 1983 thru Sunday - August 21, 1983

Philadelphia is a city with style.

An open-air Italian Market. A Victorian City Hall. A tree-line boulevard bedecked with flags of all nations. Tiny boutiques among 200-year old townhouses. Cobblestone streets, illuminated by old-fashioned Franklin lamps.

It sounds like any one of a dozen European capitals, but it's Philadelphia.

Philadelphia's focal point is still Independence National Historical Park. "America's most historic square mile. And it is in this particular section, that our hotel is located." Council 3 is planning a Convention with you the delegate in mind.

Mrs. Dianne Drumstas Chairman 131 Federal St. Phila., Pa. 19147 1-215-271-9005

Mr. John Mickunas Co-Chairman 333 Davis Ave. Mt. Ephriam, New Jersey 1-609-931-3306

CULTURAL CORNER

"Lietuva Tévyne Műsų"

Anna Klizas Wargo Cultural Chairman

In this month of February, as we commemorate the short-lived independence of Lithuania, let us reflect on the Lithuanian National Anthem.

It was written in 1898 by Dr. Vincas Kudirka during those forty years of darkness when Russia banned the printed word aiming to destroy the Lithuanian Nation's cultural life. It was first published in "Varpas" the underground journal which Kudirka founded and edited. He wrote both words and music.

The first lines of the hymn, "Lietuva Tévyne Mūsu, Tu Didvyrių Žeme," describe Lithuania as the homeland of Lithuanians, a land of heroes. As we continue, "Is praeities Tavo Sūnūs, Te stiprybę semia," this shows the spirit, the strength and the pride of the people. Next, "Tegul tavo vaikai eina, Vien takais dorybės," Let your children walk a path of virtue, keeping the

highest ideals of life; "Tegul dirba tavo naudai ir žmonių gėrybei," Let us work for the best interest of the Lithuanian Nation and the good of the people. "Tegul saulė Lietuvos, tamsumus prašalina, ir šviesa, ir tiesa mūs žingsnius telydi," Let the sun of Lithuania shine through all the dark clouds, let the light and the truth lead us. Finally, "Tegul meilė Lietuvos, dega mūsų širdyse, Vardon tos, Lietuvos, vienybė težydi", Let the love of Lithuania burn deep within our hearts, let us stand united for Lithuania.

There are only fifty words in this anthem but they are powerful. They do not speak of war or conquest but of heroes and integrity. They state a wish that Lithuania become a source of enlightenment, defeat ignorance and be a stronghold of truth and justice. These words urge patriotism and national unity.



"Lietuva Tevyne Műsu" was adopted as the Lithuanian National Anthem at the conclusion of the Lithuanian National Conference at Kaunas on Jan. 21, 1919. Today in Soviet occupied Lithuania, this hymn is banned. Those of us who deeply love our Lithuanian heritage should sing this with great pride and respect.

This year, as we pray that Lithuania will one day again have her freedom and independence, let us think of the meaning of these words. These few lines show the beauty, the culture and the integrity of the Lithuanian Nation.



GEORGE WASHINGTON

He was born 251 years ago on February 22, 1732. A large, sturdily-built man, he led the American troops against the British Army to gain freedom for our country. He was subsequently elected the First President of the United States.



ABRAHAM LINCOLN

He was born 174 years ago on February 12, 1809. As President of the United States, he devised the first "Draft Law" in March 1863. In 1864, he appointed General Ulysses Grant to head the Union Army against the southern states who favored slavery.





VALENTINE'S DAY

Since the late 1700's, sweethearts sent notes to their loved ones on February 14th. We celebrate the memory of two martyred saints named "Valentine" on this day. It is believed that birds start their new mating and nesting season on this date.





ESCHEW VULGATE LITHUANIAN

Algirdas Budreckis

Language Lore: III

Vulgate Lithuanian or "Kitchen Lugan" should be avoided and replaced by the more sonorous and melodic standard Lithuanian.

There is a reason for the development of Vulgate Lithuanian in the United States. Generally speaking, the Lithuanian immigrants, of peasant stock for the most part, without proper schooling or the rudiments in the niceties of their own native tongue, quickly succumbed to the influences of American English. They eventually became more and more careless in distinguishing between the grammar and vocabularies of the two languages. Furthermore, they were exposed to concepts not encountered in the homeland. They were unable to find or remember Lithuanian equivalents for these terms. Thus, they absorbed many special English terms picked up in the factory, at school, in the army and at work. They mingled English with their native Lithuanian dialects. It was no longer necessary to communicate in a literate Lithuanian language which served no useful function in the new world. As a result, there is a large everyday Vulgate vocabulary which has replaced Lithuanian equivalents.

We will continue with our listing of the more commor Vulgate Lithuanian terms.

W 7	e distrib		9400		37
V	ш	BŒ	ВŒ	177	
w	ш	H Z		a w	

A migare		
Lithuanian	English	Standard Lithuanian
garadžius	garage	garažas
garbičius	garbage	šiukšlės
garbičmenas	garbageman	šiukšlininkas
gemblerius	gambler	azartinînkas
gemblyte	to gamble	lošti azartus, kortuoti
gengė	gang	gauja
gesas	gas	benzinas
gesalynas	gasoline	benzinas
gesrenčius	gas range	dujinė krosnelė
glencai	glands	liaukos
golblederis	gall bladder	tulžies puslė
golstonai	gall stones	tulžies akmenėliai
govermentas	government	valdžia
gredžiueišinas	graduation	mokyklos baigtuvės
greidas	grade	skyrius; laipšnus
grenma	grandma	senelė
grepsai	grapes	vynuogės
grynauze	greenhouse	šiltnamis
grinorius	greenhorn	atėjūnas
gryzas	grease	tepalas

groseres
grosernykas
gutaimas
hamburgeris
hauzas, auzė,
hauzė
hatdogas
imbalmeris
imbalmyti
impruvmenta
impruvyti
inčius
indijonas
indžinas
infleisinas
inkamtaksai
inšiurinas
inšiuryti,
yšiuryti
investyti
investmentas
išboilyti
išfajeruoti
iškikyti
jardas
kaitas kakročius
kankrytas
karas
karferis
karpenderis
karpetas
kateris
katoninė
kaučius
kazinas
kazinė
kečepas
keiksas,
keikas
kempé
kenas kendė
kenuoti
kerinimas
keryti kečeris
kešeris

kešyti kičinas

groceries grocer good time hamburger house hot dog embalmer to embalm s improvement to improve inch Indian engine inflation income taxes insurance to insure to invest investment to boil up to dismiss, fire to kick out yard kite cockroach concrete car car fare carpenter carpet cutter of cotton couch cousin cousin catsup cake camp can candy to can taking care to take care cashier

to cash kitchen daržovés daržovininkas pasilinksminimas kotletas

namas desrele balzamuotojas balzamuoti pagerinimas pagerinit colis indėnas variklis infliacija pajamų mokesčiai draudimas

drausti, apdrausti investuoti investicija išvirinti atleisti iš darbo išvaryti kiemas aitvaras kakšlė, tarakonas betonas automobilis kelpinigiai dailidė, stalius kilimas, patiesalas sukirpėjas medvilninė sofa pusbrolis pussesere pamidorų padažas

tortas stovykla skardine saldainis konservuoti globojimas rupintis kasininkas iškeisti čekį virtuvė

Vulgate		- Compression of Calendary	milkmonas	milkman	pienininkas
Lithuanian	English	Standard Lithuanian	mynti	to mean	reikšti
kidigardinas	kindergarten	vaikų darželis	misteikas monkė	mistake	klaida
kypyti	to keep	laikyti; sergeti		monkey	bezdžionė
kiukamberis	cucumber	agurkas	monki biznis	monkey business	tuščias dalykas
klačius	clutch.	sankaba	monkytis	to fool around	maivytis'
klazetas	closet	drabužinė	murderis	murderer	žmogžudys
klemsas	clam	kriauklė	muvis	movie	filmas
klynyti	to clean	valyti	nefrentauti	not to be friends	nedraugauti
korka	cork	kamštis	niursė, noirsė	nurse	gailestingoji sesuo
			ofisas	office	raštinė ,
korkuoti	to cork up	kimšti	opereitorka	operator	operatore
kornai	corn	kukur üza i	orderis	order	užsakymas
kornas		o de Portio de la Colonación de	orderiuoti	to order	užsakyti
(on foot)	corn	tryne	orinčius	orange	apelsinas
kortinos	curtains	užuolaidos	orindžiusas	orange juice	apelsinų sunka
The state of the s	customer	nuolatinis pirkėjas	ospitolis	hospital	ligonine
kotas	coat	paltas	overkotas	overcoat	paltas
kreizauzė	crazy house	beprotnamis	overtaimas	overtime	antvalandžiai
kortas	court	teismas	paipa	pipe	vamzdis
kreizevojimas		kvailiojimas	paliokas	Polack	lenkas
kreizevoti	to act crazy	kvailioti	pamkinas	pumpkin	moliūgas
krekes,			pare	party	balius
krekeriai	crackers	sausainiai, džioviniai	parkyti	to park	pastatyti automibili
kremberes	cranberries	spalganos	pèdė	pay	alga
kremsai	cramps	mėšlungis	pedleris	peddler	prekiautojas
krymas	cream	grietinėlė	peimentas	payment	užmokestis
krosyti	to cross	pereiti per gatve	pencelis	pencil	pieštukas
kuchne	kitchen	virtuvė	penšinas	pension	pensija
kukas, ku-			pentas	paint	dažai
keris, kuke	cook	virėjas, virėja	penteris	painter	dažytojas
kukiai	cookies	sausainiai		The state of the s	dažyti
kukyti	to cook	virti	pentuoti	to paint	
kuleris	cooler	šaldykla	pentre	pantry	indauja
kvityti	to quit	mesti darbą	pikčeris	picture	paveikslas
labsteris	lobster	vėžys	pimpelis	pimple	spuogas
laikyti	to like		pleisas	place	vieta
lainé		mėgti .	pleisteris,		
	line	eilė	plesteris	plaster	tinkas
laisnes	license	leidimas	pliumeris,		
lajeris	liar	melagis	plameris	plumber	vamzdininkas
lakeris	locker	spintelé	poizinas	poison	nuodai
lančius	lunch	priešpiečiai	porčius	porch	prieangis
lancruimis	lunchroom	užkandinė	policemonas	policeman	policininkas
landre	laundry	skalbykla	presmonas,		11 11 美华东门中国建筑建筑各
leberis	laborer	diendirbys	preseris	pressman	presuotojas
leidê, leidukê	lady, little lady	ponia, poniute	pryčeris	preacher	pamokslininkas
lendlordas	landlord	savininkas	raberis	robber	plesikas
lykyti	to leak	varvėti	rabavoti	to rob	apiplėšti
liodas	load	krovinys	radijušas	radio	radijas
lioduoti	to load	pakrauti	renda	rent	nuoma
lojeris	lawyer	advokatas	randaunykas	tenant	nuomininkas
lotas	lot	sklypas	refridžereiteris	refrigerator	šaldytuvas
luzeris	loser	pralaimėtojas	reisas	race	lenktynes
majoras	mayor	burmistras	reksas	rag	skuduras
mapa	map	žemėlapis	reksmonas	ragman	skudurninkas
mapa	dust mop	šiuruoklė, dulkešluostis	rėlės '	rails	begiai
mapuoti	to mop	su šiuruokle grindis	rencius	range	virykla, dujinė krosnis
		plauti	renčius	wrench	verzlinis raktas
marketas	market	turgavietė	republikonas	republican	respublikonas
maskydas	mosquito	uodas	resleris	wrestler	ristikas
mašinšapė	machine shop	mašinų taisymo	restauranas,		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dirbtuvė	restaurantas	restaurant	restoranas
mečius	match	degtukas	roleris	roller	velėnas, ridinis,
		D- myreen	LUIUAND		
meksikonas	Mexican	meksikietis			kočėlas

Vulgate Lithuania rynyti saidvakas sainė saizas seivyti seleris selsmonas sempelis senvicius. sendvičius septemberis seredė setas sinka siūtas skaiskreiperis skymas skinis skrabyti skrečyti skrepas skreipyti skreiperis skuneris slaisas slamsai sleivyti slekas slipsas smailyti spenderis spendinimas spendyti spycius spykeris spykyti spitunas spoilyti sprinksai staila steičius steišinas steitas stendas stičius stikyti stokeris strečeris strytas strytkaris surė **svederis** svicius svicmonas svinge svyperis **ša**ftas šaisteris šantė šapa šarkė

Standard Lithus English to run (for office) kandidatuoti sidewalk šaligatvis iskaba sign size dydis to save taupyti cellar rūsys salesman pardavėjas sample pavyzdys sandwich sumustinis September rugsėjis Saturday šeštadienis rinkinys set sink kriaukle, plautuvė, praustuvé suit kostiumas dangorėžis skyscraper scheme klasta skinny plonas sveisti to scrub to scratch krapštyti skeveldra scrap to scrape grandyti grandýtuvas scraper schooner bakalas slice riekė slums lušnynai to slave vergauti gamybos sulėtėjimas slack slip kvitas sypsotis to smile spender eikvotojas spending eikvojimas to spend eikvoti speech prakalba speaker kalbetojas to speak kalbeti spitoon spiaudyklė to spoil gadinti springs spyruokles style mada stage scena station stotis state valstybė stand kioskas stitch dygsnis to stick to laikyti; lipti stoker krosniakurys stretcher nestuvai gatve street streetcar tramvajus latakas SCWCT megztukas sweater switch jungiklis switchman iešmininkas swing supynė sweeper slavikas shaft šachta shyster Sunadvokatis sharety pasiūrė

dirbtuvé

išvaizda

degtinės maukas

ryklys

šeivyti to shave **Seikyti** to shake up share **Seras** sevelas shovel šingelis shingle shift šiftas šiumeikeris shoemaker šiur sure shoe siusas šiušapė shoe shop šiustoris shoe store škulė school sleitas, sleitas slate sliperis slipper šrimpsas shrimp stempa stamp stempuoti to stamp stymas steam storas store stornykas storekeeper typewriter taipraiteris tanikas tonic televizinas television tyčerka teacher tikietas ticket tymas team tymsteris teamster tinksas thing tipsas tip toiletas tiolet trajyti to try trautas trout treinas train trekes tracks triksas ·trick tripas trip trobelis trouble trokas truck trustisas trustee tulsys tools turkè turkey tutpiksas toothpick ulseris ulcer vačmeikeris watchmaker vačmonas watchman vačyti to watch varnišius varnish vašeris washer vačyti to wash veiteris waiter veiterka waitress votuoti to vote vudpekeris woodpecker ziperis zipper

skusti kratyti akcija kastuvas gontas pamaina batsiuvys neabejotinai batas batu imonė baty krautuvė mokykla kandidatų sąrašas šliurė krevetė antspaudas antspauduoti garas krautuve krautuvininkas rasomoji masinėlė sustiprinimasis vaistas televizija mokytoja bilietas komanda vežikas daiktas arbatpinigiai išvietė bandyti upėtakis traukinys bėgiai pokstas kelionè bêda sunkvežimis patiketinis irankis kalakutas krapštukas skilvio skaudulys laikrodininkas sargas daboti lakas skalbtuvas plauti, skalbti padavėjas padavėja balsuoti genys užtrauktukas

Finally there is an "American Lithuanian mode" which follows no norm and which haphazardly borrows from one or the other language. For example, all Lithuanians are familiar with the word purvas (mud) which was changed here into dortas (dirt). Later an adjectival form based on the Lithuanian purvinas (muddy) or English dirty was coined, to wit: dortinas. Those who prefer to use English, when speaking Lithuanian do not follow rules of gender and simply says: "Mano rankos visai dorti!" (My Hands are completely dirty)....

šatas šeipas shop

shark

shot

shape

SPRINDR CORNER

C - 36 and C - 112 Juniors

Council 36 and Council 112 Juniors held their first meeting at Nativity B.V.M. Church on November 30, 1982. Father Anthony Markus agreed to be our moderator.

Everyone signed a petition requesting the U.S. Postal Service to honor the flight by Darius and Girenas.

Election of officers was postponed. We hope to have more members at our next meeting so Faustas Strolia can begin to teach us a few songs for Dainu Svente. We had a roller skating party at the Oak Lawn Roller Rink on January 2, 1983. We went to Poppin Fresh Pies after skating.

We would like to have more members. Please join our group and bring a friend. For further information, call Maria Deksnis at 229-1255 or Denise Zakarka at 434-7785.

Denise Zakarka



Twelve members of the Juniors of the Koights of Lithuania, Council 74, the Folk Dance Group, "Saules Spinduliai", who performed a pre-wedding ballet, "Sadute", at the Everhart Museum in Scranton Pennsylvania on Sunday afternoon, December 19th, were also seen on the Hatchy Milatchy Show, Channel 16, Monday morning December 20th.

Seen in the picture, 'l to r (kneeling) Kristen Rakshys, Nancy Laske, Mary Frances Rogers, 2 angels - Emma Foley (front) & Rebecca Georgia, (grand-daughters of Marie Laske) Ann Marie Glucksnis, Sandra Stanilka, Dena Kurszweil, (standing) Candal Sakevich, Tracey Meyers, Stephanie Sakevich, Robyn Kurzweil, and Kathleen Rogers. Missing from the picture is Mary Beth Rogers.



Reikia Elgtis Švelniai Ir Gražiai! Council 41 -Nevada Extension

On November 13, Tom and Helen Michalski and their children, Nora, Stephen and Greg of Council 41 participated in an International Dinner sponsored by the International Club of the University of Nevada-Reno. The event featured a smorgasbord of culinary specialties from over 100 countries, served to over 300 students, faculty and staff of the university, as well as the general public. Tom is a prof at UNR. He is Director of Regional Programs, teaches courses in ethnic studies and recently introduced Lithuanian into the curriculum.

It was soon discovered that even after almost a century, the Vyciai still have a great deal of work to do among people of other heritages in this country. We can not for example take for granted that Lithuania and her situation are well known, especially among the people from Third World countries, such as India, Pakistan, Africa and the Near, Middle and Far East.

Each participating culture was assigned its own space. To their consternation Tom and helen found Helen's 40lb Lithuanian kugelis beside a sign which read not Lithuania, but Russia! To make things worse, the Jewish specialty offered that evening was "potatoe kugel"!

Instead of getting into a squabble, or simply walking out in a self-righteous "huff and puff", Tom and Helen gently confronted Dr. Rao, an Indian by birth and other members of the committee, and quietly explained that Lithuania IS NOT, NEVER WAS and NEVER WILL BE a part of Russia and that the Russians themselves officially do not consider Lithuania to be

Russian or part of Russia. It was further explained that Lithuania was "appended" to the Soviet Union following World War II. Officially at least Lithuania is still a free and independent nation and is recognized as such by the United States and many other countries throughout the world. Even the Russians officially recognize Lithuania as a constituent and equal member of the USSR together with at least fifteen other independent minded nations and over 200 other distinct and separate ethnic and cultural groups, whose destinies are currently managed by the Soviet Communist Party. A new sign which read "Lithuania" was quickly produced!

As far as the Jewish kugel was concerned Tom and Helen used the opportunity to explain that at one time, most of Europe's Jewish population lived in a Lithuanian ruled state which stretched from the Baltic to the Black Sea. The Jews were invited to settle in Lithuania by the Lithuanian Grand Dukes. The Lithuanian Grand Dukes, who were also the Kings of Poland invited the persecuted Jews of Western Europe to settle in Lithuania. They had their own internal self government. Among the world's Jews, Vilnius was known as "the Second Jerusalem". Jews, Lithuanians and others lived in Lithuania in relative peace, harmony and prosperity for centuries until the tsarist-Russian occupation at which time the tsars persecuted both Jews and Lithuanians! Certainly kugel is as Jewish today much the same way pizza though of Italian origin is considered an all-American treat.

The occasion was also seized

upon to build further bridges of understanding between those of Lithuanian and other heritages. In discussions with Polish-Americans for example, it was soon discovered it made more sense to take a positive approach to common problems, than "fight the battles of our grandparents" over again. It was agreed that it made more sense to seek common goals, to seek reapproachment and leave historic frictions and issues to historians to "battle out". Even though there is some "satisfaction" in fighting over dead issues, the process saps strengths on both sides which could better be used elsewhere. It became pretty obvious to all, Lithuanians, Poles, Hungarians, Czechs and Ukrainians that the Lithuanian expression "Vilnius musu, o mes rusu" could equally be applied to the lands of our forbears and not just a particular and much fought over city, the Lithuanian capital, which played such an important cultural role in the histories of many of its neighbors.

Tom, Helen and their kids live far-away from the centers of Lithuanian-American life. Both are third generation Americans of Lithuanian heritage. Both speak the language fluently and have visited Lithuania. Both met and eventually married through Council 41 and are raising a Lithuanian oriented family. Neither feel they have to justify their "Lithuanian" credentials to anyone. Both feel it is perfectly all right to be as Lithuanian as kugelis and as American as apple pie. There is plenty of room on the table of life for both dishes.

People can change their names, their wives, husbands, citizenship, size, shape, hair color, almost everything in life, except their ancestors. They feel that it is more important to have a Lithuanian heart, soul and working intelligence. Unfortunately today, as in the past, there are, and always have been, people who speak, read and write Lithuanian perfectly but whose hearts walk and march to other tunes then those of their own ethnic kin, their own brothers and sisters in Lithuania and scattered throughout the world. Tom and Helen maintain that it is not for them to judge even

here. As the Lithuanian poet who signed his name "Adam Mickiewicz" wrote, "better the worst of your own, than the best of foreigners". As the old Lithuanian saying goes "kaip moka, taip ir soka" depending upon an individual's circumstances.

Tom and Helen believe that the best way to respond to those who criticize the Vyčiai for "being not TRULY Lithuanian" is to respond to the demands made upon us by present-day reality. To them, being Knights of Lithuania means more

than being members of a "beer, pretzel and bowling club" or a "kugelis and marching society". Such things are fun and good, but there is a deeper purpose to be served, not only by members in Lithuanian cultural centers but those scattered individually or in families across the United States. As members of the K of L, even after nearly 100 years, "Yes, we certainly still have our work cut out for us; bet svelniai ir graziai!"

OŽYS

Cook's Corner

Kotletai (Şalisbury Steaks) By H. M. Mary Lucas

2 lbs. ground chuck

2 eggs

1 onion (grated)

4 slices white bread milk or water to moisten salt and pepper to taste

1 can Cream of Mushroom Soup 1 envelope Lipton Onion Soup Mix

Mix meat, eggs, onion, white bread softened in milk and salt and pepper together. Form into 6 large, oval patties. Brown well on both sides. Place in roaster pan.



Bring 4 Cups water to a boil in a saucepan. Reduce heat and stir in contents of 1 envelope of onion soup mix. Cover and simmer for 10 minutes. Add 1 can of mushroom soup. Mix well. Bring to a boil. Pour over steaks and bake for 30 minutes.



RONALD E. BARIL

Member of C-7 Oakville, Ct Died on August 7, 1982

VAN KONCEVICIUS Member of C-36 Chicago, IL Died on October 1982

GABRIEL WIGGINS
Member of C-7
Waterbury, CT
Died on November 18, 1982

WALTER RUSILAS
Member of C-100
Amsterdam, NY

PETER J. SARGALIS

Member of C-100 Amsterdam, NY Died on December 27, 1982

OFICIALUS SKYRIUS OFFICIAL NEWS

L. C. R. A. Report

Balance 11/15/82		\$1550.86
Donations received:		
NED	-	100.00
Ann Mitchell Matalavich (#52)		20.00
Joseph Gudelis (#96)		5.00
C #96 - Dayton		39.50
John Antanavicius (#12)		10.00
Peter Kasilonis (#52)		7.00
Total 12/13/82		\$1732.36

THIS IS AN OPEN LETTER TO ALL COUNCIL PRESIDENTS AND MEMBERS:

(Please read the following as I will NOT be sending a letter out this year.) Following up with what I stated at the national convention, there are 56 councils in the Knights. If half the councils gave \$25.00 towards the publication of the CHRONICLE the total would be \$700.00. We have a membership of 3519. If half the membership gave one dollar the total would come to \$1759.50. There is NO excuse in us not reaching our goal - \$2500.00 - by national convention time in Philadelphia.

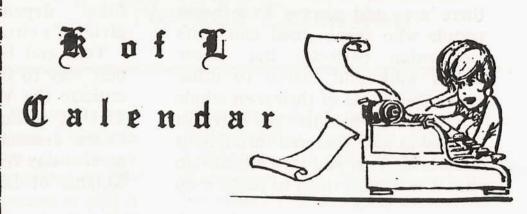
Those councils who have not donated to this Special Supreme Council Project, please, bring the above matter up at YOUR VERY NEXT meeting. Those members who have not contributed to this Project, please, take time out NOW and send your donation. All contributions are tax deductable.

Send all donations to - LCRA - CHRONICLE, Mrs. F. R. Petkus, 800 Haldeman Ave., Dayton, Ohio 45404. Taken from the CHRONICLE - #52 - March 25, 1982 edition:

Fellow Lithuanians Don't Forget

Fellow Lithuanians, Don	n't Forget
Sergei Kovalev	Julius Sasnauskas
Balys Gajauskas	Anastazas Janulis
Viktoras Petkus	Vytautas Skuodis
Mecislovas Jurevicius	Petras Paulaitis
Vytautas Vaiciunas	Algis Statkevicius
Povilas Peceliunas	Antanas Perleckas
Gintautas Iesmantas	Gene Navickaite and others
who bear the shackles of	prison, so you might freely live
and believe.	





FEBRUARY

13 C-110 LITHUANIAN INDEPENDENCE
DAY COMMEMORATION MASS
Transfiguration Church, Maspeth, NY
23rd ANNUAL "MEMORIES OF
LITHUANIA" BANQUET
Martinique Grand Ballroom, Chicago, IL

MARCH

- 6 MAMD ST. CASIMIR'S DAY MASS AND COMMUNCION BREAKFAST Darien, IL C-117 Hosts
- 6 C-110 ST. CASIMIR'S DAY MASS AND COMMUNION BREAKFAST Transfiguration Church, Maspeth, NY
- 6 ST. CASIMIR'S DAY MASS AND COMMUNION BREAKFAST C-50 New Haven, CT Loretta Stukas, Speaker
- MAD ST. CASIMIR'S DAY BREAKFAST Hosted by C-67 Bayoone, N.J.
- 17 ST. PATRICK'S DAY

APRIL

24 NED CONVENTION
Hosted by C-141 Bridgeport, CT

MAY

21-23 MCD CONVENTION AND MIDWEST BOWLING TOURNAMENT Hosted by C-79, Southfield, MI

AUGUST

18-21 NATIONAL CONVENTION
Hosted by C-3 Philadelphia, PA

SEPTEMBER

25 NED CONVENTION
Hosted by C-1 Brockton



LITHUANIANS IN THE NEWS

Edited by RUTH KAZLAUSKAS







Pope John Paul II offers prayers in the Lithuanian College Chapel in Rome. Picture courtesy of Vincent Samaska, MAMD President.

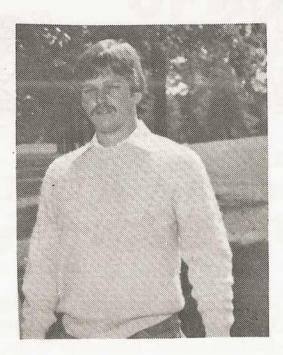
RASA GUSTAITIS is an editor of the San Franciscobased Pacific News Service. She was assigned last summer to South Dakota to write a story about the Indians at Wounded Knee. Her story "Spirits guard Wounded Knee" appeared in the Chicago Tribune last July. When it comes to teaching languages, MARIA DANGUOLE TAMULIONIS of bratenahl, Ohio, is truly a jack-of-all-trades, according to the "Euclid Sun Journal". She teaches French at Cleveland State University and English at Case Western Reserve University.

But her specialty is Lithuanian which she teaches at the Lithuanian Community Center. She has written a Lithuanian textbook "We Want to be Lithuanians", which was scheduled to appear last December. The book is designed to teach children to read, write and speak Lithuanian, making it the first of its kind in the United States.

VITAS GERULAITIS gives something back to tennis with his generosity to the Youth Foundation. He solicits aid from Borg, McEnroe, Nastase and other superstars to play in benefit tournaments to raise money for tennis development to help aspiring young players.

The Hungarian Freedom Fighters Federation Inc., on October 24th, bestowed special recognition to HELEN V. KULBER, C-41, Brooklyn, by awarding her the Hungarian Freedom Award, a gold-plated medal inscribed "Freedom for Hungary — Freedom For All", and a diploma. She was chosen by the Captive Nations Committee, Inc., as one of the outstanding leaders from other member nations who have been associates in the fight against the Communist Party International.

The November 17th issue of the Wall Street Journal, in a story about the appointment of a folklorist (Shalom Staub) to study Forgotten Ethnic Groups in Pennsylvania, reports that Mr. Staub is aided in his work by a voluntary panel of ethnic commissioners that Gov. Richard Thornburgh selected to advise on heritage affairs. One of these commissioners is ANNIE MORGALIS, Anthracite Council 144, who helped the folklorist find Lithuanian storytellers for the Christmas pageant.

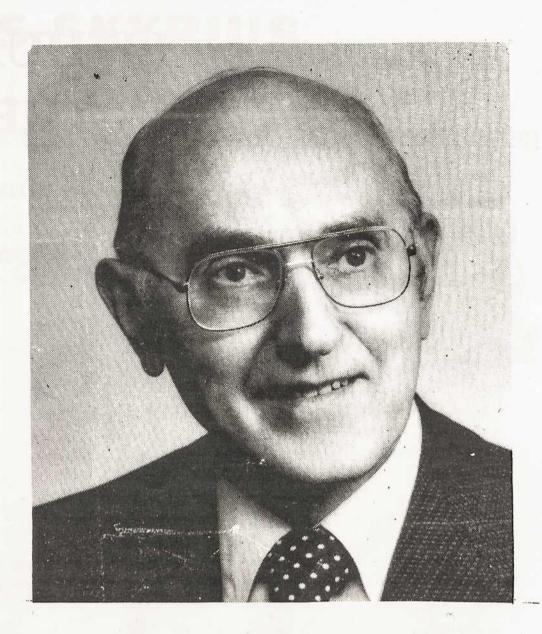


STEVE STUKAS, nephew of Dr. Jack Stukas, chairman of our Lithuanian Affairs Committee, has been listed in the 1982 edition of Outstanding Young Men of America. Steve was recently honored as outstanding employee of the month by the Playboy Casino in Atlantic City, N.J., where he is employed as a security officer. He plans eventually to join the F.B.I. Steve studied criminology at Trenton State College, N.J., for the baccalaureate degree.



KATHY YAKAITS has a bachelor's and master's degree in communicative disorders, and had a good job in her field. But she still wasn't happy. So she became a postulant of the Sisters of St. Casimir in Chicago. She still has a career working with children with communicative disorders, but now it has meaning, reports "The Chicago Catholic".

Ms. Yakaitis works at Holy Cross Hospital offering a screening program to elementary schools run by the Sisters of St. Casimir. She works with children on an outpatient basis in the communicative disorders department in addition to helping preschoolers with learning disabilities. In this age of constant activity, the structure of prayer and daily Mass in the religious community helps her find meaning in her work and puts the important things in life in proper prospective.



From the "Pottsville Republican" — DR. JOSEPH T. MARCONIS, a Potsville, Pa., physician, received the Torch of Liberty Award from the Schuylkill County Chapter of the Anti-Defamation League of B'Nai B'rith at its annual meeting last December.

The Torch of Liberty Award is given in recognition of outstanding leadership in advancing human relations, commitment to social justice and distinguished service in pursuit of the common good, and in appreciation of devotion and distinguished efforts to preserve and translate into greater effectiveness the ideals of American democracy.

Dr. Marconis is chief of urology at Good Samaritan and Pottsville hospitals, and is active in many civic organizations and numerous medical societies and associations. He is a member of Anthracite Council 144.

"I Love You."



The Art of Living

Many men know the laws of mathematics and are skilled in the arts, but most men know very little about the laws governing life, the art of living. One may be able to build an airplane and circle the globe and yet be entirely ignorant of the simple art of how to be happy, successful and content. When studying the arts, place first upon the list The Art of Living. V. Grazulis





MID-CENTRAL DISTRICT

C-86 - Du Bois

Our council displayed two Lithuanian-style Christmas trees in the main entrance windows of the Du Bois Mall. We also displayed Lithuanian artifacts in two wall display cases in the main hallway of the mall. In our Sunday church bulletin we advised the parishioners of St. Joseph Church to review the displays since many are not of Lithuanian descent. Thanks to all C-86 members who made straw ornaments and to those who furnished items for the cultural displays. We received many compliments from our Lithuanians - hopefully, it was educational to the general public also.

After the masses on two weekends in December, our members distributed holy bread to our St. Joseph parishioners. Many non-Lithuanians are beginning to follow our customs of eating this bread at the Christmas Eve meal.

We again displayed a large Lithuanian Christmas tree in the sanctuary of our church. This custom is appreciated by many people, and the season wouldn't seem to be complete without it. It was a magnificent tree! Thanks to Rusty and Jane Anderlonis of our council for donating the beautiful evergreen.

Christmas fruit baskets were delivered to twenty-one shut-ins of our parish by Dick Radzavich and Ben Bruzga. The elderly and the infirm feel deeply gratified by our remembrance of them at this most holy time of the year.

A donation of \$5000 was made at the Christmas morning Mass as one of the girls at the offertory. This money was raised from our monthly bingos held at the Lithuanian Club and is designated for the paving of our church parking lot, which is part of our \$90,000 Parish Improvement Drive. Our Holy Name Society is to be complimented for their help with these bingos since our council just couldn't do it alone. This donation makes a total of \$10,000 this year.

A great big "Aciu" to that wonderful group of C-86 members who pitched in to help make 1982 a productive year. May your performance be an example to our members who "sat in the wings" and watched your successes. Hopefully, they will become active members in the year year of 1983.

Tomas

C-96—Dayton

At the December meeting donations were made to LCRA Drive to sponsor an issue of the Chronicle by the Knights and to the North East Emergency Center from our Annual Charity Fund. The Charity Fund is built up throughout the year by donations and ten percent of any money-making project.

We thank Cultural Chairman Rosemary Preidis and participating members for their successful participation in Dayton's Annual Holiday Hello Downtown during the Christmas season. Of course, the "ausukies" were the first to go.

Thanks to Frances Mikalauskas we had a great turnout at our council's Annual Ladies Christmas Dinner. Besides hearty eating, there was a lot of sharing when we get together.

Junior Advisor HM Mary Lucas and her assistant, Elaine Pacovsky, along with the help of Junior parents, are congratulated for the very successful Junior Knights Holiday Bazaar on December 18 and 19. the Juniors themselves did much to put this project together. Susan Smiley, winner of the Food Basket, was one happy person.

Religious Chairman Eloise Berczelly did a terrific job in organizaing our Annual Christmas Caroling Project. This year we took fruit baskets to all the shut-ins and older parishioners of Holy Cross Parish.

For the first time, K of L members 70 and over were also remembered. We visited approximately 29 persons. As usual, we receive more than we give.

Following the caroling, our Social Committee under the capable hands of Chairman Chris Mantz, catered a delicious supper for us. Labai aciu!

Out-of-town members visiting during the holidays were Tony & Pat Alexander, Joe & Ann Boekes and family, Jerry & Cathy Roberts and sons. Jerry, a Sergeant in the Air Force, will be stationed in England for four years.

August & Mary Ann Blum hosted the parish's Annual Children's Christmas Party. Jim & Connie Geiger are doing a fine job as CCD teachers. Rosemary Preidis set up the K of L Christmas Tree in front of the St. Casimir Altar.

Taking care of the parish during Fr. Vaclovas Katariskis' recent hospital stay was Rev. Antanas Naujokas SDB. Fr. Cornelijus Bucmys of Brooklyn visited with us shortly before Christmas.

Stay well wishes to Joe Ryan and Annadel Miller.

Our deepest sympathies...to member Joe Boeke of Grand Rapids on the recent death of his father...to fellow knight Bill Kelicius C-19 on the death of his mother...to the family of Ann Uznis C-102 who with Donna Bunikus C-102 shared a meal with us at the MAD Pilgrimage. May they all rest in the peace of the Lord!



NEW

FRP

ENGLAND

DISTRICT

C-10 Athol-Gardner

The Athol-Gardner along with Fr. Justin Steponaitis sponsored the



C-96 Juniors at November Picnic



C-96 Workers at Downtown Christmas Bazaar - Marie Preidis, Rosemarie Preidis, Sally Miller, Aldona Ryan and Frances Mikalauskas

annual altar boy Christmas party of St. Francis Parish, Athol, on December 5. After a lunch of hamburgers, hot dogs, hot chocolate and cookies, the 25 altar boys enjoyed bowling at the Lucky Lanes Alley.

This year again, Santa in the person of Lenny Davidonis, donated the attendance prize — a Hohner Marine Band Harmonica which was won by Jim Hunter. In the door prize drawing, the other winners were photographed and appeared in the the Athol Daily News. Santa

also entertained the boys with a few Christmas tunes on the harmonica. Jim Hunter promised to entertain at next year's party.

We were saddened to hear of the death of associate member, Frank Senk, husband of Margaret Davidonis Senk of New Britain. Our council offered a Mass for him and extends sympathy to the Senk and Davidonis families. May he find enternal peace in the Lord.

Our Kucios was held on Sunday, December 19, in St. Francis Parish Hall. After the appearance of the evening star in the sky, the Kucios began with a prayer of thanksgiving by Fr. Steponaitis followed by the breaking and sharing of the plotkeles. The menu of 12 courses symbolizing the 12 apostles began with fish chowder, baked fish, herring, kugelis, slizikai, various casseroles, vegetables, pastries, coffee and wine. The evening ended with the singing of traditional Lithuanian and English Christmas carols. The Wisniauskases had five guests, three of whom joined our council that evening — Mr. & Mrs. James O'Malley and David Lucas. Happy to have them aboard.

Again this year Fr. Stepie decorated the church beautifully for Christmas. In addition, the parish women made and decorated the tree with Lithuanian siaudiniukus which was a great surprise.

The Gardner News featured the Lithuanian Christmas tree at the home of the Wisniauskases on Christmas Eve as well as an article on our Christmas customs.

Vincukas

C-50 - New Haven

A delegation of ten members attended the NED Convention hosted by C-10 Athol-Gardner in September as follows: Rose Kisielius, Evelyn Lepensky, Helen Medley, Bernice Barile, Isobelle Peterson, Frank Peterson, Viola Gradeck, Marci Aimutis, Helen Balchus and George Kisielius. It was a nice get-together. We did big things, as usual, ate big, talked big and prayed big with the guiding inspiration of Father Steponaitis.

Al Gedrim did it again! A bus load of 40 K of L'ers attended the all-day activities at Maironis Park on October 14. As New Haven will host the Festival in 1983, we hope we can follow in the footsteps of C-26 Worcester and make it just as delightful in New Haven. Our turkey raffle and Christmas Boutique on November 20 were chaired by Al Gedrim and Frank & Isabelle Peterson, respectively. Dinners were served throughout the day until the closing hour of six. The following





C-10 Athol - Santa Lenny Davidonis and altar boys of St. Francis Church.

served on the committee: Mae Jackub, Ann Meskins, Helen Maculaitis, Rose Kisielius, Theresa Strimaitis, Evelyn Lepensky, Bernice Barile, Joan Augustine, Helen Case, Helen Medley, Edward Alleshunas, Vincent & Julia Glynn, Ann Gedrim, Helen Markiewicz, Nellie Parelli, Edith Kazlauskas, Alice Kirla, John & Sophie Aunce, Charles & Mary Geipel, Mary Yezukevich, Marci Aimutis, Viola Gradeck, Joseph & Nellie Mickus and Bruno Strimaitis.

Mr. & Mrs. Sylvester Gedrimas, parents of Alex Gedrim, financial secretary C-50, celebrated their 70th Wedding Anniversary on Sunday, November 21, with a Mass read by Father Karalis at St. Casimir's Church. Mr. & Mrs. Gedrimas were one of the early founders of St. Casimir's Church in 1909. Mrs. Gedrimas was the former Alena Dajautas. She is 88 years young and Mr. Gedrimas is 93 years young. They have two sons, a daughter, six grandchildren and four great grandchildren. Congratulations and God bless!

Helen Balchus

C-103 - Providence

Our November meeting was held in St. Casimir's Church Hall. Father

Cukuras said the opening and closing prayers. Vito Kapiskas spoke on the "Pillars of Gediminas," by Algiridas Budreckas. Ruth Krecioch also informed us of a write-up on Vilnius, Lithuania, in our local newspaper.

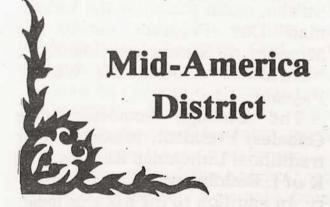
The K of L attended the Anniversary Mass for our late HM. John Stoskos on November 28.

Our Christmas party was held at Fredrick's in Warwick. Our most honored guest was Santa Claus. Only her parents knew she was Rita Savickas, who was kind, gentle and jolly. A grand time was had by all. Christmas carols in Lithuanian and English were sung.

Our accomplished interior decorator, Ruth Krecioch, designed a true work of art in decorating the church and manger for Christmas.

Several K of L'ers are hard at work on preparations for Lithuanian Independence Day.

Helen Denisewich





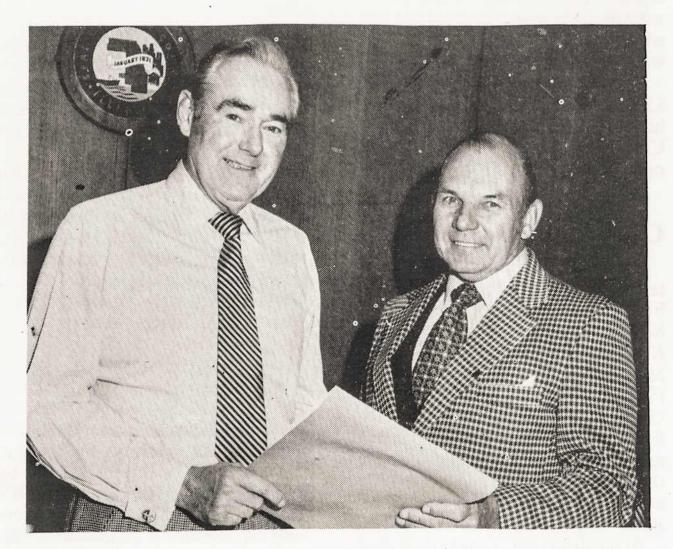
Knights of Lithuania members congratulates Frank Zapolis (C36) and the director of the K of L Dancers on receiving a Lithuanism award from the Lithuanian Chamber of Commerce. Pictured: Anthony Rudis Jr., Algerd Brazis, Irene Sankus, Vincent Samaska, Honorary Member Josephine Dauzvardis (Consul General of Lithuania), honoree Frank Zapolis, Eleanor Zapolis and Raymond Wertelka.

The Winter Meeting of the Mid-America District was held in December at the K of L Building in Chicago. In the absence of President Vincent Samaska, Board Chairman Algerd Brazis presided. Following the allocation of funds to the Lithuanian media and the regular K of L business, elections were held for the posts of K of L Building Trustees. Elected to threeterms were Paul Binkis Jr. (C-112) and Robert Gawryla (C-36). Clemente Vidzius, representing the District and the Chicago Seniors, was re-elected to serve another year. Following the business meeting, Emilija Pakalniskis treated everyone to her delicious Lithuanian napoleonas and tortas.

The K of L Choir presented a delightful program with Robert Mockus as accompanist during the Lithuanian Chronicle's 10th Anniversary Banquet at the Jesuit Center.

Our K of L Dancers, under the leadership of Frank Zapolis, and the K of L Choir, directed by Faustas Strolia, again presented the Lithuanian Day Program during the Museum of Science and Industry's "Christmas Around the World" Pageant.

The Chicago Seniors, Adele Gabalas, President, presented their traditional Lithuanian Kucious. The K of L Building was filled to capacity. In addition to the Kucious meal,



K of L Supporter George Dunne, President of the Cook County Board along with Mid-America District President Vincent Samaska. (Photo: P. Maletos)

they prepared a beautiful program which included the lighting of three candles. Walter Kalvaitis represented the American veterans; Irene Sankus, ALTAS and the people; Vincent Samaska, the Knights of Lithuania. HM Stasys Pieza was a most capable MC. Among the honored guests were Anthony Rudis Sr. and Dr. K. Eringis.

The K of L was also well represented at a recent dinner honoring Kazys Bobelis, Honorary President of the Lithuanian American Council (ALTAS) and current President of VLIKAS. The event was sponsored by the Lithuanian National League, Sandara Lodge No. 77, in which many of our men are active members. Official K of L reps were

the Rev. John Savukynas MIC, Algerd and Aldona Brazis, Irene Sankus, Sabina Klatt, John Henson, Estelle Rogers, Eleanor Kasputis, Susan Bolanos and Paul Binkis Jr. There were many other Knights in attendance also.

Due to health problems, everyone truly missed the delightful personality of Josephine Dauzvardis, Consul General of Lithuania, during the Holiday Season. We hope that she has fully recovered and is back to her normal and very busy schedule of Lithuanian Affairs.

iks

Lietuvos Vyčių Choro Pasirodymai

Lietuvos Katalikų Bažnyčios Kronikos dešimtmečio minėjime š. m. lapkričio 28 d. Lietuvos Vyčių choras, vadovaujamas muziko Fausto Strolios, atliko, meninę programą. Akompanavo Robertas Mockus.

Šis minėjimas vyko Jaunimo centre, Čikagoje, ir sutraukė apie 300 žmonių. Pagrindinę paskaitą skaitė kun. dr. Juozas Prunskis, pranešimą apie Lietuvos Kronikos Sąjuongos veiklą padarė pirm. kun. Kazimieras Kuzminskas. Buvo dar iš kronikų sudaytas montažas ir keletas sveikintojų.

Meninę minėjimo dalis pasisekė puikiai, nes L. Vyčių choras buvo gerai pasiruošęs, ir dainos buvo pritaikytos pačio minėjimo patriotinei dvasiai.

Dar prieš choro pasirodymą pats choro dirigentas muz. F. Strolia smuiku pagrojo 2 dalykus: Arioso, muzika William Boyce ir Ave Verum, muz. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart. Jam gitaromis pritarė jo sūnūs Povilas ir Tomas Stroliai. Tada L. Vyčių choras padainavo šias dainas: O didis Dieve, muzika Viltenio, žodžiai Putino, Gimtinė, muz. Viltenio, žodžiai V. Šimaičio, Vežė mane iš namų, liaudies daina ir Ko liūdi, sesele, liaudies daina.

Solistė Aldona Buntinaitė padainavo 2 dainas: Amžiai po amžių, muzika ir žodžiai Vydūno, aranžuota F. Strolios, ir O Tėvyne manoji, Čerienės.



Lietuvos Vyčių Choras

Pirmojoj eilėj sėdi Choro Valdyba, iš k.: Peter Gagle, Margarita Norvaisis, Apolinaras Bagdonas, Pirm. Sabina Klatt, Dirigentas Faustas Strolia, Stepas Rudokas, Elizabeth Zibaitė ir Juozas Juška.

Nuotrauka P. Maletos

Po to ir vėl L. Vyčių choras Padainavo dar 4 dainas: Vai ir prijojo, liaudies daina, muz. J. Strolios, dueto partiją atliko solistės Ana Maria Kaselienė ir Ald. Buntinaitė, toliau Laisvės aidai, muzika Viltenio, Narsuolių daina, muz. F. Strolios ir Lituanica, muz. Emeriko Gailevičiaus.

Vyčių choras publikos buvo labai šiltai sutiktas ir bisui padainavo Ko liūdi, sesele, ir paties choro dirigento ir choristų buvo įdėta nemaža darbo, rušoiant šią programą, todėl atsiliepimai buvo teigiami. Choro valdybos pirmininkė yra energinga Sabina Klatt.

Po programos choristai ir kiti programos atlikėjai buvo pakviesti į kavinę, kur minėjimo rengėjai paruošė kavutę ir užkandžius. Draugiškoj nuotaikoj visi dar pabendravo.

Visą minėjimą į juosteles užrašė Margučio radijo valandos vedėjas Petras Petrutis ir pažadėjo panaudoti savo kasdieninėse programose.

Kitas Lietuvos Vyčių choro pasirodymas yra numatytas š. m. gruodžio mėn. 17 d. Pramonės ir mokslo muziejuje prie lietuviškos

eglutės. Čia kaip ir kas metai Vyčių choras pasirodys su specialia kalėdinių giesmių ir dainų programa. Kartu dalyvaus ir vyčių šokėjų grupė.

Po Naujųjų Metų yra ruošiamas metinis L. Vyčių choro pokylis sausio 22 d. 7 val. vak. Lietuvos Vyčių salėje. Meninę programą atliks choras, bus šalta ir šilta vakarienė, gros Aidos orkestras.

A.P.B.

C-36 - Chicago

On November 29, Sr. Margaret Petcavage SSC addressed C-36 members as follows:

"The Knights of Lithuania are known throughout the United States for their vibrancy and activity - all being done to benefit not just our fellow Catholic Lithuanians, but to let all of the world know that we Lithuanians believe in God and cherish the right to worship Him. Also to let the world know that we Lithuanians do exist. You, who have been members for many years now and have taken an active part in the noble work of the Knights, are to be commended. You have been



Sr. Margaret Petcavage SSC, sister of Brother George, our recently deceased loyal Knight, addressed C-36 Chicago November meeting.

truly working to cherish and pass down the gift of our beautiful language, our customs and traditions. Keeping alive the Christian faith and our Lithuanian culture, as you have, is the greatest "thank you" we could give to our parents, grandparents and relatives. Many of whom, you know, had to suffer much before and even now, simply because they hold on to being Lithuanian Catholics.

"And so I extend my prayers and support to you and all the Knights everywhere for good health and a strong determination to carry on the zealous work of the Knights of Lithuania.

"Our foundress, Mother Maria Kaupas, wrote these words on the occasion of the founding of our community, the Sisters of St. Casimir, in 1907. I think they very fittingly can be applied to the work of the Knights of Lithuania. She said, 'All works done for the glory of God and for the benefit of mankind...are the works of God which He accomplishes through people as His instruments'. So let us continue to be God's instruments in supporting and working with one another for peace among ourselves, our families and our communities.

"My brother, Brother George Petcavage OFM, had been very active in the Knights in New York. His sudden death in September has been



Joe Kulys, Second Vice President; Sister M. Terese; Ausra Paladina, Secretary; Frank Zailskas; Sister M. Margaret; Ray Wertelka; Salomeja Dauliene, Lithuanian Publicity and john Paukstis, President, at the November meeting of C-36 Chicago.

a great loss to our family and to the Knights, so I am very happy to be able to replace him in the Knights of Lithuania."

Sorry for the error in the picture caption in the November VYTIS with President Paukstis presenting T-shirts to the Liths Soccer Club. Gediminas Bielskus is President of the Liths Soccer Club and Joe Kulys, a member of C-36.

Congratulations to Richard Durbin, Congressman-elect from Springfield, Il. He is the first Lithuanian to sit in the US Congress.

Stella Favin, a new member, won the Timex Digital Watch in November.

Our sincere smypathy is extended to the family of Van Koncevic and Alina Vadeisa on the death of her mother.

SABINA KLATT

C-112—Chicago

Our December meeting of the officers and chairmen was hosted by Julie and Al Zakarka. After conducting the affairs of the council, everyone enjoyed the refreshments served by our hosts.

The Christmas season celebrated in great fashion by C-112 members and friends. Many of our members attended the traditional Lithuanian Kucios hosted by the Chicago Seniors. Following our December

business meeting, a super Christmas Party was arranged by Susar Bolanos, Rita Zakarka and Donna Juraitis. Everyone participated by bringing their favorite dish or liquia refreshments. We were most pleased to have the pastor of Nativity BVM, the Rev. Anthony Zakarauskas, participate as well as our own spiritual advisor, Canon Vlacovas Zakarauskas, and Rev. Tony Markus. The beatiful singing of Christmas carols as well as Lithuanian folk songs was enhanced by soloists Algerd Brazis, Mary Banky, Mary Juzenas, Estelle Rogers and others, with accompaniment by accordionist Darius Polikaitis. Much, much talent within our council ranks!

Many council members attended the Christmas Eve Masses at Nativity BVM Church — the 10 p.m. Mass with the children singing and the many special arrangements made by Father Tony Markus — the Midnight Mass which featured the celebrated Nativity Parish Choir with several soloists. Both Masses were concelebrated.

Among the many holiday parties were the party hosted by Gerry Mack for the "Memories of Lithuania" Banquet Committee, the Christmas Eve Party hosted by Susan Bolanos and Paul Binkis Jr., and the After-Christmas Party hosted by Algerd and Aldona

Brazis. At the Brazis party, we were again treated to the lovely voices of Algerd, Adele Druktenis of California, Fred Schmitt, Ann Marie Kassel and others. This time, the accompanist was none other than choir director, Faustas Strolia.

Our condolences to Bea Laurian and her family on the untimely death of her husband and council member Larry Laurian.

iks



C-12 - Manhattan

It has been a long and uphill struggle to keep our lovely lady of Vilnius Parish. Now that our future is assured, we work with rejuvenated energy. The members try harder to make Mass even though for many of them it is a long subway ride. As we all know, there are no short distances in the "Big Apple".

Thanks to our great cooks and nimble waitresses, our parish dinner was successful. Perhaps due to our youthful pastor's charisma, the dinner attracted a few youthful faces.

Our celebration of the titular feast of our Lady of Vilnius was on November 14. Rev. Joachim Beaumont, new Episcopal Vicar for South Manhattan, attended. Rev. Casimir Pugevicius of Catholic Religious Aid preached the sermon. Fr. Jonas Pakalnickis, pastor of Annunication Parish, was the celebrant of the Solemn Vespers sung in Latin by the Choir of Annunication led by Viktoras Ralys. The dinner afterwards was catered so our great cooks could enjoy themselves for a change.

Our annual event for November this year was called the Grybu Balius. For the first time it was held on a Sunday afternoon and attracted a larger crowd. We were



Council 112 member, Illinois State Senator Frank Savickus, congratulates a good K of L friend on his re-election as the President of the Cook County Board.

honored by the presence of our Supreme Council President Loretta Stukas and National Lithuanian Affairs Chairman Dr. Jack Stukas. With them came our talented organist, Louis Stukas, who did a mean step polka with his sister-inlaw Loretta. Joe Thomas was the music-maker. The food featured mushrooms. Each guest was presented a hand-crocheted corsage featuring a mushroom, a labor of love by our talented ladies. The walls of the hall were covered with mushrooms. Thanks to the talents of our artist in residence, Helen Matthews. Each table sprouted a beautiful crocheted centerpiece of mushrooms. I can tell you that Grybu Balius was as much inspiration as perspiration.

On the district level, in October we had a nice turnout for the convention in Amsterdam. Council 100. gave all a wonderful reception. Adele Dauzickas of Council 110 in Maspeth and yours truly reported on the Cleveland convention since we represented MAD.

A week later, MAD President Larry Janonis and Dalia Bulvicius represented Council 12 at the "Get to Know Your Organization" seminar held in Pittston. Here we had a most profitable and happy time. It seems that no matter how long we belong to the K of L there is always something new to learn. Thanks to President Anne Challan and her "kuopa" for a wonderful hosting.

DALIA



President Helen Yurkus and John Antanavičius discuss "Grybų Balius".



Anna Lukscha, Alice Zupko and Bernice Romeika served on the clean-up crew for "Grybu Balius".

C-29—Newark

On December 12 our council tried something new and held its first Chinese Auction. It was a great success! Chairlady Eva Sharon and her committee collected prizes for many weeks and arranged them for the auction. Thanks to all the members who donated prizes, baked cakes and sold tickets. This kind of teamwork can only result in a successful affair. Congratulations, Eva and all your helpers!

Our Annual Christmas party was held on December 19. In spite of threatening weather, the turnout was great. Thanks to Chairlady Frances Mockus and her committee for a job well done. Also thanks to all the members who contributed cookies, snacks and delicious bowls of cheer. The Christmas carolers were in great voice, and a good time was had by all.

Two annual affairs are now in the planning stages—a Barn Dance and a Communion Breakfast and Mass.

Eva Coll

C-110 — Maspeth

Lietuvos Vyčių 110 čia pradėjo naują veiklos metą lapkričio 3. Naujai išrinkta kuopos valdyba akyvaizdoje pasižadėjo nariu ištikimai vykdyti savo pareigas. Dv. vadovas Kun. Stasys Raila priėmė pažadus, pasveikino ir palinkėjo sėkmingo žygio vytiškumui. Penktu kartu perrinktas pirmininku Jonas Adomėnas padėkojo už pasitikėjimą kviesdama ir ateityje visus uoliai veikti kaip lig šiol. Tik visu sutartina veikla įgalina sėkmingai vykdyti užsibrėžtus tikslus. Pirm. Jonas Adomėnas su visų pagalba išugdė 110 kuopą į skaitlingiausi vieneta, nes ta diena paskelbė, kad kuopa turi 300 narių.

Naujoji Valdyba savo pirmame pasitarime plačiai svarstė ir aptarė sekančiųjų metų veiklą. Visų pageidavimu kiekviename susirinkime privalėtų būti kultūrinė, ypač su lietuvišku



Edward Tomasaitis, President C-74 Scranton, presented gifts at the Lithuanian Christmas Tree to Nancy Laske and Rebecca Georgia with Chairman Ann Galenas (left), Decorations Chairman Helen Roginski and Ann Lisowski (standing). Other members (not shown) serving on Kucios Committee were Betty Tomasaitis, Ann Bagdon, Margaret Laibinis, Richard Laske, Bill Grady and Frank Katilus.



The Rev. Michael Ozalas (center) Spiritual Advisor C-74, spoke on the meaning of Kucios and led the members in the traditional sharing of the "plotkele" at the celebration on December 5 at St. Joseph Church Hall, Scranton. Pictured with Fr. Ozalas at the speaker's table from left to right are Chairman Ann Galenas, Vice President Casimir Yanish, Sister Rosetta, Sister Bernadette, Sister Ann Therese, Fr. Michael, Sister Mary Rose, Sister Helen Agnes, Co-Chairman Marie Laske and President Edward Tomasaitis.

sujungta programos dalis: kalba, skaitymas, pokalbis, rodomos skaidrės, talentų programa ir kita. Ypatingu rūpesčiu bus jaunių vyčių grupės sustiprinimas surandant pasiaukojantį vadovą, vadovų ar abu. Choralinis ir tautinių šokių grupės suorganizavimas bus kuopos veiklos artimu siekiu.

Kun. Juozas Dambrauskas, MIC, Milwaukee, VI įspūdingai ir giliai kalbėjo vyčių susirinkime lapkričio 3 d. Jis taikliai sujungė Atsimainymo parapijos prasmę su vytiška veikla. Jūs esate naujos atsimainymo ir atnaujinimo dvasios vyčiai. Todėl veikite motyvuotai, žinodami kodėl esate vyčiai. Jis pakartotinai pažymėjo būdami geri katalikai, būsite geri lietuviai, geri amerikiečiai, geri asmens. Vyčių veikla jums yra gera proga įvertinti ir branginti lietuviškumo p)aveldėjimą, tėvų ir protėvių suteiktą etninį požymį. Jis taikliai ir prasmingai pavaizdavo vyčių uždavinius. Visi domėjosi jo įkvėptu žodžiu, gėrėjosi ir ryžosi būti gerais katalikais ir lietuviais. Būtų labai naudinga turėti šią reikšmingą kalbą ištisai atspausdinta/,,Vytyje".

Toliau svečias kalbėtojas tiksliai nusakė Arkv. Jurgio Matulaičio palaimintuoju paskelbimo eigą,

Kita kalbėtojo mintis buvo akivaizdus nusakymas žiauraus tikinčiųjų persekiojimo Lietuvoje. Jis perspėjo, kad kai kurie lankytojai, grįžę iš Lietuvos, skleidžia klaidingas žinias, sakydami, kad Lietuvoje esanti religinė laisvė, nes esančios pilnos bažnyčios tikinčiųjų. Jie tačiau nutyli kaip žiauriai persekiojami net vaikai, jaunimas dėl religijos, nes komunistai labiausiai nori pavergti būsiančią kartą: melo, kančios ir prievartos jėgai.

Vytiškos veiklos prasmingumą ir plotį labiau atskleidžia jų pramatyti renginiai. Kas met ruošiamos tradicinės Kūčios, kalėdinis visų narių pobūvis,

Nepriklausomybės Lietuvos sukakties minėjimas pamaldomis ir programa, Šv, Kazimiero metinės minėjimas, šventės bendra komunija ir programa. Tremtinių išvežimų - birželio skausmo dienų atžymėjimas pamaldomis, budėjimu, gedulo procesija, šventkelionės į Washingtonį, Oriesville šventove ar kitur kur minima lietuvių siekiai. Pavergtų tautų minėjime ir kitose demonstracijose už Lietuvos laisvę. Mūsų vyčiai visuomet gausiai dalyvauja LV apskrities suvažiavimuose ir metiniuose Seimuose. Savo mirusiuosius atsimena metinėmis pamaldomis. Paminima Tautos Šventė, minės Atsimainymo parapijos deimantinį jubiliejų 1933 m. ir bendradarbiauja su kitomis lietuviškomis organizacijomis.

Atžymėtina vyčių valdybos narių veikla dar ir todėl. kad jie netik vadovauja, bet patys įvykdo daug darbo vytiškoje veiklos dirvoje.

LV 110 kuopa pradėjo veikti 1924 m. Po pertraukos vėl pradėjo gyviau veikti 1973 m. kai jaunensnė grupė narių buvo pakviesta organizuotai veikti dabartinio prel. Prano Bulovo Maspeth 110 kuopoje., Pirmieji aktyvistai buvo Skabeikis šeima, Sidtis šeimos nariai su Marian jauna veikėja. Nelė Skabeikis, Phil Skabeikis ir Marian Skabeikis buvo vadovybėje ligi 1979 m. kai Jonas Adomėnas buvo išrinktas pirmininku. Dabartinės vyčių kuopos veikla gali pasidžiaugti lietuviško kryžiaus pastatymu prie Atsimainymo bažnyčios 1981 m. Šį projektą labai rėmė dabartinis prelatas Pranas Bulovas, o gerasis Arthur Nelson ir Adelė Nelson daugiausiai prisidėjo kryžiui pastatyti, nes Nelson jį suplanavo ir padirbo. Pažymėtina,



The Rev. Peter Alishauskas, Spiritual Advisor C-143, blessed the "plotkeles" for the first Kucios in Luzerne County attended by approximately 200 on December 12 in St. Casimir's Church Hall, Pittston. President Anne Challan and Secretary Annamarie Sewatsky assisted.

LITHMANIAN INFORMATION G CENTER 5620 S GLAREMONT AVE CHICAGO, IL 60636

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kad kryžius pastatytas "Atminčiai lietuvių, kurie aukojosi ir žuvo už savo tikėjimo ir Tėvynės laisvę".

Gal didžiausias vyčių rūpestis dabar yra įpratinti vyčius nuolat dalyvauti lietuviškose pamaldose, ypač Šv. Mišiose, kurios yra lietuviškai aukojamos kiekvieną sekmadienį Atsimainymo parapijos bažnyčioje, o vyčiai ryžtasi jose dalyvauti, ypač kas 3-ią sekmadienį kiekvieną mėnesį. Lietuviškų parapijų metai ypatingu būdu įpareigoja vyčius tai daryti, nes vyčiai yra pasirašę lietuviškų parapijų metų paskelbimo aktą su kitomis organizacijomis.

C-144—Anthracite Council

Our holiday season was saddened by the death of our loyal member, William Cebulskie. Bill died suddenly while serving on jury duty, and his death was a shock to everyone. He served as co-chairman of last year's Lithuanian Day and had accepted chairmanship of the 1983 celebration. His wake service was attended by over a hundred members. Amžinai atsilsi, Vinciuk!

Early in December John & Annie Morgalis, Tessie Balulis, Anne Sikora and Ann Wargo decorated the Lithuanian Christmas Tree at the State Museum in Harrisburg. The beautiful natural straw decorations were created by Annie Morgalis and were admired by everyone.

At the official opening of the Christmas display at the Museum on December 12, Eugene Kaledas and

Julia Norcross entertained with Lithuanian folk tales. They were well received by the audience.

Our Minersville Junior Knights dressed in their costumes served punch and cookies at the reception. Madonna Balulis and Susan Balcavage did a beautiful job. Young Matthew Wertz in Lithuanian costume stood with Governor Thornburgh when he officially opened the display.

Following the program, many of our members joined Harrisburg Council 146 in their Kučious celebration.

Flo Kobluskie and her wonderful committee catered our Kučios on December 19 at St. Francis Church Hall in Minersville. The Rev. Joseph Shelonis read the Christmas Gospel in Lithuanian. Prayers of Thanksgiving were offered by the Rev. John Luksys and Spiritual Adviser Fr. Al Bartkus.

Special guests were the Rev. Gerald Gobitas, Rev. Robert Potts, Rev. Matthew Jarasumas, Rev. F. Baransky and Rev. Dan Yanushefsky. Eugene Kaledas and Julia Norcross told Lithuanian Christmas stories. Lithuanian carols were sung. Simta ačiu to the great Minersville ladies for a grand affair. Unfortunately, the program had to be cut short due to a snow storm and the fear of traveling.

ONA

C-146—Harrisburg

On December 12 our council held its annual Kučios. It was well attended as the first event in Joanna Gilbert's term of office as our president.

Our Kučios was extra special

because it was on the day of the opening of the ethnic Christmas tree display at the State Capitol. Eugene Kaledas and Julia Norcross who told Lithuanian stories at the museum joined us. In addition Annie Morgalis, Bernice Mikatavage and other C-144 members in Harrisburg for the event also came to our Kučios.

There was plenty of good food which our members prepared. We went home blessed and looking forward to Christmas and New Year.

Lorraine Grabauskas, a former K of L scholarship recipient is continuing her studies in Law Enforcement at Eastern Kentucky University.

Helen G

"KIAULIŲ MARU"

TRUKDĖ KELIONĘ

Į ŠILUVĄ

Iš Lietuvos K. Bažnyčios Kronikos Nr. 49

Maldininkų kelionės į Šiluvą tapo tradicija. 1981 metais rengėsi visa Lietuva į tą kelionę. Paprašė leidimo, ir to leidimo negavo. Bedieviška valdžia visokiais būdais trukdė, paskelbė kiaulių maro epidemiją ir įvedė karantinus, kad niekas negalėtų įvažiuoti. Milicija saugojo visus kelius, tikrino kiekvieną einanti. I pagalbą pasišaukė ir kariuomenę. Ir kodėl taip bijosi tų maldininkų kelionių, nes ir Lenkijoje vissa sukilimas prasidėjo nuo rožančiaus.

Surinko Stefanija R.